

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAYS DIVISION HONOLULU, HAWAII

SPECIAL PROVISIONS PROPOSAL CONTRACT AND BOND

FOR

WAIMEA CANYON DRIVE/KOKEE ROAD IMPROVEMENTS, PHASE 2A MILE POST 11.5 TO 14.0

FEDERAL-AID PROJECT NO. STP-0550(005)

DISTRICT OF WAIMEA

ISLAND OF KAUAI

FY 2022

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NOTICE TO BIDDERS

(Chapter 103D, HRS) Disadvantaged Business Enterprise

The receiving of SEALED BIDS for <u>Waimea Canyon Drive/Kokee Road</u> <u>Improvement Phase 2A (Mile Post 11.5 to 14.0) Federal-Aid Project No. STP-0550(005)</u>, will begin as advertised on <u>October 21, 2022</u> in HIePRO. Bidders are to register and submit bids through HIePro only. See the following HIePRO link for important information on registering: https://hiepro.ehawaii.gov/welcome.html.

Deadline to submit bids is Bid Opening Day, <u>Thursday</u>, <u>November 17, 2022</u>, <u>at 2:00 P.M.</u>, Hawaii Standard Time (HST). Bids received after said due date and time shall not be considered.

The following documents are made part of the Contract Documents and are included in HIePRO; Right-of-entry (ROE) document, community noise variance, and NPDES.

Improvements to Waimea Canyon Drive and Kokee Road will occur between mile post (MP) 11.5 to MP 14.0. Planned improvement includes reconstructing and rehabilitating portions of the paved travel lanes; grading and paving roadway shoulders; paving under guardrail; installing, replacing, and adjusting guardrails; maintaining and cleaning culverts; constructing staging areas; and installing signage and pavement markings. The estimated cost of construction is between \$1,000,000 and \$5,000,000.

To be eligible for award, bidders must possess a valid State of Hawaii <u>General</u>

<u>Engineering "A" license prior to the award of contract.</u>

A pre-bid conference is scheduled for October 27, 2022, at 10:00 A.M. HST on Microsoft Teams. All prospective bidders or their representatives (employees) are

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encouraged to attend, but attendance is not mandatory. Due to the impacts of COVID 19, the pre-bid meeting will be conducted virtually. Please call Microsoft Teams to join the Pre-bid meeting at (808) 829-4853, Phone Conference ID: 612 712 379#.

Contact Eric Fujikawa, Project Manager, by phone, at (808) 241-3015, by facsimile at (808) 241-3011 or email at eric.i.fujikawa@hawaii.gov to obtain the venue for the prebid meeting.

ALL requests for information (RFI) shall be received in writing via HIePRO no less than 14 calendar days before bid opening. Questions received after the deadline will not be addressed. Verbal requests for information will not receive a response. Anything said at the conference is for clarification purposes and any changes to the bid documents will be made by addendum and posted in HIePRO.

Any protest of this solicitation shall be submitted in writing to the Director of Transportation, in accordance with §103D-701, HRS and §3-126, HAR.

Campaign contributions by State and County Contractors. Contractors are hereby notified of the applicability of Section 11-355, HRS, which states that campaign contributions are prohibited from specified State or county government contractors during the term of the contract if the contractors are paid with funds appropriated by the legislative body. For more information, contact the Campaign Spending Commission at (808) 586-0285.

The U.S. Department of Transportation Regulation entitled "Nondiscrimination in Federally-Assisted Programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation," Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 21 is applicable to this project. Bidders are hereby notified that the Department of Transportation will affirmatively ensure that the

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contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder without discrimination on the grounds of race, color, national origin or sex (as directed by 23 CFR Part 200).

The Equal Employment Opportunity Regulations of the Secretary of Labor implementingExecutive Order 11246, as amended shall be complied with on this project.

The U.S. Department of Transportation Regulations entitled "Participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprise in Department of Transportation Programs", Title 49, Codeof Federal Regulations, Part 26 is applicable to this project. Bidders are hereby notified that the Department of Transportation will strictly enforce full compliance with all of the requirements of the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program with respect to this project.

Bidders are directed to read and be familiar with the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements, which establishes the program requirements pursuant to Title 49 Code of Federal Regulations Part 26 and, particularly, the requirements of certification, method of award, and evidence of good faith. All Bidders must e-mail the Engineer at eric.i.fujikawa@hawaii.gov, the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Contract Goal Verification and Good Faith Efforts (GFE) Documentation for Construction, Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmationand Commitment Agreement – Trucking Company and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement –Subcontractor, Manufacturer, or Supplier by November 22, 2022, at 4:30 p.m. HST. Failure to provide these documents shall be cause for bid/proposal rejection.

Driving While Impaired (DWI) Education. HDOT encourages all

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organizations contracted with the DOT to have an employee education program

preventing DWI. DWI is defined as operating a motor vehicle while impaired by alcohol

or other legal or illegal substances. HDOT promotes this type of program to accomplish

our mission to provide a safe environment for motorists, bicyclists and pedestrians

utilizing our State highways, and expectsits contractors to do so as well.

For additional information, contact Eric Fujikawa, Project Manager, by phone

at (808) 241-3015, by fax at (808)241-3011 or email at eric.i.fujikawa@hawaii.gov.

The State reserves the right to reject any or all proposals and to waive any defects

in said proposals for the best interest of the public.

JADE T. BUTAY Director of Transportation

Posted:

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONTRACTOR'S LICENSING

"A" general engineering contractors and "B" general building contractors are reminded that due to the Hawaii Supreme Court's January 28, 2002 decision in Okada Trucking Co., Ltd. v. Board of Water Supply, et al., 97 Haw. 450 (2002), they are prohibited from undertaking any work, solely or as part of a larger project, which would require the general contractor to act as a specialty contractor in any area where the general contractor has no license. Although the "A" and "B" contractor may still bid on and act as the "prime" contractor on an "A" or "B" project (See, HRS § 444-7 for the definitions of an "A" and "B" project.), respectively, the "A" and "B" contractor may only perform work in the areas in which they have the appropriate contractor's license (An "A" or "B" contractor obtains "C" specialty contractor's licenses either on its own, or automatically under HAR § 16-77-32.). The remaining work must be performed by appropriately licensed entities. It is the sole responsibility of the contractor to review the requirements of this project and determine the appropriate licenses that are required to complete the project.

NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

- 1. The Bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity" and the "Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities" set forth in the "Required Federal Aid Construction Contract Provisions."
- 2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate workforce in each trade on all construction work on this project are as follows:

CATEGORY	TIMETABLE	GOAL.
Female participation in each trade	Indefinite	6.9%
Minority participation in each	None	69.1% (Oahu)
Trade (female included)	None	70.4% (Hawaii, Maui, Kauai)

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's aggregate on-site construction workforce whether or not part of that workforce is performing work on a Federal or Federally assisted construction contract or subcontract.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, and its efforts to meet the goals established for the contract resulting from this solicitation. The hours of female and minority employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in trade, and the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract and Executive Order. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Area Director, Hawaii Area Office, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, U.S. Department of Labor, 300 Ala Moana Blvd., P.O. Box 50149, Honolulu, Hawaii 96850, within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address, and telephone number of the subcontractor; employer identification number; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; and estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract. The Contractor shall indicate which are minority group subcontractors and the ethnic identity and sex of the owner(s) and policy-making official(s).

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE REQUIREMENTS

I. GENERAL

This project is subject to Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 26, entitled "Participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprise in Department of Transportation Financial Assistance Programs," hereinafter referred to as the ("DBE Regulations") and is incorporated and made a part of this contract herein by this reference. The following shall be incorporated as part of the contract documents for compliance. If any requirements herein are in conflict with the general provisions or special provisions applicable to this project, the requirements herein shall prevail unless specifically superseded or amended in the special provisions or by addendum.

II. POLICY

It is the policy of the U.S. Department of Transportation ("USDOT") and the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation and its political subdivisions ("Department") that Disadvantaged Business Enterprises ("DBE"), as defined in the DBE Regulations, have an equal opportunity to receive and participate in federally assisted contracts.

III. <u>DBE ASSURANCES</u>

Each contract signed with a prime contractor (and each subcontract the prime contractor signs with a subcontractor) shall include the following assurance:

"The contractor, sub-recipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of USDOT assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate which may include, but is not limited to; 1) withholding monthly progress payments; 2) assessing sanctions; 3) liquidated damages; and/or 4) disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible."

The prime contractor agrees to include the above statements in any subsequent contracts that it enters into with other contractors and shall require those contractors to include similar statements in further agreements.

IV. BIDDER/OFFEROR RESPONSIBILITIES

All bidders/offerors are required to register with the Department's OCR, DBE Section, using the Bidder Registration Form, which can be downloaded from the Department's website at http://hidot.hawaii.gov/administration/ocr/dbe/dbe-program-forms/. Certified DBEs are considered registered with the Department and are not required to submit a

Bidder Registration Form. All other bidders/offerors are required to complete this form which may be faxed to (808) 831-7944, e-mailed to HDOT-DBE@hawaii.gov, or mailed to the HDOT DBE Section at 200 Rodgers Boulevard, Honolulu, Hawaii, 96819. Registered bidders/offerors are posted on the website listed above.

Bidders/offerors, subcontractors, manufacturers, vendors or suppliers, and trucking companies shall fully inform themselves with respect to the requirements of the DBE Regulations. Particular attention is directed to the following matters:

- A. Bidders/offerors shall take all necessary steps to ensure that DBEs have an opportunity to participate in this contract.
- B. DBEs may participate as a consultant, prime contractor, subcontractor, trucking company, or vendor of materials or supplies. DBEs may also team with other DBEs or non-DBE firms as part of a joint venture or partnership.
- C. Agreements between a bidder/offeror and a DBE in which an DBE promises not to provide subcontracting quotations to other bidders/offerors are strictly prohibited.
- D. A DBE shall be certified by the Department under the appropriate North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code and work in their registered field of work in order for credit to be allowed.
- E. Information regarding the current certification status of DBEs is available on the internet at https://hdot.dbesystem.com/.
- F. <u>Commercially Useful Function ("CUF")</u>. An DBE must perform a CUF. This means that an DBE must be responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work, must carry out its responsibility by actually performing, managing, and supervising at least 30% of the work involved by using its own employees and equipment, must negotiate price, determine quality and quantity, order and install material (when applicable), and must pay for the material itself.¹

To determine whether an DBE is performing a CUF, the Department must evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing, the DBE credit claimed for performance of the work, and other relevant factors. The prime contractor is responsible to ensure that the DBE performs a CUF.

V. PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS

A. DBEs must be certified by the bid opening date.

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¹ The use of joint checks payable to an DBE subcontractor and supplier may be allowed to purchase materials and supplies under limited circumstances. See VII USE OF JOINT CHECKS UNDER THE DBE PROGRAM

- B. DBE subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers, trucking companies, and any second tier subcontractors shall be listed on the respective DBE forms as specified below in order to receive credit.
- C. The following forms are due to the Department's Project Manager or designee by the close of business, 4:30 P.M. Hawaii Standard Time (HST), five (5) days after bid opening:²
 - 1. <u>DBE Confirmation and Commitment Agreement</u>. This form must be signed by the bidder/offeror and each DBE subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier, or trucking company. Information to be provided on the form shall include, among other things, the project number, the DBE's NAICS codes, description of work, bid items with corresponding price information, prime contractor name and contact information DBE name and contact information and subcontractor name and contact information if the DBE is a second tier subcontractor.
 - DBE Contract Goal Verification and Good Faith Efforts (GFE) Documentation for Construction. List the dollar amount of all subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers, and trucking companies (both DBE and non-DBE firms). Bidder/offeror must also list the DBE project goal on this form (See paragraph D below regarding goal calculation). The bidder/offeror must submit documentation demonstrating how the DBE goal was met or how the bidder/offeror attempted to meet the goal if the goal was not met. This documentation shall include quotations for both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors when a non-DBE is selected over a DBE for the project. Documentation of good faith efforts is required irrespective of whether the bidder/offeror met the DBE project goal.

The above forms must be complete and provide the necessary information to properly evaluate bids/proposals. Failure to provide any of the above shall be cause for bid/proposal rejection.

- D. Calculation of the DBE contract goal for this project is the proportionate contract dollar value of work performed, materials, and goods to be supplied by DBEs. DBE credit shall not be given for mobilization, force account items and allowance items. This DBE contract goal is applicable to all the contract work performed for this project and is calculated as follows:
 - 1. DBE contract goal percentage = Contract Dollar Value of the work to be performed by DBE subcontractors and manufacturers, plus 60% of the contract dollar value of DBE suppliers, divided by the sum of all contract items (sum of all contract items is the total amount for comparison of bids less mobilization, force account items, and allowance items).

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² In computing calendar days, the day from which the period begins to run is not counted, and when the last day of the period is a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal or State holiday, the period extends to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday.

2. The Department shall adjust the bidder's/offeror's DBE contract goal to the amount of the project goal if it finds that the bidder/offeror met the goal but erroneously calculated a lower percentage. If the amount the bidder/offeror submits as its contract goal exceeds the project goal, the bidder/offeror shall be held to the higher goal.

VI. COUNTING DBE PARTICIPATION TOWARDS CONTRACT GOAL

- A. Count the entire amount of the portion of a contract (or other contract not covered by paragraph B below) that is performed by the DBE's own forces. Include the cost of supplies and materials obtained by the DBE for the work on the contract, including supplies purchased or equipment leased by the DBE (except supplies and equipment the DBE subcontractor purchases or leases from the prime contractor or its affiliate).
- B. Count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged by an DBE firm for providing a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of a USDOT-assisted contract, toward DBE goals, provided the Department determines the fee to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.
- C. When an DBE subcontracts part of the work of its contract to another firm, the value of the subcontracted work may be counted toward DBE goals only if the DBE's subcontractor is itself an DBE. Work that an DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE firm does not count toward DBE goals.
- D. When an DBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, count a portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the contract that the DBE performs with its own forces toward DBE goals.
- E. Count expenditures to an DBE contractor toward DBE goals only if the DBE is performing a CUF on that contract.
- F. The following is a list of appropriate DBE credit to be allowed for work to be performed by an DBE subcontractor. Count expenditures with DBEs for materials or supplies toward DBE goals as provided in the following:
 - 1. If the materials or supplies are obtained from an DBE manufacturer, count 100 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward DBE goals;
 - 2. For purposes of determining DBE goal credit, a manufacturer is a firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces (on the premises) the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications;

- 3. If the materials or supplies are purchased from an DBE regular dealer, count 60 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward DBE goals;
- 4. For purposes of determining DBE goal credit, a regular dealer is a firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment of the general character described by the specifications and required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business;
- 5. To be a regular dealer, the firm must be an established, regular business that engages, as its principal business and under its own name, in the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question;
- 6. A person may be a regular dealer in such bulk items as petroleum products, steel, cement, gravel, stone, or asphalt without owning, operating, or maintaining a place of business as provided in the DBE Regulations, if the person both owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Any supplementing of a regular dealers' own distribution equipment shall be by a long-term lease agreement and not on an ad hoc or contract-by-contract basis;
- 7. Packagers, brokers, manufacturers' representatives, or other persons who arrange or expedite transactions are not regular dealers;
- 8. With respect to materials or supplies purchased from an DBE, which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site, toward DBE goals, provided that the Department determines the fees to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services. Do not count any portion of the cost of the materials and supplies themselves toward DBE goals; however,
- 9. If a firm is not currently certified as an DBE in accordance with standards of this part at the time of the execution of the contract, do not count the firm's participation toward any DBE goals, except as provided for in §26.87(i);
- 10. Do not count the dollar value of work performed under a contract with a firm after it has ceased to be certified toward the Department's overall goal; and
- 11. Do not count the participation of an DBE subcontractor toward a contractor's final compliance with its DBE obligations on a contract until the amount being counted has actually been paid to the DBE.
- G. The following factors are used in counting DBE participation for trucking companies:
 - 1. The DBE must be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular

- contract, and there cannot be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting DBE goals;
- 2. The DBE must itself own and operate at least one (1) fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract;
- 3. The DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs;
- 4. The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owneroperator who is certified as an DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract;
- 5. The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE that leases trucks equipped with drivers from a non-DBE is entitled to credit for the total value of transportation services provided by non-DBE leased trucks equipped with drivers not to exceed the value of transportation services on the contract provided by DBEowned trucks or leased trucks with DBE employee drivers. Additional participation by non-DBE owned trucks equipped with drivers receives credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the lease arrangement. If a recipient chooses this approach, it must obtain written consent from the appropriate Department operating administration. EXAMPLE: DBE firm X uses two (2) of its own trucks on a contract, leases two (2) trucks from DBE Firm Y and six (6) trucks from non-DBE Firm Z. DBE credit would be awarded for the total value of transportation services provided by Firm X and Firm Y, and may also be awarded for the total value of transportation services provided by four (4) of the six (6) trucks provided by Firm Z. In all, full credit would be allowed for the participation of eight (8) trucks. With respect to the other two (2) trucks provided by Firm Z, DBE credit could be awarded only for the fees or commissions pertaining to those trucks Firm X receives as a result of the lease with Firm Z;
- 6. The DBE may lease trucks without drivers from a non-DBE truck leasing company. If the DBE leases trucks from a non-DBE truck leasing company and uses its own employees as drivers, it is entitled to credit for the total value of these hauling services.
 EXAMPLE: DBE Firm X uses two (2) of its own trucks on a contract. It leases two (2) additional trucks from non-DBE Firm Z. Firm X uses its own employees to drive the trucks leased from Firm Z. DBE credit would be awarded for the total value of the transportation services provided by all four (4) trucks; and
- 7. For purposes of determining whether a trucking firm performs a CUF, a lease must indicate that the DBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the DBE, so long as the lease gives the DBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck. Leased trucks must display the name and identification number of the DBE.

- H. The bidder/offeror may be a joint venture or partnership that has a certified DBE as a partner. A "Joint Venture" means an association between an DBE firm and one (1) or more other firms to carry out a single, for-profit, business enterprise for which the parties combine their property, capital, efforts, skills and knowledge, and in which the DBE is responsible for a distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the contract, and whose share in the capital contribution, control, management, risks and profits are commensurate with its ownership interest.
- I. <u>Effects of a Summary Suspension of an DBE</u>. When an DBE's certification is suspended, the DBE may not be considered to meet a contract goal on a new contract and any work it does on a contract received during the suspension shall not be counted towards the overall goal. The DBE may continue to perform work under an existing contract executed before the DBE received a Notice of Suspension and may be counted towards the contract goal during the period of suspension as long as the DBE is performing a CUF under the existing contract.
- J. <u>Effects of Decertification of an DBE</u>. Should an DBE become decertified during the term of the subcontract for reasons beyond the control of and with no fault or negligence on the part of the contractor, the work remaining under the subcontract may be credited towards the contract goal, but are not included in the overall accomplishments.

Should the DBE be decertified after contract award and before notice to proceed, the contractor must still meet the DBE goal by either: a) withdrawing the subcontract from the DBE and expending good faith efforts to replace it with an DBE that is currently certified for that same work; or b) continuing with the subcontract with the decertified firm and expending good faith efforts to find other work not already subcontracted out to DBEs in an amount to meet the DBE goal either by; 1) increasing the participation of other DBEs on the project; 2) documenting good faith efforts; or 3) by a combination of the above.

VII. USE OF JOINT CHECKS UNDER THE DBE PROGRAM

- A. The following guidelines apply to the use of joint checks:
 - 1. The second party (typically the prime contractor) acts solely as a guarantor;
 - 2. The DBE must release the check to the supplier;
 - 3. The use of joint checks is a commonly recognized business practice;
 - 4. The Department must approve the use of joint checks prior to use by contractors and/or DBEs. As part of this approval process the Department will analyze industry practice to confirm that the use of joint checks is commonly employed outside of the DBE program for non-DBE subcontractors on both federal and state funded contracts. Using joint checks shall not be approved if it conflicts with other aspects of the DBE Regulations regarding CUF; and
 - 5. The Department will monitor the use of joint checks closely to avoid abuse.

- B. Contractors and DBEs should review the following general guidelines when determining whether to use joint checks closely to avoid abuse:
 - 1. That standard industry practice applies to all contractors (federal and state contracts);
 - 2. Use of joint checks must be available to all subcontractors;
 - 3. Material industry sets the standard industry practice, not prime contractors;
 - 4. Short term, not to exceed reasonable time (i.e., one (1) year, two (2) years) to establish/increase a credit line with the material supplier;
 - 5. No exclusive arrangement between one (1) prime and one (1) DBE in the use of joint checks that might bring the independence of the DBE into question;
 - 6. Non-proportionate ratio of DBE's normal capacity to size of contract and quantity of material to be provided under the contract;
 - 7. The DBE is normally responsible to install and furnish the work item; and
 - 8. The DBE must be more than an extra participant in releasing the check to the material supplier.
- C. The Department shall allow the use of joint checks if the following general conditions are met:
 - 1. DBE submits request to the Department for action;
 - 2. There is a formalized agreement between all parties that specify the conditions under which the arrangement shall be permitted;
 - 3. There is a full and prompt disclosure of the expected use of joint checks;
 - 4. The Department will provide prior approval;
 - 5. DBE remains responsible for all other elements of 49 CFR 26.55(c)(1);
 - 6. The agreement states clearly and determines that independence is not threatened because the DBE retains final decision making responsibility;
 - 7. The Department will determine that the request is not an attempt to artificially inflate DBE participation;
 - 8. Standard industry practice is only one (1) factor;
 - 9. The Department will monitor and maintain oversight of the arrangement by reviewing cancelled checks and/or certification statement of payment; and
 - 10. The Department will verify there is no requirement by prime contractor that the DBE is to use a specific supplier nor the prime contractor's negotiated unit price.

VIII. <u>DEMONSTRATION OF GOOD FAITH EFFORTS FOR CONTRACT AWARD</u>

A. When a project goal is not met, the Department shall conduct the initial review of GFE submitted by the bidder/offeror and shall determine whether the bidder/offeror has performed the quality, quantity, and intensity of efforts that demonstrate a reasonably active and aggressive attempt to meet the contract goal in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A.

- B. The bidder/offeror bears the responsibility of demonstrating that it met the contract goal, or if the contract goal was not met, by documenting the GFE it made in an attempt to meet the goal. It is the sole responsibility of the bidder/offeror to submit any and all documents, logs, correspondence, and any other records or information to the Department that will demonstrate that the bidder/offeror made good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal.
- C. In its good faith evaluation, the Department shall perform the following as part of its evaluation: a) compare the bidder's/offeror's bid against the bids/offers of other bidders/offerors, and compare the DBEs and DBE work areas utilized by the bidder/offeror with the DBEs listed in other bids/offers submitted for this contract (If other bidders obtained DBEs in a particular work area in which the low bidder did not, the Department shall take this into consideration in its evaluation); b) verify contacts by bidders/offerors with DBEs; and c) compare the DBE and the categories of DBE work targeted by the bidder/offeror for participation in the contract, with the total pool of available DBEs ready, willing and able to perform work on each particular subcontract targeted by the bidder/offeror.
- D. Actions on the part of the bidder/offeror that will be considered demonstrative of good faith efforts include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Whether the bidder/offeror submitted the required information (i.e., DBE name, address, NAICS code, description of work, project name, and number), and dollar amounts for all subcontractors, within five (5) days of bid opening;
 - 2. Whether the bidder/offeror solicited through all reasonable and available means (e.g., attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capability to perform part or all of the work to be included under the contract. The Department will also consider whether the bidder/offeror solicited the participation of potential DBEs as early in the procurement process as practicable, and allowed sufficient time for the DBEs to properly inquire about the project and respond to the solicitation. The Department will also review whether the bidder/offeror took appropriate steps to follow up with interested DBEs in a timely manner to facilitate participation by DBEs in this project;
 - 3. Whether the bidder/offeror identified and broke up portions of work that can be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that an DBE will be able to participate, and that the DBE goal could be achieved (e.g., breaking out contract items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation even when the bidder/offeror might otherwise prefer to self-perform these work items with its own forces);
 - 4. Whether the bidder/offeror made available or provided interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the project in a timely manner, and assisted them in responding to the bidder's/offeror's solicitation;

- 5. Whether the bidder/offeror negotiated in good faith with interested DBEs. Evidence of such negotiations includes documenting: a) the names, addresses and telephone numbers of DBEs that were contacted; b) a description of the information that was provided to DBEs regarding the plans and specifications; and c) detailed explanation for not utilizing individual DBEs on the project;
- 6. Whether the bidder/offeror solely relied on price in determining whether to use an DBE. The fact that there may be additional or higher costs associated with finding and utilizing DBEs are not, by itself, sufficient reasons for a bidder's/offeror's refusal to utilize an DBE, or the failure to meet the DBE goal, provided that such additional costs are not unreasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a bidder/offeror to perform a portion of the work with its own forces, that could have been undertaken by an available DBE, does not relieve the bidder/offeror of the responsibility to make good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal, and to make available and solicit DBE participation in other areas of the project to meet the DBE goal;
- 7. Whether the bidder/offeror rejected DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The DBEs standing within the industry, membership in specific groups, organizations or associations, and political or social affiliation are not legitimate basis for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids from particular DBEs;
- 8. Whether the bidder/offeror made efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance;
- 9. Whether the bidder/offeror made efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials or related assistance or services;
- 10. Whether the bidder/offeror effectively used the services of available minority/women community organizations, minority/women business groups, contractors' groups, and local, state and federal minority/women business assistance offices or other organizations to provide assistance in recruitment and placement of DBEs;
- 11. Whether the bidder/offeror, who selects a non-DBE over an DBE subcontractor, has quotes of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor submitted to the bidder for work on the contract; and for each DBE that was contacted but not utilized by the bidder/offeror for a contract, the bidder/offeror has a detailed written explanation for each DBE detailing the reasons for the bidder's/offeror's failure or inability to utilize, or to allow the DBE to participate in the contract; and
- 12. Whether other bidders/offerors met the goal and whether the apparent successful bidder/offeror could have met the goal with additional efforts. The Department may determine that an apparent successful bidder/offeror who fell short of meeting the goal, made good faith efforts when it met or exceeded the average DBE participation obtained by other bidders/offerors.

IX. ADMINISTRATIVE RECONSIDERATION.

If it is determined by the Department that the apparent successful bidder/offeror has failed to meet the provisions of 49 CFR Section 26.53(a), the bidder/offeror may submit a request for administrative reconsideration. If under the provisions of 49 CFR, Section 26.53(d), it is determined by the Department that the apparent successful bidder/offeror has failed to meet the provisions of this subsection, the bidder/offeror may submit a written request for administrative reconsideration.

A. Within five (5) working days of being informed in writing by the Department that the bidder/offeror has not documented sufficient GFE, a bidder/offeror may request administrative reconsideration. Bidders/offerors should make this request in writing to the following official:

Director of Transportation Hawaii Department of Transportation 869 Punchbowl Street, Room 509 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

- B. The reconsideration official, or his or her designee (referred to as "reconsideration official"), shall not have played any role in the original determination that the bidder/offeror failed to meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so.
- C. As part of this reconsideration, the bidder/offeror will have the opportunity to provide written documentation or argument concerning the issue of whether it met the goal or made adequate GFE to do so. The bidder/offeror will have the opportunity to meet in person with the reconsideration official to discuss the issue of whether it met the goal or made adequate GFE to do so.
- D. In an administrative reconsideration, the reconsideration official will review all previously submitted documents, oral and written arguments, and other evidence presented in the reconsideration, in making the decision.
- E. The Department shall inform the bidder/offeror of the decision within thirty (30) days of the proceeding. The decision will state the Department's findings, and explain the basis of those findings, with respect to whether or not the bidder/offeror met the contract goal, or whether or not the bidder/offeror made adequate GFE to achieve the contract goal.
- F. The reconsideration decision is not administratively appealable to USDOT but is appealable under HRS 103D-709.

X. AWARD OF CONTRACT

A. In a sealed bid procurement, the Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids. The award of contract, if it is awarded, will be to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder who meets or exceeds the DBE project goal, or who makes

good faith efforts to meet or exceed the DBE project goal, as determined by the Department.

B. If the lowest responsible bidder does not meet the DBE project goal and does not demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Department that it made good faith efforts to meet the DBE project goal, such bid shall be rejected as non-responsive. The Department will then consider the next lowest responsive and responsible bidder for award in accordance with paragraph A above.

XI. REPLACEMENT OF AN DBE ON A PROJECT WITH A CONTRACT GOAL

Under this contract, the prime contractor shall utilize the specific DBE listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the contractor obtains written consent from the Department to replace an DBE. If the Department's consent is not provided, the contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE. The Department reserves the right to request copies of all DBE subcontracts.

The Department will require a contractor to make good faith efforts to replace an DBE that is terminated or has otherwise failed to complete its work on a contract with another certified DBE, to the extent needed to meet the contract goal. A prime contractor's inability to find a replacement DBE at the original price is not sufficient to demonstrate that good faith efforts have been made to replace the original DBE. The fact that the contractor has the ability and/or desire to perform the contract work with its own forces does not relieve the contractor of the obligation to make good faith efforts to find a replacement DBE, and it is not a sound basis for rejecting a prospective replacement DBE's reasonable quote.

The Department will require the prime contractor to promptly provide written notice to the project manager of the DBE's inability or unwillingness to perform and provide reasonable documentation.

The written notice by the contractor must include the following:

- 1. The date the contractor determined the certified DBE to be unwilling, unable or ineligible to perform work on the contract;
- 2. The projected date that the contractor shall require a substitution or replacement DBE to commence work if consent is granted by the Department;
- 3. Documentation of facts that describe and cite specific actions or inactions on the part of the affected DBE that led to the contractor's conclusion that the DBE is unwilling, unable, or ineligible to perform work on the contract;
- 4. A brief statement of the affected DBE's capacity and ability or inability to perform the work as determined by the contractor;
- 5. Documentation of contractor's good faith efforts to enable affected DBE to perform the work;
- 6. The current percentage of work completed on each bid item by the affected DBE;

- 7. The total dollar amount currently paid per bid item for work performed by the affected DBE:
- 8. The total dollar amount per bid item remaining to be paid to the DBE for work completed but for which the DBE has not received payment, and with which the contractor has no dispute; and
- 9. The total dollar amount per bid item remaining to be paid to the DBE for work completed, for which the DBE has not received payment, and with which the contractor and DBE have a dispute.

The prime contractor shall send a copy of the written notice to replace a certified DBE on a contract to the affected DBE. The affected DBE may submit a written response within five (5) calendar days to the Department to explain its position on its performance on the committed work. The Department shall consider both the prime contractor's request and DBE's stated position before approving the termination or substitution request, or determining if any action shall be taken against the contractor.

There shall be no substitution or termination of an DBE subcontractor at any time without the prior written consent of the Department. The Department will provide written consent only if the contractor has good cause, as determined by the Department, to terminate the DBE. Good cause may include, but is not limited to the following circumstances:

- 1. The DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- 2. The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards;
- 3. The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- 4. The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness:
- 5. The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant to 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law;
- 6. The Department has determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- 7. The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides to the Department written notice of its withdrawal;
- 8. The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required; and
- 9. An DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract.

Upon approval from the Department to replace an DBE, the contractor's good faith efforts shall be documented and submitted to the Department within seven (7) calendar days. This time period may be extended for another seven (7) calendar days upon request by the prime contractor.

If an DBE subcontractor is unable to perform work under the contract, and is to be

replaced, the contractor's failure to obtain a substitute certified DBE or to make good faith efforts to obtain such a substitute DBE subcontractor to perform said work, may constitute a breach of this contract for which the Department may terminate the contract or pursue such remedy as deemed appropriate by the Department.

XII. CONTRACT COMPLIANCE

This contract is subject to contract compliance tracking, and the prime contractor and all subcontractors are required to report payments electronically in the HDOT online Certification and Contract Compliance Management System (hereafter referred to as "online tracking system"). The prime contractor shall report the date payment was made by the Department and shall report payment to all subcontractors for the audit period. The prime contractor and all subcontractors are responsible for responding by any noted response date or due date to any instructions or request for information, and to check the online tracking system on a regular basis to manage contact information and contract records.

The prime contractor is responsible for ensuring all subcontractors have completed all requested items and that their contact information is accurate and up-to-date. HDOT may require additional information related to the contract to be provided electronically through the online tracking system at any time before, during, or after contract award. Information related to contractor access of the online tracking system will be provided to designated point of contact with each contractor upon award of the contract. The online tracking system is web-based and can be accessed at the following Internet address: https://hdot.dbesystem.com/.

XIII. PAYMENT

- A. The Department will make an estimate in writing each month based on the items of work performed and materials incorporated in the work and the value therefore at the unit prices or lump sum prices set forth in the contract. All progress estimates and payments will be approximate only and shall be subject to correction at any time prior to or in the final estimate and payment. The Department will not withhold any amount from any payment to the contractor, including retainage.
- B. The contractor shall pay all subcontractors within ten (10) calendar days after receipt of any progress payments from the Department. This clause applies to both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors, and all tiers of subcontracts.
- C. The contractor will verify that payment or retainage has been released to the subcontractors or its suppliers within the specified time through entries in the Department's online tracking system during the corresponding monthly audits. Prompt payment will be monitored and enforced through the contractor's reporting of payments to its subcontractors and suppliers in the online tracking system.

Subcontractors, including lower tier subcontractors and/or suppliers will confirm the timeliness and the payment amounts received utilizing the online tracking system. Discrepancies will be investigated by the DBE Program Office and the project engineer. Payments to the subcontractors, including lower tier subcontractors, and including retainage released after the subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor's work has been completed to the Department's satisfaction, will be reported by the Contractor or the subcontractor.

D. When any subcontractor has satisfactorily completed its work as specified in the subcontract, and there are no bona fide disputes, the contractor shall make prompt and full payment to the subcontractor of all monies due, including retainage, within ten (10) calendar days after the subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed. A subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed when all the tasks called for in the subcontract have been accomplished and documented, as required by the Department. The contractor must obtain the prior written approval from the Department before it can continue to withhold retainage from any subcontractor who has completed its portion of the work. This clause applies to both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors, and all tiers of subcontracts.

XIV. RECORDS

The contractor shall maintain and keep all records necessary for the Department to determine compliance with the contractor's DBE obligations. The records shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by the Department and appropriate Federal agencies. The records to be kept by the contractor shall include:

- 1. The names, race/ethnicity, gender, address, phone number, and contact person of all DBE and non-DBE consultants, subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers, truckers and vendors identified as DBEs;
- 2. The nature of work of each DBE and non-DBE consultant, subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier, trucker and vendor;
- 3. The dollar amount contracted with each DBE and non-DBE consultant, subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier, trucker and vendor; and
- 4. Cumulative dollar amount of all change orders to the subcontract.

XV. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH DBE REQUIREMENTS

The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of USDOT assisted contracts. All contractors, subcontractors, manufacturers and suppliers are hereby advised that failure to carry out all DBE requirements specified herein shall constitute a material breach of contract that may result in termination of the contract or such other remedy as deemed appropriate by the Department including but not limited to: 1) withholding monthly progress payments; 2) assessing sanctions; 3) liquidated damages; and/or 4) disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Non-segregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work

performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).
- II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

- 1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (see 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).
- b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- 2. **EEO Officer:** The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
- 3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.
- b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women

- d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
- **4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
- a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
- c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- **5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action

within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.
- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- 7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide

sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

- 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.
- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurances Required:

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:
 - (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
 - (2) Assessing sanctions;
 - (3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.
- c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

- (1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
- (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
- (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway

Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

- b.(1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and

- (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics,

including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
- b.(1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency.
- (2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or

subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

- (i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(ii), the appropriate information is being maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), and that such information is correct and complete;
- (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3;
- (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- (3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.
- (4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 231.
- c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State

Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the

corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

- c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.
 - d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

- **5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **6. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **7. Contract termination: debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- 8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **9. Disputes concerning labor standards.** As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor

set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, $18\,U.S.C.\,1001.$

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

- 1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.
- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1 of this section. 29 CFR 5.5.
- * \$27 as of January 23, 2019 (See 84 FR 213-01, 218) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor; pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990).

- 3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph 2 of this section.
- **4. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1 through 4 of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1 through 4 of this section. 29 CFR 5.5.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)
- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
 - (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or

- equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.
- 2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on long-standing interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).
- 5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.
- 3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance

with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented:

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.326.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders

or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.326.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.
- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant

who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.

- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800; and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).
- (5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is

submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:

- (a) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355:
- (b) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (c) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier

subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

- 1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.
- 2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS (23 CFR 633, Subpart B, Appendix B) This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

- 1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:
- a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.
- b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.
- c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.
- 2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.
- 3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.
- 4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above
- 5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.
- 6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAYS DIVISION HONOLULU, HAWAII

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

These Special Provisions shall supplement and/or amend the applicable provisions of the Hawaii Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, 2005, hereinafter referred to as the "Standard Specifications".

Amend **Section 101 - TERMS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND DEFINITIONS** to read as follows:

"DIVISION 100 - GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 101 - TERMS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND DEFINITIONS

101.01 Meaning of Terms. The specifications are generally written in the imperative mood. In sentences using the imperative mood, the subject, "the Contractor shall", is implied. In the material specifications, the subject may also be the supplier, fabricator, or manufacturer supplying material, products, or equipment for use on the project. The word "will" generally pertains to decisions or actions of the State.

When a publication is specified, it refers to the most recent date of issue, including interim publications, before the bid opening date for the project, unless a specific date or year of issue is provided.

101.02 Abbreviations. Meanings of abbreviations used in the specifications, on the plans, or in other contract documents are as follows:

23	AAN	American Association of Nurserymen
24		
25	AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and
26		Transportation Officials
27		
28	ACI	American Concrete Institute
29		
30	ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
31		
32	ADAAG	Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines
33		
34	AGC	Associated General Contractors of America
35		
36	AIA	American Institute of Architects
37		
38	AISC	American Institute of Steel Construction
39		
40	AISI	American Iron and Steel Institute
41		
42	ANSI	American National Standards Institute
43		
44	APA	American Plywood Association
45		•

46	ARA	American Railway Association
47 48	AREA	American Railway Engineering Association
49 50	ASA	American Standards Association
51 52	ASCE	American Society of Civil Engineers
53 54	ASLA	American Society of Landscape Architects
55 56	ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
57 58	AWG	American Wire Gauge
59 60	AWPA	American Wood Preserver's Association
61		
62 63	AWS	American Welding Society
64	AWWA	American Water Works Association
65 66	ВМР	Best Management Practice
67 68	ССО	Contract Change Order
69 70	CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
71 72	CRSI	Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute
73 74 75	DCAB	Disability and Communication Access Board, Department of Health, State of Hawaii
76 77	DOTAX	Department of Taxation, State of Hawaii
78 79	EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
80 81 82	FHWA	Federal Highway Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation
83 84 85	FSS	Federal Specifications and Standards, General Services Administration, U.S. Department of Defense
86 87	HAR	Hawaii Administrative Rules
88 89 90	HDOT	Department of Transportation, State of Hawaii

91 92 93	HIOSH	Occupational Safety and Health, Department of Labor and Industrial Relations, State of Hawaii
93 94 95	НМА	Hot Mix Asphalt
96 97	HRS	Hawaii Revised Statutes
98 99	ICEA	Insulated Cable Engineers Association (formerly IPCEA)
100 101	IMSA	International Municipal Signal Association
102 103	IRS	Internal Revenue Service
104 105	ITE	Institute of Transportation Engineers
106 107 108	MUTCD	Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, FHWA, U.S. Department of Transportation
109 110	NCHRP	National Cooperative Highway Research Program
111 112	NEC	National Electric Code
113 114	NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association
115 116	NFPA	National Forest Products Association
117 118	NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
119 120 121	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration/Act, U.S. Department of Labor
122 123	SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers
124 125	SI	International Systems of Units
126 127	UFAS	Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards
128 129	UL	Underwriter's Laboratory
130 131	USGS	U.S. Geological Survey
131 132 133 134	VECP	Value Engineering Cost Proposal

135	101.03 Definitions. Whenever the following words, terms, or pronouns are
136	used in the contract documents, unless otherwise prescribed therein and without
137	regards to the use or omission of uppercase letters, the intent and meaning shall
138	be interpreted as follows:
139	
140	Addendum (plural - Addenda) - A written or graphic document, including
141	drawings and specifications, issued by the Director during the bidding period. This
142	document modifies or interprets the bidding documents by additions, deletions,
143	clarifications or corrections.
144	
145	Addition (to the contract sum) - Amount added to the contract sum by change
146	order.
147	
148	Advertisement - A public announcement inviting bids for work to be performed or
149	materials to be furnished.
150	
151	Amendment - A written document issued to amend the existing contract between
152	the State and Contractor and properly executed by the Contractor and Director.
153	
154	Award - Written notification to the bidder that the bidder has been awarded a
155	contract.
156	
157	Bad Weather Day (or Unworkable Day) - A day when weather or other conditions
158	prevent a minimum of four hours of work with the Contractor's normal work force
159	on critical path activities at the site.
160	'
161	Bag - 94 pounds of cement.
162	
163	Barrel - 376 pounds of cement.
164	•
165	Base Course - The layer or layers of specified material or selected material of a
166	designed thickness placed on a subbase or subgrade to support a surface course.
167	
168	Basement Material - The material in excavation or embankments underlying the
169	lowest layer of subbase, base, pavement, surfacing or other specified layer.
170	
171	Bid - See Proposal.
172	•
173	Bidder - An individual, partnership, corporation, joint venture or other legal entity
174	submitting, directly or through a duly authorized representative or agent, a
175	proposal for the work or construction contemplated.
176	•

Bidding Documents (or Solicitation Documents) - The published solicitation notice, bid requirements, bid forms and the proposed contract documents including

all addenda and clarifications issued prior to receipt of the bid.

177178

Bid Security - The security furnished by the bidder from which the State may recover its damages in the event the bidder breaches its promise to enter into a contract with the State, or fails to execute the required bonds covering the work contemplated, if its proposal is accepted.

Blue Book - EquipmentWatch Cost Recovery (formerly known as EquipmentWatch Rental Rate Blue Book), available from EquipmentWatch, a division of Penton, Inc.

Calendar Day - See Day.

Change Order (or Contract Change Order) - A written order signed by the Engineer issued with or without the consent of the Contractor directing changes in the work, contract time or contract price. The purposes of a change order include, but are not limited to (1) establishing a price or time adjustment for changes in the work; (2) establishing full payment for direct, indirect, and consequential costs, including costs of delay; (3) establishing price adjustment or time adjustment for work covered and affected by one or more field orders; or (4) settling Contractor's claims for direct, indirect, and consequential costs, or for additional contract time, in whole or in part.

Completion - See Substantial Completion and Final Completion.

Completion Date - The date specified by the contract for the completion of all work on the project or of a designated portion of the project.

Comptroller - the Comptroller of the State of Hawaii, Department of Accounting and General Services.

Contract - The written agreement between the Contractor and the State, by which the Contractor shall provide all labor, equipment, and materials and perform the specified work within the contract time stipulated, and by which the State of Hawaii is obligated to compensate the Contractor at the prices set forth in the contract documents.

Contract Certification Date - The Date on which the Deputy Comptroller for the State of Hawaii (or authorized representative) signs the Contract Certification.

Contract Completion Date - The calendar day on which all work on the project, required by the contract, must be completed. See CONTRACT TIME.

Contract Documents - The contract, solicitation, addenda, notice to bidders, Contractor's bid proposal (including wage schedule, list of subcontractors and other documentations accompanying the bid), notice to proceed, bonds, general provisions, special provisions, specifications, drawings, all modifications, all written amendments, change orders, field orders, orders for minor changes in the work, the Engineer's written interpretations and clarifications issued on or after the

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Contract Item (Pay Item) - A specific unit of work for which there is a price in the contract.

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233 **Contract Modification (Modification) -** A change order that is mutually agreed to 234 and signed by the parties to the contract.

235

Contract Price - The amount designated on the face of the contract for the performance of work.

238

Contract Time (or Contract Duration) - The number of calendar or working days provided for completion of the contract, inclusive of authorized time extensions. Contract time shall commence on the Start Work Date and end on the Substantial Completion Date. If in lieu of providing a number of calendar or working days, the contract requires completion by a certain date, the work shall be completed by that date.

245

Contracting Officer - See Engineer.

effective date of the contract.

246247248

249

Contractor - Any individual, partnership, firm, corporation, joint venture, or other legal entity undertaking the execution of the work under the terms of the contract with the State.

250251252

Critical Path - Longest logical sequence of activities that must be completed on schedule for the entire project to be completed on schedule.

253254255

256

Day - Any day shown on the calendar, beginning at midnight and proceeding up to, but not including, midnight the following day. If no designation of calendar or working day is made, "day" shall mean calendar day.

257258

Department - The Department of Transportation of the State of Hawaii (abbreviated HDOT).

261

Director - The Director of the HDOT acting directly or through duly authorized representatives.

264

Plans (or Drawings) - The contract drawings in graphic or pictorial form including the notes, tables and other notations thereon indicating the design, location, character, dimensions, and details of the work.

Equipment - All machinery, tools, and apparatus needed to complete the contract.

Field Order - A written order issued by the Engineer or the Engineer's authorized representative to the Contractor requiring a change or changes to the contract work. A field order may (1) establish a price adjustment or time adjustment; or (2) may declare that no adjustment will be made to contract price or contract time; or (3) may request the Contractor to submit a proposal for an adjustment to the contract price or contract time.

Final Acceptance - The Status of the project when the Engineer finds that the Contractor has satisfactorily completed all contract work in compliance with the contract including all plant establishment requirements, and all the materials have been accepted by the State.

Final Completion - The date set by the Director that all work required by the contract has been completed in full compliance with the contract documents.

Final Inspection - Inspection where all contract items (with the exception of Planting Period and Plant Establishment Period) are accepted by the Engineer. Substantial Completion will be issued by the Engineer based on the satisfactory results of the Final Inspection.

Float - The amount of time between when an activity can start and when an activity must start, i.e., the time available to complete non-critical activities required for the performance of the work without affecting the critical path.

Guarantee - Legally enforceable assurance of the duration of satisfactory performance of quality of a product or work.

Hawaii Administrative Rules - Rules adopted by the State in accordance with Chapter 91 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended.

Highway (Street, Road, or Roadway) - A public way within a right-of-way designed, intended, and set aside for use by vehicles, bicyclists, or pedestrians.

Highways Division - The Highways Division of the Hawaii Department of Transportation constituted under the laws of Hawaii for the administration of highway work.

Holidays - The days of each year which are set apart and established as State holidays pursuant to Chapter 8 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended.

314	Inspector - The Engineer's authorized representative assigned to make detailed
315	inspections of contract performance, prescribed work, and materials supplied.
316	Laboratore. The testing laboratory of the Highway Division on other testing
317 318	Laboratory - The testing laboratory of the Highways Division or other testing laboratories that may be designated by the Engineer.
319	
320	Laws - All Federal, State, and local laws, executive orders and regulations having
321	the force of law.
322	
323 324	Leveling Course - An aggregate mixture course of variable thickness used to restore horizontal and vertical uniformity to existing pavements or shoulders.
325	
326 327	Liquidated Damages - The amount prescribed in Subsection 108.08 - Liquidated
	Damages for Failure to Complete the Work or Portions of the Work on Time, to be
328 329	paid to the State or to be deducted from any payments payable to or, which may become payable to the Contractor.
330	
331	Lump Sum (LS) - When used as a payment method means complete payment
332	for the item of work described in the contract documents.
333	
334	Material - Any natural or manmade substance or item specified in the contract to
335	be incorporated in the work.
336	be incorporated in the work.
	Notice to Piddore. The advertigement for proposals for all work or materials on
337	Notice to Bidders - The advertisement for proposals for all work or materials on
338	which bids are required. Such advertisement will indicate the location of the work
339	to be done or the character of the material to be furnished and the time and place
340	for the opening of proposals.
341	
342	Notice to Proceed - Written notice from the Engineer to the Contractor identifying
343	the date on which the Contractor is to begin procuring materials and required
344	permits and adjusting work forces, equipment, schedules, etc. prior to beginning
345	physical work.
346	
347	Pavement - The uppermost layer of material placed on the traveled way or
348	shoulders or both. Pavement and surfacing may be interchangeable.
349	
350	Pavement Structure - The combination of subbase, base, pavement, surfacing or
351	other specified layer of a roadway constructed on a subgrade to support the traffic
352	load.
	iuau.
353	Decree to Daniel The accounts a second but the Contractor and country and country
354	Payment Bond - The security executed by the Contractor and surety or sureties
355	furnished to the Department to guarantee payment by the Contractor to laborers,
356	material suppliers and subcontractors in accordance with the terms of the contract.

Physical Work - Physical construction activities on the project site or at appurtenant facilities including staging areas. It includes; (i) building or installing any structures or facilities including, but not limited to sign erection; BMP installation; field office site grading and building; (ii) removal, adjustment, or demolition of physical obstructions on site; (iii) any ground breaking activities; and (iv) any utility work. It does not include pre-construction environmental testing (such as water quality baseline measurements) that may be required as part of contract.

Pre-Final Inspection - Inspection scheduled when Contractor notifies Engineer that all physical work on the project, with the exception of planting period and plant establishment period, has been completed. Notice from Contractor of substantial completion will suspend contract time until Contractor receives punchlist from Engineer.

Profile Grade - The elevation or gradient of a vertical plane intersecting the top surface of the proposed pavement.

Project Acceptance Date - The calendar day on which the Engineer accepts the project as completed. See Final Completion.

Proposal (Bid) - The executed document submitted by a Bidder in response to a solicitation request, to perform the work required by the proposed contract documents, for the price quoted and within the time allotted.

Public Traffic - Vehicular or pedestrian movement on a public way.

Punchlist - A list compiled by the Engineer specifying work yet to be completed or corrected by the Contractor in order to substantially complete the contract.

Questionnaire - The specified forms on which the bidder shall furnish required information as to its ability to perform and finance the work.

Request for Change Proposal - A written notice from the Engineer to the Contractor requesting that the Contractor provide a price and/or time proposal for contemplated changes preparatory to the issuance of a field order or change order.

Right-of-Way - Land, property, or property interests acquired by a government agency for, or devoted to transportation purposes.

Roadbed - The graded portion of a highway within top and side slopes, prepared as a foundation for the pavement structure and shoulders.

Roadside - The area between the outside edges of the shoulders and the right-of-way boundaries. Unpaved median areas between inside shoulders of divided highways and infield areas of interchanges are included.

Section and Subsection - Section or subsection shall be understood to refer to these specifications unless otherwise specified.

Shop Drawings - All drawings, diagrams, illustrations, schedules and other data or information which are specifically prepared or assembled by or for the Contractor and submitted by the Contractor to illustrate some portion of the work.

Shoulder - The portion of the roadway next to the traveled way for: accommodation of stopped vehicles, placement of underground facilities, emergency use, and lateral support of base and surface courses.

Sidewalk - That portion of the roadway primarily constructed for use by pedestrians.

Solicitation - An invitation to bid or request for proposals or any other document issued by the Department to solicit bids or offers to perform a contract. The solicitation may indicate the time and place to receive the bids or offers and the location, nature and character of the work, construction or materials to be provided.

Specifications - Compilation of provisions and requirements to perform prescribed work.

(A) Standard Specifications. Specifications by the State intended for general application and repetitive use.

(B) Special Provisions. Revisions and additions to the standard specifications applicable to an individual project.

Standard Plans - Drawings provided by the State for specific items of work approved for repetitive use.

State - The State of Hawaii, its Departments and agencies, acting through its authorized representative(s).

State Waters – All waters, fresh, brackish, or salt, around and within the State, including, but not limited to, coastal waters, streams, rivers, drainage ditches, ponds, reservoirs, canals, ground waters, and lakes; provided that drainage ditches, ponds, and reservoirs required as a part of a water pollution control system are excluded.

Start Work Date - Date on which Contractor begins physical work on the contract. This date shall also be the beginning of Contract Time.

Structures - Bridges, culverts, catch basins, drop inlets, retaining walls, cribbing, manholes, endwalls, buildings, sewers, service pipes, underdrains, foundation drains, and other such features that may be encountered in the work.

451	Suhhasa -	A layer of specified material of specified thickness between the
452	subgrade an	·
453	cabgiado an	a a bacc.
454	Subcontract	t - Any written agreement between the Contractor and its
455		ors which contains the conditions under which the subcontractor is to
456		ortion of the work for the Contractor.
457	F	
458	Subcontrac	tor - An individual, partnership, firm, corporation, joint venture or other
459		as licensed or required to be licensed under Chapter 444, Hawaii
460		atutes, as amended, which enters into an agreement with the
461	Contractor to	perform a portion of the work.
462		
463	Subgrade -	The top surface of completed earthwork on which subbase, base,
464	surfacing, pa	evement, or a course of other material is to be placed.
465		
466		Completion - The Status of the project when the Contractor has
467	•	ne work, except for the planting period and plant establishment period,
468	and each of	the following requirements are met:
469		
470	(1)	All traffic lanes (including shoulders, ramps, sidewalks and bike
471		paths) are in their final configuration as designed and the final
472		wearing surface has been installed;
473	(0)	
474	(2)	All operational and safety devices have been installed in accordance
475		with the contract documents including guardrails, end treatments,
476		traffic barriers, required signs and pavement markings, drainage,
477 478		parapet, and bridge and pavement structures;
479	(3)	All required illumination and lighting for normal and safe use and
480	(3)	operation is installed and functional in accordance with the contract
481		documents;
482		documento,
483	(4)	All utilities and services are connected and working;
484	(- /	, in annual and convices and commence and womaning,
485	(5)	The need for temporary traffic controls or lane closures at any time
486	(-)	has ceased, except for lane closures required for routine
487		maintenance;
488		·
489	(6)	The building, structure, improvement or facility can be used for its
490		intended purpose.
491		
492	Substantial	Completion Date - The date the Substantial Completion is granted
493	by the Engin	eer in Writing and Contract Time stops.

Superintendent - The employee of the Contractor who is responsible for all the work and is a Contractor's agent for communications to and from the State.

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Surety - The qualified individual, firm or corporation other than the Contractor, which executes a bond with and for the Contractor to insure its acceptable performance of the contract.

Surfacing - The uppermost layer of material placed on the traveled way or shoulders. This term is used interchangeably with pavement.

Traveled Way - The portion of the roadway for the movement of vehicles, exclusive of shoulders.

Unsuitable Material - Materials that contain organic matter, muck, humus, peat, sticks, debris, chemicals, toxic matter, or other deleterious materials not suitable for use in earthwork.

Utility - A line, facility, or system for producing, transmitting, or distributing communications, power, electricity, heat, gas, oil, water, steam, waste, or storm water.

Utility Owner - The entity, whether private or owned by a State, Federal, or County governmental body, that has the power and responsibility to grant approval for, or undertake construction work involving a particular utility.

Water Pollutant - Dredged spoil, solid refuse, incinerator residue, sewage, garbage, sewage sludge, munitions, chemical waste, biological materials, radioactive materials, heat, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand, soil, sediment, cellar dirt and industrial, municipal, and agricultural waste.

Water Pollution - (1) Such contamination or other alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological properties of any state waters, including change in temperature, taste, color, turbidity, or odor of the waters, or **(2)** Such discharge of any liquid, gaseous, solid, radioactive, or other substances into any state waters, as will or is likely to create a nuisance or render such waters unreasonably harmful, detrimental, or injurious to public health, safety, or welfare, including harm, detriment, or injury to public water supplies, fish and aquatic life and wildlife, recreational purposes and agricultural and industrial research and scientific uses of such waters or as will or is likely to violate any water quality standards, effluent standards, treatment and pretreatment standards, or standards of performance for new sources adopted by the Department of Health.

Work - The furnishing of all labor, material, equipment, and other incidentals necessary or convenient for the successful execution of all the duties and obligations imposed by the contract.

Working Day - A calendar day in which a Contractor is capable of working four or more hours with its normal work force, exclusive of:

544	(1) Saturdays, Sundays, and recognized legal State holidays and such
545	other days specified by the contract documents as non-working days,
546	
547	(2) Day in which the Engineer suspends work for four or more hours
548	through no fault of the Contractor."
549	
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551	
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553	END OF SECTION 101

"SECTION 102 - BIDDING REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

102.01 Prequalification of Bidders. Prospective bidders shall be capable of performing the work for which they are bidding.

In accordance with HRS Chapter 103D-310, the Department may require any prospective bidder to submit answers to questions contained in the 'Standard Qualification Questionnaire For Prospective Bidders On Public Works Contracts' furnished by the Department, properly executed and notarized, setting forth a complete statement of the experience of such prospective bidder and its organization in performing similar work and a statement of the equipment proposed to be used, together with adequate proof of the availability of such equipment. Whenever it appears to the Department, from answers to the questionnaire or otherwise, that the prospective bidder is not fully qualified and able to perform the intended work, the Department will, after affording the prospective bidder an opportunity to be heard and if still of the opinion that the bidder is not fully qualified to perform the work, refuse to receive or consider any bid offered by the prospective bidder. All information contained in the answers to the questionnaire shall be kept confidential. Questionnaire so submitted shall be returned to the bidders after serving their purpose.

 No person, firm or corporation may bid where (1) the person, firm, or corporation, or (2) a corporation owned substantially by the person, firm, or corporation, or (3) a substantial stockholder or an officer of the corporation, or (4) a partner or substantial investor in the firm is in arrears in payments owed to the State or its political subdivisions or is in default as a surety or failure to do faithfully and diligently previous contracts with the State.

102.02 Contents of Proposal Forms. The Department will furnish prospective bidders with proposal forms posted in HIePRO stating:

(1) The location,

(2) Description of the proposed work,

(3) The approximate quantities,

(4) Items of work to be done or materials to be furnished,

(5) A schedule of items, and

(6) The time in which the work shall be completed.

 Papers bound with or attached to the proposal form are part of the proposal. The bidder shall not detach or alter the papers bound with or attached to the proposal when the bidder submits its proposal through HIePRO.

Also, the bidder shall consider other documents including the plans and specifications a part of the proposal form whether attached or not.

102.03 (Unassigned)

- **102.04 Estimated Quantities.** The quantities shown in the contract are approximate and are for the comparison of bids only. The actual quantity of work may not correspond with the quantities shown in the contract. The Department will make payment to the Contractor for unit price items in accordance with the contract for only the following:
 - (1) Actual quantities of work done and accepted, not the estimated quantities; or
 - **(2)** Actual quantities of materials furnished, not the estimated quantities.

The Department may increase, decrease, or omit each scheduled quantities of work to be done and materials to be furnished. When the Department increases or decreases the estimated quantity of a contract item by more than 15% the Department will make payment for such items in accordance with Subsection 104.06 - Methods of Price Adjustment.

102.05 Examination of Contract and Site of Work. The bidder shall examine carefully the site of the proposed work and contract before submitting a proposal.

By the act of submitting a bid for the proposed contract, the bidder warrants that:

- (1) The bidder and its Subcontractors have reviewed the contract documents and found them free from ambiguities and sufficient for the purpose intended:
- (2) The bidder and its workers, employees and subcontractors have the skills and experience in the type of work required by the contract documents bid upon;
- (3) Neither the bidder nor its employees, agents, suppliers or subcontractors have relied upon verbal representations from the Department, its employees or agents, including architects, engineers or consultants, in assembling the bid figure; and

93 94		(4) docur	The basis for the bid figure are solely on the construction contract ments.
95 96 97	work.		the bidder warrants that the bidder has examined the site of the its investigations, the bidder acknowledges satisfaction on:
98 99		(1)	The nature and location of the work;
100 101 102		(2)	The character, quality, and quantity of materials;
102 103 104		(3)	The difficulties to be encountered; and
105 106		(4)	The kind and amount of equipment and other facilities needed;
107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117	of the location within condition conditions assuring subsuring the condition of the condition of the condition condition condition conditions assuring the condition of the cond	rs' con Depai ons. T the tions fo tions v nptions urface i	urface information or hydrographic survey data furnished are for the venience only. The data and information furnished are the product rement's interpretation gathered in investigations made at the specific These conditions may not be typical of conditions at other locations project area or that such conditions remain unchanged. Also, bund at the time of the subsurface explorations may not be the same when work starts. The bidder shall be solely responsible for a deductions, or conclusions the bidder may derive from the information or data furnished.
118 119 120	excav	ation,	nticipated or contemplated by the Contractor in the items of the State may treat the difference in natural conditions, as falling eaning of Subsection 104.02 – Changes.
121 122 123 124	102.0 forms		reparation of Proposal. The submittal of its proposal shall be on hed by the Department. The bidder shall specify in words or figures:
125 126		(1)	A unit price for each pay item with a quantity given;
127 128		(2)	The products of the respective unit prices and quantities
129 130		(3)	The lump sum amount; and
131 132 133		(4) of the	The total amount of the proposal obtained by adding the amounts several items.
134 135 136 137		en the	words and figures shall be in ink or typed. If a discrepancy occurs prices written in words and those written in figures, the prices ords shall govern.

When an item in the proposal contains an option to be made, the bidder shall choose in accordance with the contract for that particular item. Determination of an option will not permit the Contractor to choose again.

The bidder shall sign the proposal properly in ink. A duly authorized representatives of the bidder or by an agent of the bidder legally qualified and acceptable to the Department shall sign, including one or more partners of the bidder and one or more representatives of each entity comprising a joint venture.

When an agent, other than the officer(s) of a corporation authorized to sign contracts for the corporation or a partner of a partnership, signs the proposals, a 'Power of Attorney' shall be on file with the Department or submitted with the proposal. Otherwise, the Department will reject the proposal as irregular and unauthorized.

The bidder shall submit acceptable evidence of the authority of the partner, member(s) or officer(s) to sign for the partnership, joint venture, or corporation respectively with the proposal. Otherwise, the Department will reject the proposal as irregular and unauthorized.

102.07 Irregular Proposals. The Department may consider proposals irregular and may reject the proposals for the following reasons:

(1) The proposal is a form not furnished by the Department, altered, or detached;

(2) The proposal contains unauthorized additions, conditions, or alternates. Also, the proposal contains irregularities that may tend to make the proposal incomplete, indefinite, or ambiguous to its meaning;

(3) The bidder adds provisions reserving the right to accept or reject an award. Also, the bidder adds provisions into a contract before an award;

(4) The proposal does not contain a unit price for each pay item listed except authorized optional pay items; and

(5) Prices for some items are out of proportion to the prices for other items.

(6) If in the opinion of the Director, the bidder and its listed subcontractors do not have the Contactor's licenses or combination of Contractor's licenses necessary to complete the work.

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on proposals submitted in HlePRO.

227 228 229 230 231	revise a p	Withdrawal or Revision of Proposals. A bidder may withdraw or proposal after the bidder submits the proposal in HlePRO. Withdrawal of proposal must be completed before the time set for the receiving of
232	102.11	Public Opening of Proposals. Not applicable.
233234235236		Disqualification of Bidders. The Department may disqualify a bidder its proposal for the following reasons:
237 238 239	(1) diff	Submittal of more than one proposal whether under the same or erent name.
240 241 242 243		Evidence of collusion among bidders. The Department will not ognize participants in collusion as bidders for any future work of the partment until such participants are reinstated as qualified bidders.
244	(3)	Lack of proposal guaranty.
245 246 247	(4)	Submittal of an unsigned or improperly signed proposal.
248 249 250	(5)	Submittal of a proposal without a listing of subcontractors or staining only a partial or incomplete listing of subcontractors.
251 252 253	(6) 102	Submittal of an irregular proposal in accordance with Subsection 2.07 - Irregular Proposals.
254 255 256 257	Sta	Evidence of assistance from a person who has been an employee he agency within the preceding two years and who participated while in the office or employment in the matter with which the contract is directly acerned, pursuant to HRS Chapter 84-15.
258259260	(8)	Suspended or debarred in accordance with HRS Chapter 104-25.
261 262	(9)	Failure to complete the prequalification questionnaire, if applicable.
263 264	(10) Failure to attend the mandatory pre-bid meeting, if applicable.
265 266 267		Material Guaranty. The successful bidder may be required to furnish nt of the composition, origin, manufacture of materials, and samples.
268 269 270 271		Substitution of Materials and Equipment Before Bid Opening. See n 106.13 for Substitution Of Materials and Equipment After Bid

(A) General. When brand names of materials or equipment are specified in the contract documents, they are to indicate a quality, style, appearance, or performance and not to limit competition. The bidder shall base its bid on one of the specified brand names unless alternate brands are qualified as equal or better in an addendum. Qualification of such proposed alternate brands shall be submitted via email to the Contact person listed in HlePRO for the solicitation and also post a question in HlePRO under the question/answer tab referencing the email with the request. The request must be posted in HlePRO no later than 14 calendar days before the bid opening date, not including the bid opening date

An addendum will be issued to inform all prospective bidders of any accepted substitution in accordance with Subsection 102.17 – Addenda.

- (B) Statement of Variances. The statement of variances must list all features of the proposed substitution that differ from the contract documents and must further certify that the substitution has no other variant features. The brochure and information submitted shall be clearly marked showing make, model, size, options, and any other features requested by the Engineer and must include sufficient evidence to evaluate each feature listed as a variance. A request will be denied if submitted without sufficient evidence. If after installing the substituted product, an unlisted variance is discovered, the Contractor shall immediately replace the product with a specified product at no increase in contract price and contract time.
- **(C)** Substitution Denial. Any substitution request not complying with the above requirements will be denied.
- **102.15 Preferences.** Preferences shall not apply to this project.

102.16 Certification for Safety and Health Program for Bids in excess of \$100,000. In accordance with HRS Chapter 396-18, the bidder or offeror, by signing and submitting this proposal, certifies that a written safety and health plan for this project will be available and implemented by the notice to proceed date for this project. Details of the requirements of this plan may be obtained from the State Department of Labor and Industrial Relations, Occupational Safety and Health Division (HIOSH).

312	102.17 Addenda. Addenda issued shall become part of the contract
313	documents. Addenda to the bid documents will be provided to all prospective
314	bidders via HIePRO. Each addendum shall be an addition to the contract
315	documents. The terms and requirements of the bid documents (i.e., drawings,
316	specifications and other bid and contract documents) cannot be changed prior to
317	the bid opening except by a duly issued addendum."
318	
319	
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321	
322	END OF SECTION 102

"SECTION 103 - AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT

103.01 Consideration of Proposals. The Department will compare the proposals in terms of the summation of the products of the approximate quantities and the unit bid prices after the submittal date and time established in HlePRO. If a discrepancy occurs between the unit bid price and the bid price, the unit bid price shall govern.

The "Buy America" provisions in the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982 is applicable to Federal-aid projects. Bidders may submit a bid based upon the furnishing and use of domestic steel or foreign steel. Manufacturing processes for domestic steel shall occur in the United States.

The Department reserves the right to reject proposals, waive technicalities or advertise for new proposals, if the rejection, waiver, or new advertisement favors the Department.

103.02 Award of Contract. The award of contract, if it be awarded, will be made within 60 calendar days after the opening of bids, to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder whose bid meets all the requirements and criteria set forth in the invitation for bids. (Through HlePRO). The successful bidder will be notified by letter mailed to the address shown in its proposal, that its proposal has been accepted, and that it has been awarded the contract.

(1) Requirement for Award. To be eligible for award, the apparent low bidder will be contacted to submit copies of the documents listed below to demonstrate compliance with HRS Section 103D-310(c). The documents shall be submitted to the Department within 14 days after bid opening unless otherwise specified in the invitation for bids or an extension is granted in writing by the Department. If a valid certificate/clearance is not submitted on a timely basis for award of a contract, a bidder otherwise responsive and responsible may not receive the award. See also Subsection 108.03 – Preconstruction Data Submittal.

The Department may request the bidders to allow the Department to consider the bids for the issuance of an award beyond the 60 calendar day period. Agreement to such an extension must be made by a bidder in writing. Only bidders who have agreed to such an extension will be eligible for the award.

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(A) Tax Clearance. Pursuant to HRS Sections 103D-310(c), 103-53 and 103D-328, the successful bidder shall be required to submit a certified copy of its tax clearance issued by the Hawaii State Department of Taxation (DOTAX) and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to demonstrate its compliance with HRS Chapter 237. A tax clearance is valid for six (6) months from the most recent approval stamp date on the tax clearance and must be valid on the bid's first legal advertisement date or any date thereafter up to the bid opening date.

FORM A6, TAX CLEARANCE CERTIFICATE, is available at the following website:

https://tax.hawaii.gov/

To receive DOTAX Forms by fax or mail, phone (808) 587-7572 or 1-800-222-7572.

The application for the Tax Clearance Certificate is the responsibility of the bidder and must be submitted directly to the DOTAX or IRS. The approved certificate may then be submitted to the Department.

(B) DLIR Certificate of Compliance. Pursuant to HRS Section 103D-310(c), the successful bidder shall be required to submit a copy (faxed copies are acceptable) of its approved certificate of compliance issued by the Hawaii State Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR) to demonstrate its compliance with unemployment insurance (HRS Chapter 383), workers' compensation (HRS Chapter 386), temporary disability insurance (HRS Chapter 392), and prepaid health care (HRS Chapter 393). The certificate is valid for six (6) months from the most recent approval stamp date on the certificate and must be valid on the bid's first legal advertisement date or any date thereafter up to the bid opening date. For certificates which receive a "pending" approval stamp, a DLIR approval stamp is required prior to the issuance of the Notice to Proceed.

FORM LIR#27, APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 3-122-112, HAR, is available at the following website:

http://labor.hawaii.gov/

More information is available by calling the DLIR Unemployment Insurance Division at (808) 586-8926.

Inquiries regarding the status of a LIR#27 Form may be made by calling the DLIR Disability Compensation Division at (808) 586-9200.

93	certificate may then be submitted to the Department.
94	
95	(C) DCCA Certificate of Good Standing. Pursuant to HRS Section
96	103D-310(c), the successful bidder shall be required to submit a copy
97	(faxed copies are acceptable) of its approved Certificate of Good Standing
98	issued by the Hawaii State Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs
99	(DCCA), Business Registration Division (BREG) to demonstrate that it is
100	either:
101	
102	(1) Incorporated or organized under the laws of the State; or
103	
104	(2) Registered to do business in the State as a separate branch
105	or division that is capable of fully performing under the contract.
106	
107	The Certificate of Good Standing is valid for six (6) months
108	from the approval date on the certificate and must be valid on the
109	bid's first legal advertisement date or any date thereafter up to the
110	bid opening date. A Hawaii business that is a sole proprietorship,
111	however, is not required to register with the BREG, and therefore not
112	required to submit a Certificate of Good Standing. Bidders are
113	advised that there are costs associated with registering and
114	obtaining a Certificate of Good Standing from the DCCA.
115	
116	To purchase a CERTIFICATE OF GOOD STANDING, go to On-Line
117	Services at the following website:
118	
119	http://cca.hawaii.gov/
120	
121	The application for the Certificate of Good Standing is the
122	responsibility of the bidder and must be submitted directly to the DCCA.
123	The approved certificate may then be submitted to the Department.
124	
125	(D) Hawaii Compliance Express (HCE). In lieu of the certificates
126	referenced above, the bidder may make available proof of compliance
127	through the Hawaii Compliance Express or any other designated
128	certification process. Bidders may apply and register at the "Hawaii
129	Compliance Express" website:
130	
131	https://vendors.ehawaii.gov/hce/
132	400.00
133	103.03 Cancellation of Award. The Department reserves the right to cancel

The application for the Certificate of Compliance is the responsibility

of the bidder and must be submitted directly to the DLIR. The approved

the award of contracts before the execution of said contract by the parties. There

will be no liability to the awardee and to other bidders.

103.05 Requirement of Contract Bond. At the time of execution of the contract, the successful bidder shall file a good and sufficient performance bond and a payment bond on the forms furnished by the Department conditioned for the full and faithful performance of the contract in accordance with the terms and intent thereof and for the prompt payment to all others for all labor and material furnished by them to the bidder and used in the prosecution of the work provided for in the contract. The bonds shall be of an amount equal to 100 percent of the amount of the contract price and include 5 percent of the contract amount estimated to be required for extra work. The bidder shall limit the acceptable performance and payment bonds to the following:

(a) Legal tender;

(b) Surety bond underwritten by a company licensed to issue bonds in the State of Hawaii; or

(c) A certificate of deposit; share certificate; cashier's check; treasurer's check, teller's check drawn by or a certified check accepted by and payable on demand to the State by a bank savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA).

1. The bidder may use these instruments only to a maximum of \$100,000.

2. If the required security or bond amount totals over \$100,000 more than one instrument not exceeding \$100,000 each and issued by different financial institutions shall be acceptable.

Such bonds shall also by the terms insure to the benefit of any and all persons entitled to file claims for labor done or material furnished in the work so as to give them a right of action as contemplated by HRS Section 103D-324.

103.06 Execution of the Contract. The contract bond and HRS Chapter 104 - Compliance Certificate, similar to a copy of the same annexed hereto, shall be executed by the successful bidder and returned within ten days after the award of the contract or within such further time as the Director may allow after the bidder has received the contract for execution.

The contract shall not bind the Department unless said parties execute
the contract and the Director of Finance endorses the bidder's certificate in
accordance with HRS Section 103-39.

103.07 Failure to Execute Contract. Failure to execute the contract and file acceptable bonds shall be cause for the cancellation of the award in accordance with Subsection 103.06 - Execution of the Contract. Also, the Contractor forfeits the proposal guaranty which becomes the property of the Department. This is not a penalty, but liquidated damages sustained by the State. The Department may then make award to the next lowest responsible and responsive bidder or the Department may readvertise and construct the work under contract."

END OF SECTION 103

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48 submission by the contractor of proper documentation of 49 completed force account work, whether periodic (conforming to the applicable billing cycle) or final. The Engineer shall return any 50 51 documentation that is defective, to the contractor within fifteen days after receipt, with a statement identifying the defect; or 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 conditions, or the adjustment or nonadjustment of the contract time 63 64 65 66 67 68

(B) For change orders with value exceeding \$50,000 by a unilateral determination by the Engineer of the costs attributable to the events or situations with adjustment of profit and fee, all as computed by the Engineer in accordance with applicable sections of HAR Chapters 3-123 and 3-126, and Section 109.05 -Allowances for Overhead and Profit. When a unilateral determination has been made, a unilateral change order shall be issued within ten days. Upon receipt of the unilateral change order, if the contractor does not agree with any of the terms or

or contract price, the contractor shall file a notice of intent to claim within thirty days after the receipt of the written unilateral change Failure to file a protest within the time specified shall constitute agreement on the part of the contractor with the terms, conditions, amounts, and adjustment or nonadjustment of the

contract time or the contract price set forth in the unilateral change order.

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> A contractor shall be required to submit cost or pricing data if any adjustment in contract price is subject to the provisions of HAR Chapter 3-122, A fully executed change order or other document permitting Subchapter 15. billing for the adjustment in price under any method listed in Subsections 104.06(1) through 104.06(7) shall be issued within ten days after agreement on the method of adjustment."

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END OF SECTION 104

"105.02 Submittals. The contract contains the description of various items that the Contractor must submit to the Engineer for review and acceptance. The Contractor shall review all submittals for correctness, conformance with the requirements of the contract documents and completeness before submitting them to the Engineer. The submittal shall indicate the contract items and specifications subsections for which the submittal is provided. The submittal shall be legible and clearly indicate what portion of the submittal is being submitted for review. The Contractor shall provide six copies of the required submissions at the earliest possible date."

 (III) Amend Subsection 105.08 (A) - Furnishing Drawings and Special Provisions to read as follows:

- "(A) Furnishing Drawings and Special Provisions. The State will furnish the Contractor an electronic set of the special provisions and plans." The Contractor shall have and maintain at least one set of plans and specifications on the work site, at all times."
- (IV) Amend Subsection 105.14(D) No Designated Storage Area from lines 421 to 432 to read as follows:
 - "(D) No Designated Storage Area. If no storage area is designated within the contract documents, materials and equipment may be stored anywhere within the State highway right-of-way, provided such storage and access to and from such site, within the sole discretion of the Engineer, does not create a public or traffic hazard or an impediment to the movement of traffic."
- **(V)** Amend **105.16(A) Subcontract Requirements** by adding the following paragraph after line 483:

The 'Specialty Items' of work for this project are as follows:

89 90	Section No.	Description	
90 91	NO.		
92	301	Contract Item No. 301.0100 under Section 301 - Hot Mix	
93		Asphalt Base Course	
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95	305	Contract Item No. 305.0100 under Section 305 – Aggregate	
96		Subbase Course	
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98	401	Contract Item No. 401.0410 under Section 401 – Hot Mix	
99		Asphalt (HMA) Pavement	
100 101	415	Contract Item No. 415.0110 under Section 415 – Cold Planing	
101	413	of Existing Pavement	
103		of Existing Faverneric	
104	606	All Contract Items under Section 606 - Guardrail	
105			
106	629	All Contract Items under Section 629 - Pavement Markings	
107			
108	630	All Contract Items under Section 630 – Traffic Control Guide	
109		Signs	
110	624	All Contract Itamas wadan Costian COA Traffic Contral	
111 112	631	All Contract Items under Section 631 - Traffic Control Regulatory, Warning, and Miscellaneous Signs	
112		rregulatory, warriing, and miscellaneous Signs	
114	632	All Contract Items under Section 632 – Markers	
115			
116	636	Contract Item No. 636.1000 under Section 636 - E-	
117		Construction License	
118			
119	645	All Contract Items under Section 645 – Work Zone Traffic	
120		Control	
121 122	648	Contract Item No. 648.1000 under Section 648 – Field Posted	
122	040	Drawings	
123		Drawings	
125	671	Contract Item No. 671.1000 under Section 671 – Protection of	
126	-	Endangered Species	
127			
128	699	Contract Item No. 699.1001 under Section 699 – Mobilization"	
129	0.00	1 (1 405 40/5)	
130	(VI) Amend Subsection 105.16(B) – Substituting Subcontractors by revising the second sentence from line 490 to line 493 to read:		
131			

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133	"Contractors may enter into subcontracts only with subcontractors listed in the
134	proposal or with non-listed joint contractors/subcontractors permitted unde
135	Subsection 102.06 – Preparation of Proposal."
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137	
138	END OF SECTION 105

1	SECTION 106 – MATERIAL RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS
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3	Make the following amendment to said Section:
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5	(I) Amend 106.05(B) – Deviation by revising the third sentence from line 106
6	to 108 to read as follows:
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8	"Any deviations will be subject to Subsection 102.14 – Substitution of Materials
9	and Equipment Before Bid Opening.
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15	END OF SECTION 106

Make the following amendments to said Section:

(I) Amend **Section 107.01 Insurance Requirements** from lines 5 to 81 to read as follows:

"(A) Obligation of Contractor. Contractor shall not commence any work until it obtains, at its own expense, all required insurance described herein. Such insurance shall be provided by an insurance company authorized by the laws of the State to issue such insurance in the State of Hawaii. Coverage by a "Non-Admitted" carrier is permissible provided the carrier has a Best's Rating of "A-VII" or better. The Contractor shall maintain and ensure all insurance policies are current for the full period of the contract until final acceptance of the work by the State.

The Certificate of Insurance shall contain: a clause that it is agreed that any insurance maintained by the State of Hawaii will apply in excess of, and not contribute with, insurance provided by this policy; and shall be accompanied by endorsement form CG2010 or equivalent naming the State as an additional insured to the policy which status shall be maintained for the full period of the contract until final acceptance of the work by State.

The Contractor shall obtain all required insurance as part of the contract price. Where there is a requirement for the State of Hawaii and its officers and employees to be named as additional insureds under any Contractor's insurance policy, before the State of Hawaii issues the Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall obtain and submit to the Engineer a Certificate of Insurance and a written policy endorsement that confirms the State of Hawaii and its officers and employees are additional insureds for the specific State project number and project title under such insurance policies. The written policy endorsement must be issued by the insurance company insuring the Contractor for the specified policy type or by an agent of such insurance company who is vested with the authority to issue a written policy endorsement. The insurer's agent shall also submit written confirmation of such authority to bind the insurer. Any delays in the issuance of the Notice to Proceed attributed to the failure to obtain the proof of the State of Hawaii and its officers and employees' additional insured status shall be charged to the Contractor.

A mere Certificate of Insurance issued by a broker who represents the Contractor (but not the Contractor's insurer), or by any other party who is not authorized to contractually name the State as an additional insured under the Contractor's insurance policy, is not sufficient to meet the Contractor's insurance obligations.

Certificates shall contain a provision that coverages being certified will not be cancelled or materially changed without giving the Engineer at least thirty (30) days prior written notice. Contractor will immediately provide written notice to the Director should any of the insurance policies evidenced on its Certificate of Insurance form be cancelled, reduced in scope or coverage, or not renewed upon expiration. Should any policy be canceled before final acceptance of the work by the State, and the Contractor fails to immediately procure replacement insurance as specified, the State, in addition to all other remedies it may have for such breach, reserves the right to procure such insurance and deduct the cost thereof from any money due or to become due to the Contractor.

Nothing contained in these insurance requirements is to be construed as limiting the extent of Contractor's responsibility for payment of damages resulting from its operations under this contract, including the Contractor's obligation to pay liquidated damages, nor shall it affect the Contractor's separate and independent duty to defend, indemnify and hold the State harmless pursuant to other provisions of this contract. In no instance will the State's exercise of an option to occupy and use completed portions of the work relieve the Contractor of its obligation to maintain the required insurance until the date of final acceptance of the work.

All insurance described herein shall be primary and cover the insured for all work to be performed under the contract, all work performed incidental thereto or directly or indirectly connected therewith, including but not limited to traffic detour work, barricades, warnings, diversions, lane closures, and other work performed outside the work area and all change order work.

The Contractor shall, from time to time, furnish the Engineer, when requested, satisfactory proof of coverage of each type of insurance required covering the work. Failure to comply with the Engineer's request may result in suspension of the work, and shall be sufficient grounds to withhold future payments due the Contractor and to terminate the contract for Contractor's default.

(B) Types of Insurance. Contractor shall purchase and maintain insurance described below which shall provide coverage

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against claims arising out of the Contractor's operations under the contract, whether such operations be by the Contractor itself or by any subcontractor or by anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or by anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable.

- (1) Workers' Compensation. The Contractor shall obtain worker's compensation insurance for all persons whom they employ in carrying out the work under this contract. This insurance shall be in strict conformity with the requirements of the most current and applicable State of Hawaii Worker's Compensation Insurance laws in effect on the date of the execution of this contract
- (2) Auto Liability. The Contractor shall obtain Auto Liability Insurance covering all owned, non-owned and hired autos with a Combined single Limit of not less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence for bodily injury and property damage with the State of Hawaii named as additional insured. Refer to SPECIAL CONDITIONS for any additional requirements.
- **(3) General Liability.** The Contractor shall obtain General Liability insurance with a limit of not less than \$2,000,000 per occurrence and in the Aggregates for each of the following:
 - (a) Products Completed/Operations Aggregate,
 - **(b)** Personal & Advertising Injury, and

and as modified during the duration of the contract.

(c) Bodily Injury & Property Damage

The General Liability insurance shall include the State as an Additional Insured. The required limit of insurance may be provided by a single policy or with a combination of primary and excess policies. Refer to SPECIAL CONDITIONS for any additional requirements.

(4) Builders Risk For All Work. The Contractor shall take out a policy of builder's risk insurance for the full replacement value of the project work; from a company licensed or otherwise authorized to do business in the State of Hawaii; naming the State as an additional insured under each policy; and covering all work, labor, and materials furnished by such Contractor and all its subcontractors against loss by fire, windstorm, tsunamis, earthquakes, lightning, explosion, other perils covered by the standard Extended Coverage Endorsement, vandalism, and

134 135 136	malicious mischief. Refer to SPECIAL CONDITIONS for any additional requirements."
137 138	(II) Amend 107.03 - Working Hours; Night Work by adding the following after line 142.
139 140 141	"Perform night work only as follows:
142 143 144	Sunday thru Thursday nights, from 6:00 P.M. to 12:00 midnight Monday thru Friday mornings, from 12:00 midnight to 7:00 A.M.
145 146 147	The Engineer has secured a Noise Variance from the Department of Health according to Administrative Rules Title 11, Chapter 11-46, Section 11-46-8 for this work."
148 149 150 151	(III) Add Section 107.18 Citizen and Residential Labor Force after line 745 to read as follows:
151 152 153	"107.18 Citizen and Residential Labor Force.
154	(A) Citizen Labor. No person shall be employed as a laborer or
155	mechanic unless such person is a citizen of the United States or eligible to
156	become one; provided that persons without such qualifications may be
157	employed with the approval of the Governor until persons who are citizens
158	and are competent for such services are available for hire.
150 159	and are competent for such services are available for fille.
160	(B) Residential Labor Force. In accordance with Act 192; SLH 2011,
161	no less than eighty (80) percent of the bidder's labor force working on the
162	contract shall be provided by Hawaii residents. This act applies to all
163	construction procurements under HRS Chapter 103D; however this act
164	does not apply to procurements for professional services under Section
165	103D-304 and small purchases under Section 103D-305. This act is also
166	applicable to any subcontract of \$50.000.00 or more in connection with
167	this contract.
168	tino contract.
169	Resident means a person who is physically present in the State of
170	Hawaii at the time the person claims to have established the person's
171	domicile in the State of Hawaii and shows the person's intent is to make
172	Hawaii the person's primary residence.
173	riawan the percent o primary reduction.
174	(C) Percentage of workforce shall be determined by dividing the labor
175	hours (including subcontractors) provided by residents working on the
176	project divided by the total number of hours worked by all employees of
177	the contractor in the performance of the contract. Hours worked by
178	employees within shortage trades as determined by the Department of

179	Labor	and Industrial Relations shall not be included in the calculation of
180	this pe	ercentage.
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182	(D)	Certification of compliance with the forgoing provisions shall be
183	made	by the contractor in the form of a written oath submitted to the
184	Procu	rement Officer on a monthly basis for the duration of the contract.
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186	(E)	Sanctions for non compliance with these provisions are as follows:
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188		(1) With respect to the General Contractor, withholding of
189		payment on the contract until the Contractor or its Subcontractor
190		complies with HRS Chapter 103B as amended by Act 192, SLH
191		2011.
192		
193		(2) Proceedings for debarment or suspension of the Contractor
194		or Subcontractor under Hawaii Revised Statutes § 103D-702.
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196		Section shall not apply when its application will disqualify the State
197	from receivin	g federal funds or aid."
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202		END OF SECTION 107

"SECTION 108 - PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

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108.01 Notice to Proceed (NTP). A Notice To Proceed will be issued to the Contractor not more 30 calendar days after the contract certification date. The Engineer may suspend the contract before issuing the Notice To Proceed, in which case the Contractor's remedies are exclusively those set forth in Subsection 108.10 – Suspension of Work.

 The Contractor shall be allowed up to 14 calendar days after the Notice to Proceed to begin physical work. The Start Work Date will be established when this period ends or on the actual day that physical work begins, whichever is first. Charging of Contract Time will begin on the Start Work Date. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, at least five working days before beginning physical work.

In the event that the Contractor fails to start physical work within the time specified, the Engineer may terminate the contract in accordance with Subsection 108.11 – Termination of Contract for Cause.

During the period between the Notice to Proceed and the Start Work Date the Contractor should adjust work forces, equipment, schedules, and procure materials and required permits, prior to beginning physical work.

Any physical work done prior to the Start Work Date will be considered unauthorized work. If the Engineer does not direct that the unauthorized work be removed, it shall be paid for after the Start Work Date and only if it is acceptable.

 In the event that the Engineer establishes, in writing, a Start Work Date that is beyond 60 calendar days from the Notice to Proceed date, the Contractor may submit a claim in accordance with, Subsection 107.15 – Disputes and Claims for increased labor and material costs which are directly attributable to the delay beyond the first 60 calendar days after the Notice to Proceed date.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 24 hours before restarting physical work after a suspension of work pursuant to Subsection 108.10 – Suspension of Work.

Once physical work has begun, the Contractor shall work expeditiously and pursue the work diligently to completion with the contract time. If a portion of the work is to be done in stages, the Contractor shall leave the area safe and usable for the user agency and the public at the end of each stage.

Water Pollution and Siltation Control Submittals, including Site-

Certificate of Insurance, satisfactory to the Engineer, indicating that

the Contractor has in place all insurance coverage required by the contract

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- (10)Schedule of agreed prices.
- (11) List of suppliers.

Tax Rates.

Insurance Rates.

Schedule).

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documents.

(12)Traffic Control Plan, if applicable.

Specific Best Management Practice Plan.

Solid Waste Disposal form.

108.04 Character and Proficiency of Workers. The Contractor shall at all times provide adequate supervision and sufficient labor and equipment for prosecuting the work to full completion in the manner and within the time required by the contract. The superintendent and all other representatives of the Contractor shall act in a civil and honest manner in all dealings with the Engineer, all other State officials and representatives, and the public in connection with the work.

All workers shall possess the proper license, certification, job classification, skill, training, and experience necessary to properly perform the work assigned to them.

The Engineer may direct the removal of any worker(s) who does not carry out the assigned work in a proper and skillful manner or who is disrespectful, intemperate, violent, or disorderly. The worker shall be removed forthwith by the Contractor and will not work again without the written permission of the Engineer.

108.05 Contract Time.

(A) Calculation of Contract Time. When the contract time is on a working day basis, the total contract time allowed for the performance of the work will be the number of working days shown in the contract plus any additional working days authorized in writing as provided hereinafter. The count of elapsed working days to be charged against contract time, will begin from the Start Work Date and will continue consecutively to the date of Substantial Completion. When multiple shifts are used to perform the work, the State will not consider the hours worked over the normal eight working hours per day or night as an additional working day.

When the contract is on a calendar day basis, the total contract time allowed for the performance of the work will be the number of days shown in the contract plus any additional days authorized in writing as provided hereinafter. The count of elapsed days to be charged against contract time will begin from the Start Work Date and will continue consecutively to the date of Substantial Completion. The Engineer will exclude days elapsing between the orders of the Engineer to suspend work and resume work for suspensions not the fault of the Contractor.

(B) Modifications of Contract Time. Whenever the Contractor believes that an extension of contract time is justified, the Contractor shall serve written notice on the Engineer not more than five working days after the occurrence of the event that causes a delay or justifies a contract time extension. Contract time may be adjusted for the following reasons or events, but only if and to the extent the critical path has been affected:

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(1) Changes in the Work, Additional Work, and Delays Caused by the State. If the Contractor believes that an extension of time is justified on account of any act or omission by the State, and is not adequately provided for in a field order or change order, it must request the additional time as provided above. At the request of the Engineer, the Contractor must show how the critical path will be affected and must also support the time extension request with schedules, as well as statements from its subcontractors, suppliers, or manufacturers, as necessary. Claims for compensation for any altered or additional work will be determined pursuant to Subsection 104.02 – Changes.

Additional time to perform the extra work will be added to the time allowed in the contract without regard to the date the change directive was issued, even if the contract completion date has passed. A change requiring time issued after contract time has expired will not constitute an excusal or waiver of pre-existing Contractor delay.

- (2) Delay for Permits. For delays in the routine application and processing time required to obtain necessary permits, including permits to be obtained from State agencies, the Engineer may grant an extension provided that the permit takes longer than 30 days to acquire and the delay is not caused by the Contractor, and provided that as soon as the delay occurs, the Contractor notifies the Engineer in writing that the permits are not available. Permits required by the contract that take less than 30 days to acquire from the time which the appropriate documents are granted shall be acquired between Notice to Proceed and Start Work Date or accounted for in the contractor's progress schedule. Time extensions will be the exclusive relief granted on account of such delays.
- (3) Delays Beyond Contractor's Control. For delays caused by acts of God, a public enemy, fire, inclement weather days or adverse conditions resulting therefrom, earthquakes, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, labor disputes impacting the Contractor or the State, freight embargoes and other reasons beyond the Contractor's control, the Contractor may be granted an extension of time provided that:
 - (a) In the written notice of delay to the Engineer, the Contractor describes possible effects on the completion date of the contract. The description of delays shall:

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- 1. State specifically the reason or reasons for the delay and fully explain in a detailed chronology how the delay affects the critical path.
- **2.** Include copies of pertinent documentation to support the time extension request.
- **3.** Cite the anticipated period of delay and the time extension requested.
- **4.** State either that the above circumstances have been cleared and normal working conditions restored as of a certain day or that the above circumstances will continue to prevent completion of the project.
- **(b)** The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing when the delay ends. Time extensions will be the exclusive relief granted and no additional compensation will be paid the Contractor for such delays.
- (4) Delays in Delivery of Materials or Equipment. For delays in delivery of materials or equipment, which occur as a result of unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without fault of the Contractor, its subcontractor(s) or supplier(s), time extensions shall be the exclusive relief granted and no additional compensation will be paid the Contractor on account of such delay. The delay shall not exceed the difference between the originally scheduled delivery date and the actual delivery date. The Contractor may be granted an extension of time provided that it complies with the following procedures:
 - (a) The Contractor's written notice to the Engineer must describe the delays and state the effect such delays may have on the critical path.
 - **(b)** The Contractor, if requested, must submit to the Engineer within five days after a firm delivery date for the material and equipment is established, a written statement regarding the delay. The Contractor must justify the delay as follows:
 - **1.** State specifically all reasons for the delay. Explain in a detailed chronology the effect of the delay on the critical path.

225	2. Submit copies of purchase order(s), factory
226	invoice(s), bill(s) of lading, shipping manifest(s),
227	delivery tag(s), and any other documents to support the
228	time extension request.
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230	3. Cite the start and end date of the delay and the
231	time extension requested.
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233	(5) Delays for Suspension of Work. When the performance of
234	the work is totally suspended for one or more days (calendar or
235	working days, as appropriate) by order of the Engineer in
236	accordance with Subsections 108.10(A)(1), 108.10(A)(2), or
237	108.10(A)(5) the number of days from the effective date of the
238	Engineer's order to suspend operations to the effective date of the
239	Engineer's order to resume operations shall not be counted as
240	contract time and the contract completion date will be adjusted.
241	During periods of partial suspensions of the work, the Contractor will
242	be granted a time extension only if the partial suspension affects the
243	critical path. If the Contractor believes that an extension of time is
244	justified for a partial suspension of work, it must request the
245	extension in writing at least five working days before the partial
246	suspension will affect the critical operation(s) in progress. The
247	Contractor must show how the critical path was increased based on
248	the status of the work and must also support its claim if requested,
249	with statements from its subcontractors. A suspension of work will
250	not constitute a waiver of pre-existing Contractor delay.
251	(6) Contractor Caucad Dalaya No time sytension will be
252	(6) Contractor Caused Delays. No time extension will be
253	granted under the following circumstances:
254	(a) Deleve within the Contractor's control in newforming the
255	(a) Delays within the Contractor's control in performing the
256	work caused by the Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or any
257	combination thereof.
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259	(b) Delays within the Contractor's control in arrival of
260	materials and equipment caused by the Contractor,
261	subcontractor, supplier, or any combination thereof, in
262	ordering, fabricating, and delivery.
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264	(c) Delays requested for changes which do not affect the
265	critical path.

266	(d) Delays caused by the failure of the Contractor to make
267	submittals in a timely manner for review and acceptance by
268	the Engineer, such as but not limited to shop drawings,
269	descriptive sheets, material samples, and color samples
270	except as covered in Subsection 108.05(B)(3) - Delays
271	Beyond Contractor's Control and 108.05(B)(4) - Delays in
272	Delivery of Materials or Equipment.
273	
274	(e) Delays caused by the failure to submit sufficient
275	information and data in a timely manner in the proper form in
276	order to obtain necessary permits related to the work.
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278	(f) Failure to follow the procedure within the time allowed
279	by contract to request a time extension.
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281	(g) Failure of the Contractor to provide evidence sufficient
282	to support the time extension request.
283	
284	(7) Reduction in Time. If the State deletes or modifies any
285	portion of the work, an appropriate reduction of contract time may be
286	made in accordance with Subsection 104.02 - Changes.
287	
288	108.06 Progress Schedules.
289	(A) Forms of Schedule. All schedules shall be submitted using the
290 291	(A) Forms of Schedule. All schedules shall be submitted using the specific computer program designated in the bid documents. If no such
292	scheduling software program is designated, then all schedules shall be
293	submitted using the latest version of Microsoft Project by Microsoft or
294	approved equivalent software program.
295	approved equivalent software program.
296	Schedule submittals shall be as follows:
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298	(1) For Contracts \$2,000,000 or less or For Contract Time 100
299	Working Days or 140 Calendar Days or Less. For contracts of
300	\$2,000,000 or less or for contract time of 100 working days or 140
301	calendar days or less, the progress schedule will be a Time Scaled
302	Logic Diagram (TSLD). The Contractor shall submit a TSLD
303	submittal package meeting the following requirements and having
304	these essential and distinctive elements:
305	
306	(a) The major features of work, such as but not limited to
307	BMP installation, grubbing, roadway excavation, structure
308	excavation, structure construction, shown in the chronological
308 309	order in which the Contractor proposes to work that feature or
308 309 310	order in which the Contractor proposes to work that feature or work and its location on the project. The schedule shall
308 309	order in which the Contractor proposes to work that feature or
308 309 310	order in which the Contractor proposes to work that feature or work and its location on the project. The schedule shall

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conditions that may influence the progress of the work, schedules, and coordination required by any utility, off or on site fabrications, and other pertinent factors that relate to progress;

- **(b)** All features listed or not listed in the contract documents that the Contractor considers a controlling factor for the timely completion of the contract work.
- **(c)** The time span and sequence of the activities or events for each feature, and its interrelationship and interdependencies in time and logic to other features in order to complete the project.
- **(d)** The total anticipated time necessary to complete work required by the contract.
- **(e)** A chronological listing of critical intermediate dates or time periods for features or milestones or phases that can affect timely completion of the project.
- **(f)** Major activities related to the location on the project.
- **(g)** Non-construction activities, such as submittal and acceptance periods for shop drawings and material, procurement, testing, fabrication, mobilization, and demobilization or order dates of long lead material.
- **(h)** Set schedule logic for out of sequence activities to retain logic. In addition, open ends shall be non-critical.
- (i) Show target bars for all activities.
- (j) Vertical and horizontal sight lines both major and minor shall be used as well as a separator line between groups. The Engineer will determine frequency and style.
- **(k)** The file name, print date, revision number, data and project title and number shall be included in the title block.
- (I) Have columns with the appropriate data in them for activity ID, description, original duration, remaining duration, early start, early finish, total float, percent complete, resources. The resource column shall list who is responsible for the work to be done in the activity. These columns shall be to the left of the bar chart.

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- (2) For Contracts Which Have A Contract Amount More Than \$2,000,000 Or Having A Contract Time Of More Than 100 Working Days Or 140 Calendar Days. For contracts which have a contract amount more than \$2,000,000 or contract time of more than 100 working days or 140 calendar days, the Contractor shall submit a Timed-Scaled Logic Diagram (TSLD) meeting the following requirements and having these essential and distinctive elements:
 - (a) The information and requirements listed in Subsection 108.06(A)(1) For Contracts \$2,000,000 or Less or For Contract Time 100 Working Days or 140 Calendar Days or Less.
 - **(b)** Additional reports and graphics available from the software as requested by the Engineer.
 - **(c)** Sufficient detail to allow at least weekly monitoring of the Contractor and subcontractor's operations.
 - (d) The time scaled schematic shall be on a calendar or working days basis. What will be used shall be determined by how the contract keeps track of time. It will be the same. Plot the critical calendar dates anticipated.
 - **(e)** Breakdown of activity, such as forming, placing reinforcing steel, concrete pouring and curing, and stripping in concrete construction. Indicate location of work to be done in such detail that it would be easily determined where work would be occurring within approximately 200 feet.
 - (f) Latest start and finish dates for critical path activities.
 - **(g)** Identify responsible subcontractor, supplier, and others for their respective activity.
 - **(h)** No individual activity shall have duration of more than 20 calendar days unless requested and approved by the Engineer.
 - (i) All activities shall have work breakdown structure codes and activity codes. The activity codes shall have coding that incorporates information for phase, location, who is responsible for doing work and type of operation and activity description.

- (j) Incorporate all physical access and availability restraints.
- **(B) Inspection and Testing.** All schedules shall provide reasonable time and opportunity for the Engineer to inspect and test each work activity.
- **Engineer's Acceptance of Progress Schedule.** The submittal of, and the Engineer's receipt of any progress schedule, shall not be deemed an agreement to modify any terms or conditions of the contract. modifications to the contract terms and conditions that appear in or may be inferred from an acceptable schedule will not be valid or enforceable unless and until the Engineer exercises discretion to issue an appropriate change order. Nor shall any submittal or receipt imply the Engineer's approval of the schedule's breakdown, its individual elements, any critical path that may be shown, nor shall it obligate the State to make its personnel available outside normal working hours or the working hours established by the Contract in order to accommodate such schedule. The Contractor has the risk of all elements (whether or not shown) of the schedule and its execution. No claim for additional compensation, time, or both, shall be made by the Contractor or recognized by the Engineer for delays during any period for which an acceptable progress schedule or an updated progress schedule as required by Subsection 108.06(E) - Contractor's Continuing Schedule Submittal Requirements had not been submitted. Any acceptance or approval of the schedule shall be for general format only and shall not be deemed an agreement by the State that the construction means, methods, and resources shown on the schedule will result in work that conforms to the contract requirements or that the sequences or durations indicated are feasible.
- **(D) Initial Progress Schedule.** The Contractor shall submit an initial progress schedule. The initial progress schedule shall consist of the following:
 - (1) Four sets of the TSLD schedule.
 - (2) All the software files and data to re-create the TSLD in a computerized software format as specified by the Engineer.
 - (3) A listing of equipment that is anticipated to be used on the project. Including the type, size, make, year of manufacture, and all information necessary to identify the equipment in the Rental Rate Blue Book for Construction Equipment.
 - (4) An anticipated manpower requirement graph plotting contract time and total manpower requirement. This may be superimposed over the payment graph.

451	(5) A Method Statement that is a detailed narrative describing th
452	work to be done and the method by which the work shall b
453	accomplished for each major activity. A major activity is an activit
454	that:
455	
456	(a) Has a duration longer than five days.
457	
458	(b) Is a milestone activity.
459	
460	(c) Is a contract item that exceeds \$10,000 on the contract
461	cost proposal.
462	
463	(d) Is a critical path activity.
464	
465	(e) Is an activity designated as such by the Engineer.
466	
467	Each Method Statement shall include the following item
468	needed to fulfill the schedule:
469	
470	(a) Quantity, type, make, and model of equipment.
471	
472	(b) The manpower to do the work, specifying works
473	classification.
474	/
475	(c) The production rate per eight hour day, or the workin
476	hours established by the contract documents needed to mee
477	the time indicated on the schedule. If the production rate i
478	not for eight hours, the number of working hours shall b
479	indicated.
480	(6) Two cots of color time cooled project evaluation and review
481	(6) Two sets of color time-scaled project evaluation and review
482 483	technique charts ("PERT") using the activity box template of Logic
484	Early Start or such other template designated by the Engineer.
484	If the contract decuments establish a sequence or order for the work
485 486	If the contract documents establish a sequence or order for the work the initial progress schedule shall conform to such sequence or order.
487	the initial progress schedule shall comorn to such sequence of order.
488	(E) Contractor's Continuing Schedule Submittal Requirements
489	After the acceptance of the initial TSLD and when construction starts, th
490	Contractor shall submit four plotted progress schedules, two PERT charts
491	and reports on all construction activities every two weeks (bi-weekly). This
492	scheduled bi-weekly submittal shall also include an updated version of th
493	project schedule in a computerized software format as specified by th
494	Engineer. The submittal shall have all the information needed to re-creat
495	that time period's TSLD plot and reports. The bi-weekly submittal sha
496	include but not limited to an update of activities based on actual durations

497 all new activities and any changes in duration or start or finish dates of any activity.

The Contractor shall submit with every update, in report form acceptable to the Engineer, a list of changes to the progress schedule since the previous schedule submittal. The Engineer may change the frequency of the submittal requirements but may not require a submittal of the schedule to be more than once a week. The Engineer may decrease the frequency of the submittal of the bi-weekly schedule.

The Contractor shall submit updates of the anticipated work completion graph, equipment listing, manpower requirement graph or method statement when requested by the Engineer. The Contractor shall submit such updates within 4 calendar days from the date of the request by the Engineer.

The Engineer may withhold progress payment until the Contractor is in compliance with all schedule update requirements

(F) Float. All float appearing on a schedule is a shared commodity. Float does not belong to or exist for the exclusive use or benefit of either the State or the Contractor. The State or the Contractor has the opportunity to use available float until it is depleted. Float has no monetary value.

(G) Scheduled Meetings. The Contractor shall meet on a bi-weekly basis with the Engineer to review the progress schedule. The Contractor shall have someone attending the meeting that can answer all questions on the TSLD and other schedule related submittals.

(H) Accelerated Schedule; Early Completion. If the Contractor submits an accelerated schedule (shorter than the contract time), the Engineer's review and acceptance of an accelerated schedule does not constitute an agreement or obligation by the State to modify the contract time or completion date. The Contractor is solely responsible for and shall accept all risks and any delays, other than those that can be directly and solely attributable to the State, that may occur during the work, until the contract completion date. The contract time or completion date is established for the benefit of the State and cannot be changed without an appropriate change order or Substantial Completion granted by the State. The State may accept the work before the completion date is established, but is not obligated to do so.

 If the TSLD indicates an early completion of the project, the Contractor shall, upon submittal of the schedule, cooperate with the Engineer in explaining how it will be achieved. In addition, the Contractor shall submit the above explanation in writing which shall include the State's part, if any, in achieving the early completion date. Early completion of the project shall not rely on changes to the Contract Documents unless approved by the Engineer.

(I) Contractor Responsibilities. The Contractor shall promptly respond to any inquiries from the Engineer regarding any schedule submission. The Contractor shall adjust the schedule to address directives from the Engineer and shall resubmit the TSLD package to the Engineer until the Engineer finds it acceptable.

The Contractor shall perform the work in accordance with the submitted TSLD. The Engineer may require the Contractor to provide additional work forces and equipment to bring the progress of the work into conformance with the TSLD at no increase in contract price or contract time whenever the Engineer determines that the progress of the work does not insure completion within the specified contract time.

108.07 Weekly Meeting. In addition to the bi-weekly schedule meetings, the Contractor shall be available to meet once a week with the Engineer at the time and place as determined by the Engineer to discuss the work and its progress including but not limited to, the progress of the project, potential problems, coordination of work, submittals, erosion control reports, etc. The Contractor's personnel attending shall have the authority to make decisions and answer questions.

The Contractor shall bring to weekly meetings a detailed work schedule showing the next three weeks' work. Number of copies of the detailed work schedule to be submitted will be determined by the Engineer. The three-week schedule is in addition to the TSLD and shall in no way be considered as a substitute for the TSLD or vice versa. The three-week schedule shall show:

- (a) All construction events, traffic control and BMP related activities in such detail that the Engineer will be able to determine at what location and type of work will be done for any day for the next three weeks. This is for the State to use to plan its manpower requirements for that time period.
- **(b)** The duration of all events and delays.
- **(c)** The critical path clearly marked in red or marked in a manner that makes it clearly distinguishable from other paths and is acceptable to the Engineer.

584	(d)	Critical submittals and requests for information (RFI's).
585		
586	(e)	The project title, project number, date created, period the schedule
587	cover	s, Contractor's name and creator of the schedule on each page.
588		
589		Two days prior to each weekly meeting, the Contractor shall submit a
590	list of	outstanding submittals, RFIs and issues that require discussion.
591		
592	108.08 Li	quidated Damages for Failure to Complete the Work or Portions
593	of the Wo	k on Time. The actual amount of damages resulting from the
594	Contractor's	failure to complete the contract in a timely manner is difficult to
595	accurately d	etermine. Therefore, the amount of such damages shall be liquidated
596	•	set forth herein and in the special provisions. The State may, at its
597		educt the amount from monies due or that may become due under the
598	contract.	
599		
600		the Contractor fails to reach substantial completion of the work for
501	•	ated damages are specified, within the time or times fixed in the
502		ny extension thereof, in addition to all other remedies for breach that
503		able to the State, the Contractor shall pay liquidated damages to the
504	State, in the	amount of \$ 5,000 per working day.
505	(8)	
506	(A)	Liquidated Damages Upon Termination. If the State terminates
507		count of Contractor's default, liquidated damages may be charged
608	•	st the defaulting Contractor and its surety until final completion of
609	work.	
510 511	(D)	Liquidated Damages for Egilure to Complete the Bunchlist The
511	(B)	Liquidated Damages for Failure to Complete the Punchlist. The actor shall complete the work on any punchlist created after the pre-
512		ispection, within the contract time or any extension thereof.
513 514	IIIIai i	spection, within the contract time of any extension thereof.
515		When the Contractor fails to complete the work on such punchlist
516	within	the contract time or any extension thereof, the Contractor shall pay
517		ated damages to the State of 20 percent of the amount of liquidated
518	•	ges established for failure to substantially complete the work within
519		act time. Liquidated damages shall not be assessed for the period
520	betwe	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
521		
522		(1) Notice from the Contractor that the project is substantially
523		complete and the time the punchlist is delivered to the Contractor.
524		•

(2) The date of the completion of punchlist as determined by the Engineer and the date of the successful final inspection, and

628	
	(3) The date of the Final Inspection that results in Substantial
629	Completion and the receipt by the Contractor of the written notice of
630	Substantial Completion.
631	
632	(C) Actual Damages Recoverable If Liquidated Damages Deemed
633	Unenforceable. In the event a court of competent jurisdiction holds that
634	any liquidated damages assessed pursuant to this contract are
635	unenforceable, the State will be entitled to recover its actual damages for
636	Contractor's failure to complete the work, or any designated portion of the
637	work within the time set by the contract.
638	
639	108.09 Rental Fees for Unauthorized Lane Closure or Occupancy. In
640	addition to all other remedies available to the State for Contractor's breach of the
641	terms of the contract, the Engineer will assess the rental fees in the amount of
642	\$2,500 for every one-to fifteen-minute increment for each roadway lane closed to
643	public use or occupied beyond the time periods authorized in the contract or by the
644	Engineer. The State may, at its discretion, deduct the amount from monies due or
645	that may become due under the contract. The rental fee may be waived in whole
646	or part if the Engineer determines that the unauthorized period of lane closure or
647	occupancy was due to factors beyond the control of the Contractor. Equipment
648	breakdown is not a cause to waive liquidated damages.
649	
650 651	108.10 Suspension of Work.
652	(A) Suspension of Work. The Engineer may, by written order, suspend
653	the performance of the work, either in whole or in part, for such periods as
654	the Engineer may deem necessary, for any cause, including but not limited
655	to:
655 656	to:
655 656 657	to: (1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for
655 656 657 658	to:
655 656 657 658 659	to: (1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for prosecution of the work.
655 656 657 658 659 660	(1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for prosecution of the work.(2) Whenever a redesign that may affect the work is deemed
655 656 657 658 659 660 661	to: (1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for prosecution of the work.
655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662	(1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for prosecution of the work.(2) Whenever a redesign that may affect the work is deemed necessary by the Engineer.
655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663	 (1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for prosecution of the work. (2) Whenever a redesign that may affect the work is deemed necessary by the Engineer. (3) Unacceptable noise or dust arising from the construction even
655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664	(1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for prosecution of the work.(2) Whenever a redesign that may affect the work is deemed necessary by the Engineer.
655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665	 (1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for prosecution of the work. (2) Whenever a redesign that may affect the work is deemed necessary by the Engineer. (3) Unacceptable noise or dust arising from the construction even if it does not violate any law or regulation.
655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666	 (1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for prosecution of the work. (2) Whenever a redesign that may affect the work is deemed necessary by the Engineer. (3) Unacceptable noise or dust arising from the construction even
655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667	 (1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for prosecution of the work. (2) Whenever a redesign that may affect the work is deemed necessary by the Engineer. (3) Unacceptable noise or dust arising from the construction even if it does not violate any law or regulation. (4) Failure on the part of the Contractor to:
655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667 668	 (1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for prosecution of the work. (2) Whenever a redesign that may affect the work is deemed necessary by the Engineer. (3) Unacceptable noise or dust arising from the construction even if it does not violate any law or regulation. (4) Failure on the part of the Contractor to: (a) Correct conditions unsafe for the general public or for
655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667 668	 (1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for prosecution of the work. (2) Whenever a redesign that may affect the work is deemed necessary by the Engineer. (3) Unacceptable noise or dust arising from the construction even if it does not violate any law or regulation. (4) Failure on the part of the Contractor to:
655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667 668	 (1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for prosecution of the work. (2) Whenever a redesign that may affect the work is deemed necessary by the Engineer. (3) Unacceptable noise or dust arising from the construction even if it does not violate any law or regulation. (4) Failure on the part of the Contractor to: (a) Correct conditions unsafe for the general public or for

- **(c)** Perform the work in strict compliance with the provisions of the contract.
- (d) Provide adequate supervision on the jobsite.
- (5) The convenience of the State.
- (B) Partial and Total Suspension. Suspension of work on some but not all items of work shall be considered a "partial suspension". Suspension of work on all items shall be considered "total suspension". The period of suspension shall be computed from the date set out in the written order for work to cease until the date of the order for work to resume.
- (C) Reimbursement to Contractor. In the event that the Contractor is ordered by the Engineer in writing as provided herein to suspend all work under the contract for the reasons specified in Subsections 108.10(A)(2), 108.10(A)(3), or 108.10(A)(5) of the "Suspension of Work" paragraph, the Contractor may be reimbursed for actual direct costs incurred on work at the jobsite, as authorized in writing by the Engineer, including costs expended for the protection of the work. An allowance of 5 percent for indirect categories of delay costs will be paid on any reimbursed direct costs, including extended branch and home-office overhead and delay impact costs. No allowance will be made for anticipated profits. Payment for equipment which is ordered to standby during such suspension of work shall be made as described in Subsection 109.06(H) Idle and Standby Equipment.
- **(D) Cost Adjustment.** If the performance of all or part of the work is suspended for reasons beyond the control of the Contractor except an adjustment shall be made for any increase in cost of performance of this contract (excluding profit) necessarily caused by such suspension, and the contract modified in writing accordingly.

However, no adjustment to the contract price shall be made for any suspension, delay, or interruption:

- (1) For weather related conditions.
- (2) To the extent that performance would have been so suspended, delayed, or interrupted by any other cause, including the fault or negligence of the Contractor.
- (3) Or, for which an adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other provision of this Contract.

(E) Claims for Adjustment. Any adjustment in contract price made shall be determined in accordance with Subsections 104.02 – Changes and 104.06 – Methods of Price Adjustment.

Any claims for such compensation shall be filed in writing with the Engineer within 30 days after the date of the order to resume work or the claim will not be considered. The claim shall conform to the requirements of Subsection 107.15(D) – Making of a Claim. The Engineer will take the claim under consideration, may make such investigations as are deemed necessary and will be the sole judge as to the equitability of the claim. The Engineer's decision will be final.

(F) No Adjustment. No provision of this clause shall entitle the Contractor to any adjustments for delays due to failure of its surety, the cancellation or expiration of any insurance coverage required by the contract documents, for suspensions made at the request of the Contractor, for any delay required under the contract, for suspensions, either partial or whole, made by the Engineer under Subsection 108.10(A)(4) of the "Suspension of work" paragraph.

108.11 Termination of Contract for Cause.

Default. If the Contractor refuses or fails to perform the work, or any separable part thereof, with such diligence as will assure its completion within the time specified in this contract, or any extension thereof, or commits any other material breach of this contract, and further fails within seven days after receipt of written notice from the Engineer to commence and continue correction of the refusal or failure with diligence and promptness, the Engineer may, by written notice to the Contractor, declare the Contractor in breach and terminate the Contractor's right to proceed with the work or the part of the work as to which there has been delay or other breach of contract. In such event, the State may take over the work, perform the same to completion, by contract or otherwise, and may take possession of, and utilize in completing the work, the materials, appliances, and plants as may be on the site of the work and necessary therefore. Whether or not the Contractor's right to proceed with the work is terminated, the Contractor and the Contractor's sureties shall be liable for any damage to the State resulting from the Contractor's refusal or failure to complete the work within the specified time.

(B) Additional Rights and Remedies. The rights and remedies of the State provided in this contract are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law.

(C) Costs and Charges. All costs and charges incurred by the State, together with the cost of completing the work under contract, will be

deducted from any monies due or which would or might have become due to the Contractor had it been allowed to complete the work under the contract. If such expense exceeds the sum which would have been payable under the contract, then the Contractor and the surety shall be liable and shall pay the State the amount of the excess.

In case of termination, the Engineer will limit any payment to the Contractor to the part of the contract satisfactorily completed at the time of termination. Payment will not be made until the work has satisfactorily been completed and all required documents, including the tax clearance required by Subsection 109.11 – Final Payment are submitted by the Contractor. Termination shall not relieve the Contractor or Surety from liability for liquidated damages.

(D) Erroneous Termination for Cause. If, after notice of termination of the Contractor's right to proceed under this section, it is determined for any reason that good cause did not exist to allow the State to terminate as provided herein, the rights and obligations of the parties shall be the same as, and the relief afforded the Contractor shall be limited to, the provisions contained in Subsection 108.12 – Termination for Convenience.

108.12 Termination For Convenience.

- (A) Terminations. The Director may, when the interests of the State so require, terminate this contract in whole or in part, for the convenience of the State. The Director will give written notice of the termination to the Contractor specifying the part of the contract terminated and when termination becomes effective.
- (B) Contractor's Obligations. The Contractor shall incur no further obligations in connection with the terminated work and on the date set in the notice of termination the Contractor shall stop work to the extent specified. The Contractor shall also terminate outstanding orders and subcontracts as they relate to the terminated work. The Contractor shall settle the liabilities and claims arising out of the termination of subcontracts and orders connected with the terminated work subject to the State's approval. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to assign the Contractor's right, title, and interest under terminated orders or subcontracts to the State. The Contractor must still complete the work not terminated by the notice of termination and may incur obligations as necessary to do so.
- **(C) Right to Construction and Goods.** The Engineer may require the Contractor to transfer title and to deliver to the State in the manner and to the extent directed by the Engineer, the following:

807		(1) Any completed work.
808		
809		(2) Any partially completed construction, goods, materials, parts,
810		tools, dies, jigs, fixtures, drawings, information, and contract rights
811		(hereinafter called "construction material") that the Contractor has
812		specifically produced or specially acquired for the performance of the
813		terminated part of this contract.
814		Tomas per or une common
815		(3) The Contractor shall protect and preserve all property in the
816		possession of the Contractor in which the State has an interest. If
817		the Engineer does not elect to retain any such property, the
818		Contractor shall use its best efforts to sell such property and
819		construction materials for the State's account in accordance with the
820		standards of HRS Chapter 490:2-706.
821		standards of Firth Chapter 450.2-700.
822	(D)	Componentian
	(D)	Compensation.
823		(4) The Centractor shall submit a termination plain angelf ing the
824		(1) The Contractor shall submit a termination claim specifying the
825		amounts due because of the termination for convenience together
826		with cost or pricing data, submitted to the extent required by HAR
827		Subchapter 15, Chapter 3-122. If the Contractor fails to file a
828		termination claim within one year from the effective date of
829		termination, the Engineer may pay the Contractor, if at all, an amount
830		set in accordance with Subsection 108.12(D)(3).
831		
832		(2) The Engineer and the Contractor may agree to a settlement
833		provided the Contractor has filed a termination claim supported by
834		cost or pricing data submitted as required and that the settlement
835		does not exceed the total contract price plus settlement costs
836		reduced by payments previously made by the State, the proceeds of
837		any sales of construction, supplies, and construction materials under
838		Subsection 108.12(C)(3), and the proportionate contract price of the
839		work not terminated.
840		
841		(3) Absent complete agreement, the Engineer will pay the
842		Contractor the following amounts less any payments previously
843		made under the contract:
844		
845		(a) The cost of all contract work performed prior to the
846		effective date of the notice of termination work plus a 5
847		percent markup on the actual direct costs, including amounts
848		paid to subcontractor, less amounts paid or to be paid for
849		completed portions of such work; provided, however, that if it
850		appears that the Contractor would have sustained a loss if the
851		entire contract would have been completed, no markup shall
852		be allowed or included and the amount of compensation shall
032		25 another of informed and the amount of compensation shall

853 854 855			be reduced to reflect the anticipated rate of loss. No anticipated profit or consequential damage will be due or paid.
856 857 858 859			(b) Subcontractors shall be paid a markup of 10 percent on their direct job costs incurred to the date of termination. No anticipated profit or consequential damage will be due or paid to any subcontractor. These costs must not include payments
860 861 862			made to the Contractor for subcontract work during the contract period.
863 864 865 866			(c) The total sum to be paid the Contractor shall not exceed the total contract price reduced by the amount of any sales of construction supplies, and construction materials.
867 868		(4) in acc	Cost claimed, agreed to, or established by the State shall be ordance with HAR Chapter 3-123.
869 870 871	108.13 Pr	e-Fina	l and Final Inspections.
872 873 874 875 876	Contr	ction of actor s	ction Requirements. Before the Engineer undertakes a final fany work, a pre-final inspection must first be conducted. The hall notify the Engineer that the work has reached substantial and is ready for pre-final inspection.
877 878 878 879 880 881	and te	eached est all i	inal Inspection. Before notifying the Engineer that the work substantial completion, the Contractor shall inspect the project nstalled items with all of its subcontractors as appropriate. The hall also submit the following documents as applicable to the
883 884		(1)	All written guarantees required by the contract.
885 886 887		(2) Section	Two accepted final field-posted drawings as specified in on 648 – Field-Posted Drawings;
888 889 890		(3) and S	Complete weekly certified payroll records for the Contractor abcontractors.
891 892		(4)	Certificate of Plumbing and Electrical Inspection.
893 894		(5)	Certificate of building occupancy as required.
895 896		(6)	Certificate of Soil and Wood Treatments.
897 898		(7)	Certificate of Water System Chlorination.

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- **(8)** Certificate of Elevator Inspection, Boiler and Pressure Pipe Inspection.
- **(9)** Maintenance Service Contract and two copies of a list of all equipment installed.
- (10) Current Tax clearance. The contractor will be required to submit an additional tax clearance certificate when the final payment is made.
- (11) And any other final items and submittals required by the contract documents.
- **(C) Procedure.** When in compliance with the above requirements, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing that the project has reached substantial completion and is ready for pre-final inspection.

The Engineer will then make a preliminary determination as to whether or not the project is substantially complete and ready for pre-final inspection. The Engineer may, in writing, postpone until after the pre-final inspection the Contractor's submittal of any of the items listed in Subsection 108.13(B) – Pre-Final Inspection, herein, if in the Engineer's discretion it is in the interest of the State to do so.

If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the project is not substantially complete, the Engineer will provide the Contractor a punchlist of specific deficiencies in writing which must be corrected or finished before the work will be ready for a pre-final inspection. The Engineer may add to or otherwise modify this punchlist from time to time. The Contractor shall take immediate action to correct the deficiencies and must repeat all steps described above including written notification that the work is ready for pre-final inspection.

After the Engineer is satisfied that the project appears substantially complete a final inspection shall be scheduled within ten working days after receipt of the Contractor's latest letter of notification that the project is ready for final inspection.

If, as a result of the pre-final inspection, the Engineer determines the work is not substantially complete, the Engineer will inform the Contractor in writing as to specific deficiencies which must be corrected before the work will be ready for another pre-final inspection. If the Engineer finds the work is substantially complete but finds deficiencies that must be corrected before the work is ready for final inspection, the Engineer will prepare in writing and deliver to the Contractor a punchlist describing such deficiencies.

At any time before final acceptance, the Engineer may revoke the determination of substantial completion if the Engineer finds that it was not warranted and will notify the Contractor in writing the reasons therefore together with a description of the deficiencies negating the declaration.

When the date of substantial completion has been determined by the State, liquidated damages for the failure to complete the punchlist, if due to the State will be assessed in pursuant to Subsection 108.08(B) - Liquidated Damages for Failure to Complete the Punchlist.

(D) Punchlist; Clean Up and Final Inspection. Upon receiving a punchlist after pre-final inspection, the Contractor shall promptly devote all required time, labor, equipment, materials and incidentals to correct and remedy all punchlist deficiencies. The Engineer may add to or otherwise modify this punchlist until substantial completion of the project.

Before final inspection of the work, the Contractor shall clean all ground occupied by the Contractor in connection with the work of all rubbish, excess materials temporary structures and equipment, shall remove all graffiti and defacement of the work and all parts of the work and the worksite must be left in a neat and presentable condition to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Final inspection will occur within ten working days after the Contractor notifies the Engineer in writing that all punchlist deficiencies remaining after the pre-final inspection have been completed and the Engineer concurs. If the Engineer determines that deficiencies still remain at the final inspection, the work will not be accepted and the Engineer will notify the Contractor, in writing, of the deficiencies which shall be corrected and the steps above repeated.

If the Contractor fails to correct the deficiencies and complete the work by the established or agreed date, the State may correct the deficiencies by whatever method it deems appropriate and deduct the cost from any payments due the Contractor.

108.14 Substantial Completion and Final Acceptance.

(A) Substantial Completion. When the Engineer finds that the Contractor has satisfactorily completed all work for the project in compliance with the contract, with the exception of the planting period and the plant establishment period, the Engineer will notify the Contractor, in writing, of the project's substantial completion, effective as of the date of the final inspection. The substantial completion date shall determine end of contract time and relieve contractor of any additional accumulation of liquidated damages for failure to complete the punchlist.

- (B) Final Acceptance. When the Engineer finds that the Contractor has satisfactorily completed all contract work in compliance with the contract including all plant establishment requirements, and all the materials have been accepted by the State, the Engineer will issue a Final Acceptance Letter. The Final Acceptance date shall determine the commencement of all guaranty periods subject to Subsection 108.16 Contractor's Responsibility for Work; Risk of Loss or Damage.
- **108.15 Use of Structure or Improvement.** The State has the right to use the structure, equipment, improvement, or any part thereof, at any time after it is considered by the Engineer as available. In the event that the structure, equipment or any part thereof is used by the State before final acceptance, the Contractor is not relieved of its responsibility to protect and preserve all the work until final acceptance.
- 108.16 Contractor's Responsibility for Work; Risk of Loss or Damage. Until the written notice of final acceptance has been received, the Contractor shall take every precaution against loss or damage to any part of the work by the action of the elements or from any other cause whatsoever, whether arising from the performance or from the non-performance of the work. The Contractor shall rebuild, repair, restore and make good all loss or damage to any portion of the work resulting from any cause before its receipt of the written notice of final acceptance and shall bear the risk and expense thereof.

The risk of loss or damage to the work from any hazard or occurrence that may or may not be covered by a builder's risk policy is that of the Contractor and Surety, unless such risk of loss is placed elsewhere by express language in the contract documents.

108.17 Guarantee of Work.

- (1) Regardless of, and in addition to, any manufacturers' warranties, all work and equipment shall be guaranteed by the Contractor against defects in materials, equipment or workmanship for one year from the date of final acceptance or as otherwise specified in the contract documents.
- (2) When the Engineer determines that repairs or replacements of any guaranteed work and equipment is necessary due to materials, equipment, or workmanship which are inferior, defective, or not in accordance with the terms of the contract, the Contractor shall, at no increase in contract price or contract time, and within five working days of receipt of written notice from the State, commence to all of the following:
 - (a) Correct all noted defects and make replacements, as directed by the Engineer, in the equipment and work.

(b) Repair or replace to new or pre-existing condition any damages resulting from such defective materials, equipment or installation thereof.

(3) The State will be entitled to the benefit of all manufacturers and installers warranties that extend beyond the terms of the Contractor's guaranty regardless of whether or not such extended warranty is required by the contract documents. The Contractor shall prepare and submit all documents required by the providers of such warranties to make them effective, and submit copies of such documents to the Engineer. If an available extended warranty cannot be transferred or assigned to the State as the ultimate user, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer who may direct that the warranted items be acquired in the name of the State as purchaser.

(4) If a defect is discovered during a guarantee period, all repairs and corrections to the defective items when corrected shall be guaranteed for a new duration equal to the original full guarantee period. The running of the guarantee period shall be suspended for all other work affected by any defect. The guarantee period for all other work affected by any such defect shall restart for its remaining duration upon confirmation by the Engineer that the deficiencies have been repaired or remedied.

(5) Nothing in this section is intended to limit or affect the State's rights and remedies arising from the discovery of latent defects in the work after the expiration of any guarantee period.

108.18 No Waiver of Legal Rights. The following will not operate or be considered as a waiver of any portion of the contract, or any power herein reserved, or any right to damages provided herein or by law:

(1) Any payment for, or acceptance of, the whole or any part of the work.

(2) Any extension of time.

(3) Any possession taken by the Engineer.

 A waiver of any notice requirement or of any noncompliance with the contract will not be held to be a waiver of any other notice requirement or any other noncompliance with the contract.

108.19 Final Settlement of Contract.

(A) Closing Requirements. The contract will be considered settled after the project acceptance date and when the following items have been satisfactorily submitted, where applicable:

1083	(1) All written guarantees required by the contract.
1084	
1085	(2) Complete and certified weekly payrolls for the Contractor and
1086	its subcontractor's.
1087	
1088	(3) Certificate of plumbing and electrical inspection.
1089	
1090	(4) Certificate of building occupancy.
1091	
1092	(5) Certificate for soil treatment and wood treatment.
1093	
1094	(6) Certificate of water system chlorination.
1095	
1096	(7) Certificate of elevator inspection, boiler and pressure pipe
1097	installation.
1098	
1099	(8) Tax clearance.
1100	
1101	(9) All other documents required by the Contract or by law.
1102	
1103	(B) Failure to Meet Closing Requirements. The Contractor shall meet
1104	the applicable closing requirements within 60 days from the date of Project
1105	Acceptance or the agreed to Punchlist complete date. Should the
1106	Contractor fail to comply with these requirements, the Engineer may
1107	terminate the contract for cause."
1108	
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1112	END OF SECTION 108

47	Sums necessary to meet the claims of any governmental agencies
48	may be withheld from the sums due the Contractor until said
49	claims have been fully and completely discharged or otherwise
50	satisfied."
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51 52 53 54	
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55	END OF SECTION 109

1 2	SECTION 201 – CLEARING AND GRUBBING
3	Make the following amendments to said Section:
4 5 6 7	(I) Amend 201.04 – Measurement by revising lines 167 to 168 to read as follows:
8 9 10	"201.04 Measurement. The Engineer will measure clearing and grubbing per acre in accordance with the contract documents."
10 11 12	(II) Amend 201.05 – Payment by revising lines 170 to 179 to read as follows:
13 14 15 16	"201.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted clearing and grubbing per acre or square yard. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.
17 18 19	The Engineer will pay for the following pay item when included in the proposal schedule:
20 21	Pay Item Pay Unit
22 23 24 25 26 27	Clearing and Grubbing Acre
28	END OF SECTION 201

basis, using average end area method in place at work site."

(III) Amend 203.05 – Payment by revising lines 368 to 457 to read as follows:

"203.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted pay items listed below at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included in the proposal schedule:

Pay Item Pay Unit

(A) Roadway Excavation

The Engineer will pay for:

- (1) 15 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of obliterating old roadways and hauling.
- (2) 30 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of preparing subgrade.
- (3) 40 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of placing selected material in final position, rounding of slopes, and using water for compaction.
- **(4)** 15 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of disposing of surplus excavation material.

The Engineer will pay for accepted quantities of subexcavation, as roadway excavation at the contract unit price per cubic yard, when ordered by the Engineer, for work prescribed in Subsection 203.03(A)(4) – Subexcavation. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed therein and in the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for accepted quantities of unlined gutter excavation as roadway excavation at the contract unit price per cubic yard, when gutter is located as follows: within median area of a divided highway; and between roadbed shoulder and adjacent cut slope. Payment will be full compensation for removing and disposing of excavated material; backfilling and compacting; and for the work prescribed in the contract documents.

The Engineer will not pay for stockpiling selected material, placing selected material in final position, or placing selected material in windrows along

Cubic Yard

tops of roadway slopes for erosion control work, separately and will consider the cost as included in the unit prices for the various excavation contract pay items. The cost is for work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will not pay for overhaul separately and will consider the cost as included in the unit prices for the various excavation contract pay items. The cost is for work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will not pay for embankment separately and will consider the cost as included in the unit price for roadway excavation. The cost is for work prescribed in this section and the contract documents."

END OF SECTION 203

Amend Section 209 - TEMPORARY WATER POLLUTION, DUST, AND EROSION **CONTROL** to read as follows:

"SECTION 209 - TEMPORARY WATER POLLUTION, DUST, AND EROSION CONTROL

209.01 **Description.** This section describes the following:

- Including detailed plans, diagrams, and written Site-Specific Best (A) Management Practices (BMP); constructing, maintaining, and repairing temporary water pollution, dust, and erosion control measures at the project site, including local material sources, work areas and haul roads; removing and disposing hazardous wastes; control of fugitive dust (defined as uncontrolled emission of solid airborne particulate matter from any source other than combustion); and complying with applicable State and Federal permit conditions.
- (B) Work associated with construction stormwater, dewatering, and hydrotesting activities and complying with conditions of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit(s) authorizing discharges associated with construction stormwater, dewatering, and hydrotesting activities.

(C) Potential pollutant identification and mitigation measures are listed in Appendix A for use in the development of the Contractor's Site-Specific BMP.

Requirements of this section also apply to construction support activities including concrete or asphalt batch plants, rock crushing plants, equipment staging yards/areas, material storage areas, excavated material disposal areas, and borrow areas located outside the State Right-of-Way. For areas serving multiple construction projects, or operating beyond the completion of the construction project in which it supports, the Contractor shall be responsible for securing the necessary permits, clearances, and documents, and following the conditions of the permits and clearances, at no cost to the State.

209.02 Materials. Comply with applicable materials described in Chapters 2 and 3 of the current HDOT "Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual". In addition, the materials shall comply with the following:

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Grass. Grass shall be a quick growing species such as rye grass, (A) Italian rye grass, or cereal grasses. Grass shall be suitable to the area and provide a temporary cover that will not compete later with permanent cover. Alternative grasses are allowable if acceptable to the Engineer.

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(B) Fertilizer and Soil Conditioners. Fertilizer and soil conditioners shall be a standard commercial grade acceptable to the Engineer. Fertilizer shall conform to Subsection 619.02(H)(1) - Commercial Fertilizer.

- **Hydro-mulching.** Hydro-mulching used as a temporary vegetative (C) stabilization measure shall consist of materials in Subsections 209.02(A) -Grass, and 209.02(B) - Fertilizer and Soil Conditioners. Mulches shall be recycled materials including bagasse, hay, straw, wood cellulose bark, wood chips, or other material acceptable to the Engineer. Mulches shall be clean and free of noxious weeds and deleterious materials. Potable water shall meet the requirements of Subsection 712.01 - Water. Submit alternate sources of irrigation water for the Engineer's acceptance if deviating from 712.01 - Water. Installation and other requirements shall be in accordance with portions of Section 641- Hydro-Mulch Seeding including 641.02(D) - Soil and Mulch Tackifier, 641.03(A) - Seeding, and 641.03(B) - Planting Period. Install non-vegetative controls including mulch or rolled erosion control products while the vegetation is being established. Water and fertilize grass. Apply fertilizer as recommended by the manufacturer. Replace grass the Engineer considers unsuitable or sick. Remove and dispose of trash and debris. Remove invasive species. Mow as needed to prevent site or signage obstructions, fire hazard, or nuisance to the public. Do not remove down stream sediment control measures until the vegetation is uniformly established, including no large bare areas, and provides 70 percent of the density of pre-disturbance vegetation. Temporary vegetative stabilization shall not be used longer than one year.
- **(D) Silt Fences.** Comply with ASTM D6462, Standard Practice for Silt Fence Installation.

Alternative materials or methods to control, prevent, remove and dispose pollution are allowable if acceptable to the Engineer.

209.03 Construction.

- (A) Preconstruction Requirements.
 - (1) Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Meeting. Schedule a water pollution, dust, and erosion control meeting with the Engineer after Site-Specific BMP is accepted in writing by the Engineer. Meeting shall be scheduled a minimum of 7 calendar days prior to the Start Work Date. Discuss sequence of work, plans and proposals for water pollution, dust, and erosion control.

90	(2) Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Submittals
91	Submit a Site-Specific BMP Plan within 21 calendar days of date of
92	award. Submission of complete and acceptable Site-Specific BMF
93	Plan is the sole responsibility of the Contractor and additional contract
94	time will not be issued for delays due to incompleteness. Include the
95	following:
96	
97	(a) Written description of activities to minimize water
98	pollution and soil erosion into State waters, drainage or sewel
99	systems. BMP shall include the following:
100	, and the second
101	1. An identification of potential pollutants and their
102	sources.
103	
104	2. A list of all materials and heavy equipment to be
105	used during construction.
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107	3. Descriptions of the methods and devices used to
108	minimize the discharge of pollutants into State waters
109	drainage or sewer systems.
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111	4. Details of the procedures used for the
112	maintenance and subsequent removal of any erosion of
113	siltation control devices.
114	Citation Control Covidos.
115	5. Methods of removing and disposing hazardous
116	wastes encountered or generated during construction.
117	
118	6. Methods of removing and disposing concrete and
119	asphalt pavement cutting slurry, concrete curing water
120	and hydrodemolition water.
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122	7. Spill Control and Prevention and Emergency Spil
123	Response Plan.
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125	8. Fugitive dust control, including dust from grinding
126	sweeping, or brooming off operations or combination
127	thereof.
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129	9. Methods of storing and handling of oils, paints
130	and other products used for the project.
131	Francis about on the broken
132	10. Material storage and handling areas, and other
133	staging areas.
134	2.5.5
135	11. Concrete truck washouts.

136	12.	Concrete waste control.
137	42	Fueling and maintanance of vahialas and other
138	13.	Fueling and maintenance of vehicles and other
139	equi	oment.
140	4.4	Tracking of addissant affaits from project autrice
141	14.	Tracking of sediment offsite from project entries
142	and	exits.
143	45	Litter management
144	15.	Litter management.
145	46	Tailet facilities
146	16.	Toilet facilities.
147	47	
148	17.	Other factors that may cause water pollution, dust
149	and	erosion control.
150	(h) Duay	ida wlawa indiantian lanatian af waten wallotian doot
151	` '	ide plans indicating location of water pollution, dust
152		control devices; provide plans and details of BMPs
153		ed or utilized; show areas of soil disturbance in cut
154		dicate areas used for construction staging and
155	_	eluding items (1) through (17) above, storage of
156		indicate type of aggregate), asphalt cold mix, soil or
157		, equipment and vehicle parking, and show areas
158	_	etative practices are to be implemented. Indicate
159		rainage pattern on plans. Include flow arrows.
160		parate drawing for each phase of construction that
161		nage patterns. Indicate approximate date when
162	device will i	pe installed and removed.
163	(a) Can	struction ashadula
164	(c) Cons	struction schedule.
165	(d) Nom	a(a) of an acific individual(a) decignated reasonable
166	` '	e(s) of specific individual(s) designated responsible
167	•	ollution, dust, and erosion controls on the project
168		e home, cellular, and business telephone numbers,
169	iax number	s, and e-mail addresses.
170	(a) Dogg	cription of fill material to be used.
171	(e) Desc	cription of the material to be used.
172	(f) For	projects with an NDDES Dormit for Construction
173	` '	projects with an NPDES Permit for Construction submit information to address all sections in the
174 175	•	
176	Storm water	er Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP).
177	(a) For r	projects with an NDDES Dermit information required
178		projects with an NPDES Permit, information required nce with the conditions of the Notice of General
179	•	erage (NGPC)/NPDES Permit.
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(h) Site-Specific BMP Review Checklist. The checklist may be downloaded from HDOT's Stormwater Management website at http://stormwaterhawaii.com.

Date and sign Site-Specific BMP Plan. Keep accepted copy on site or at an accessible location so that it can be made available at the time of an on-site inspection or upon request by the Engineer, HDOT Third-Party Inspector, and/or DOH/EPA Representative. Amendments to the Site-Specific BMP Plan shall be included with original Site-Specific BMP Plan. Modify SWPPP if necessary to conform to revisions. Include date of installation and removal of Site-Specific BMP measures. Obtain written acceptance by the Engineer before implementing revised Site-Specific BMPs in the field.

Follow the guidelines in the current HDOT "Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual", in developing, installing, and maintaining Site-Specific BMPs for all projects. For any conflicting requirements between the Manual and applicable bid documents, the applicable bid documents will govern. Should a requirement not be clearly described within the applicable bid documents, notify the Engineer immediately for interpretation. For the purposes of clarification "applicable bid documents" include the construction plans, standard specifications, special provisions, Permits, and the SWPPP when applicable.

Follow Honolulu's City and County "Rules for Soil Erosion Standards and Guidelines" for all projects on Oahu. Use respective Soil Erosion Guidelines for Maui, Kauai and Hawaii projects.

(B) Construction Requirements. Do not begin work until submittals detailed in Subsection 209.03(A)(2) - Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Submittals are completed and accepted in writing by the Engineer.

Install, maintain, monitor, repair and replace site-specific BMP measures, such as for water pollution, dust and erosion control; installation, monitoring, and operation of hydrotesting activities; removal and disposal of hazardous waste indicated on plans, concrete cutting slurry, concrete curing water; or hydrodemolition water. Site-Specific BMP measures shall be in place, functional and accepted by HDOT personnel prior to initiating any ground disturbing activities.

If necessary, furnish and install rain gage in a secure location prior to field work including installation of site-specific BMP. Provide rain gage with a tolerance of at least 0.05 inches of rainfall. Install rain gage on project site in an area that will not deter rainfall from entering the gate opening. Do not install in a location where rain water may splash into rain gage. The rain gage installation shall be stable and plumbed. Maintain rain gage and replace rain gage that is stolen, does not function properly or accurately, is worn out, or needs to be relocated. Do not begin field work until rain gage is installed and Site-Specific BMPs are in place. Rain gage data logs shall be readily available. Submit rain gage data logs weekly to the Engineer.

Address all comments received from the Engineer.

Modify and resubmit plans and construction schedules to correct conditions that develop during construction which were unforeseen during the design and pre-construction stages.

Coordinate temporary control provisions with permanent control features throughout the construction and post-construction period.

Limit maximum surface area of earth material exposed at any time to 300,000 square feet. Do not expose or disturb surface area of earth material (including clearing and grubbing) until BMP measures are installed and accepted in writing by the Engineer. Protect temporarily or permanently disturbed soil surface from rainfall impact, runoff and wind before end of the work day.

Immediately initiate stabilizing exposed soil areas upon completion of earth disturbing activities for areas permanently or temporarily ceased on any portion of the site. Earth-disturbing activities have permanently ceased when clearing and excavation within any area of the construction site that will not include permanent structures has been completed. Earth-disturbing activities have temporarily ceased when clearing, grading, and excavation within any area of the site that will not include permanent structures will not resume for a period of 14 or more calendar days, but such activities will resume in the future. The term "immediately" is used in this section to define the deadline for initiating stabilization measures. "Immediately" means as soon as practicable, but no later than the end of the next work day, following the day when the earth-disturbing activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

For projects with an NPDES Permit for Construction activities:

268	(1) For construction areas discharging into waters not impaired for
269	nutrients or sediments, complete initial stabilization within 14 calendar
270	days after the temporary or permanent cessation of earth-disturbing
271	activities.
272	
273	(2) For construction areas discharging into nutrient or sediment
274	impaired waters, complete initial stabilization within 7 calendar days
275	after the temporary or permanent cessation of earth-disturbing
276	activities.
277	
278	For projects without an NPDES Permit for Construction activities,
279	complete initial stabilization within 14 calendar days after the temporary or
280	permanent cessation of earth-disturbing activities.
281	permanent desauter of earth distarbing detivities.
282	Any of the following types of activities constitutes initiation of
283	stabilization:
284	Stabilization.
285	(1) Prepping the soil for vegetative or non-vegetative stabilization;
286	(1) I repping the soil for vegetative of flori-vegetative stabilization,
280 287	(2) Applying mulch or other non-vegetative product to the exposed
288	
289	area;
299 290	(2) Sooding or planting the expected area:
	(3) Seeding or planting the exposed area;
291	(4) Starting any of the activities in items (1) (2) shows an a partian
292	(4) Starting any of the activities in items (1) – (3) above on a portion
293	of the area to be stabilized, but not on the entire area; and
294	(E) Finalizing arrangements to have stabilization product fully
295	(5) Finalizing arrangements to have stabilization product fully
296	installed in compliance with the deadline for completing initial
297	stabilization activities.
298	Any of the following types of activities constitutes completion of initial
299	Any of the following types of activities constitutes completion of initial
300	stabilization activities:
301	
302	(1) For vegetative stabilization, all activities necessary to initially
303	seed or plant the area to be stabilized; and/or
304	
305	(2) For non-vegetative stabilization, the installation or application
306	of all such non-vegetative measures.
307	
308	If the Contractor is unable to meet the deadlines above due to
309	circumstances beyond the Contractor's control, and the Contractor is using
310	vegetative cover for temporary or permanent stabilization, the Contractor
311	may comply with the following stabilization deadlines instead as agreed to by
312	the Engineer:
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- (1) Immediately initiate, and complete within the timeframe shown above, the installation of temporary non-vegetative stabilization measures to prevent erosion;
- (2) Complete all soil conditioning, seeding, watering or irrigation installation, mulching, and other required activities related to the planting and initial establishment of vegetation as soon as conditions or circumstances allow it on the site; and
- (3) Notify and provide documentation to the Engineer the circumstances that prevent the Contractor from meeting the deadlines above for stabilization and the schedule the Contractor will follow for initiating and completing initial stabilization and as agreed to by the Engineer.

Follow the applicable requirements of the specifications and special provisions including Section 619 Planting and Section 641 Hydro-Mulch Seeding.

Immediately after seeding or planting the area to be vegetatively stabilized, to the extent necessary to prevent erosion on the seeded or planted area, select, design, and install non-vegetative erosion controls that provide cover (e.g., mulch, rolled erosion control products) to the area while vegetation is becoming established.

Protect exposed or disturbed surface area with mulches, grass seeds or hydromulch. Spray mulches at a rate of 2,000 pounds per acre. Add tackifier to mix at a rate of 85 pounds per acre. Apply grass seeds at a rate of 125 pounds per acre. For hydromulch, use the ingredients and rates required for mulches and grass seeds. Submit recommendations from a licensed Landscape Architect when deviating from the application rates above.

Apply fertilizer to mulches, grass seed or hydromulch per manufacturer's recommendations. Submit recommendations from a licensed Landscape Architect when deviating from the manufacturer's recommendations.

Install velocity dissipation measures when exposing erodible surfaces greater than 15 feet in height.

BMP measures shall be in place and operational at the end of work day or as required by Section 209.03(B) Construction Requirements.

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Install and maintain either or both stabilized construction entrances and wheel washes to minimize tracking of dirt and mud onto roadways. Restrict traffic to stabilized construction areas only. Clean dirt, mud, or other material tracked onto the road, sidewalk, or other paved area by the end of the same day in which the track-out occurs. Modify stabilized construction entrances to prevent mud from being tracked onto road. Stabilize entire access roads if necessary.

Chemicals may be used as soil stabilizers for either or both erosion and dust control if acceptable to the Engineer.

Provide temporary slope drains of rigid or flexible conduits to carry runoff from cuts and embankments. Provide portable flume at the entrance. Shorten or extend temporary slope drains to ensure proper function.

Protect ditches, channels, and other drainageways leading away from cuts and fills at all times by either:

- (1) Hydro-mulching the lower region of embankments in the immediate area.
- (2) Installing check dams and siltation control devices.
- (3) Other methods acceptable to the Engineer.

Provide for controlled discharge of waters impounded, directed, or controlled by project activities or erosion control measures.

Cover exposed surface of materials completely with tarpaulin or similar device when transporting aggregate, soil, excavated material or material that may be source of fugitive dust.

Cleanup and remove any pollutant that can be attributed to the Contractor.

Install or modify Site-Specific BMP measures due to change in the Contractor's means and methods, or for omitted condition that should have been allowed for in the accepted Site-Specific BMP or a Site-Specific BMP that replaces an accepted Site-Specific BMP that is not satisfactorily performing. Modifications to Site-Specific BMP measures shall be accepted in writing by the Engineer prior to implementation.

Properly maintain all Site-Specific BMP measures.

For projects with an NPDES Permit for Construction Activities:

404	(1) For construction areas discharging into nutrient or sediment		
405	impaired waters, inspect, prepare a written report, and make repairs		
406	to BMP measures at the following intervals:		
407	3		
408	(a) Weekly.		
409			
410	(b) Within 24 hours of any rainfall of 0.25 inch or greater		
411	which occurs in a 24-hour period.		
412	·		
413	(c) When existing erosion control measures are damaged		
414	or not operating properly as required by Site-Specific BMP.		
415			
416	(2) For construction areas discharging to waters not impaired for		
417	nutrients or sediments, inspect, prepare a written report, and make		
418	repairs to BMP measures at the following intervals:		
419			
420	(a) Weekly.		
421			
422	(b) When existing erosion control measures are damaged		
423	or not operating properly as required by Site-Specific BMP.		
424			
425	For projects without an NPDES Permit for Construction activities,		
426	inspect, prepare a written report, and make repairs to BMP measures at the		
427	following intervals:		
428			
429	(a) Weekly.		
430			
431	(b) When existing erosion control measures are damaged		
432	or not operating properly as required by Site-Specific BMP.		
433			
434	Temporarily remove, replace or relocate any Site-Specific BMP that		
435	must be removed, replaced or relocated due to potential or actual flooding,		
436	or potential danger or damage to project or public.		
437	Maria de Composito DMD de Maria		
438	Maintain records of inspections of Site-Specific BMP work. Keep		
439	continuous records for duration of the project. Submit copy of Inspection		
440	Report to the Engineer within 24 hours after each inspection.		
441	The Combinator's designated nonnecombative anneitied in Cobsection		
442	The Contractor's designated representative specified in Subsection		
443	209.03(A)(2)(d) shall address any Site-Specific BMP deficiencies brought up		
444	by the Engineer immediately, including weekends and holidays, and		
445	complete work to fix the deficiencies by the close of the next work day if the		
446	problem does not require significant repair or replacement, or if the problem		
447	can be corrected through routine maintenance. Address any Site-Specific		
448 449	BMP deficiencies brought up by the State's Third-Party Inspector in the		
447	timeframe above or as specified in the Consent Decree or MS4 NPDES		

450 Permit, whichever is more stringent. The Consent Decree timeframe 451 requirement applies statewide. The MS4 NPDES Permit only applies to 452 Oahu. In this section, "immediately" means the Contractor shall take all 453 reasonable measures to minimize or prevent discharge of pollutants until a 454 permanent solution is installed and made operational. If a problem is 455 identified at a time in the day in which it is too late to initiate repair, initiation 456 of repair shall begin on the following work day. When installation of a new 457 pollution prevention control or a significant repair is needed, complete 458 installation or repair no later than 7 calendar days from the time of 459 notification/Contractor discovery. Notify the Engineer and document why it is infeasible to complete the installation or repair within 7 calendar days and 460 461 complete the work as soon as practicable and as agreed to by the Engineer. 462 Address Site-Specific BMP deficiencies discovered by the Contractor within 463 the timeframe above. The Contractor's failure to satisfactorily address these 464 Site-Specific BMP deficiencies, the Engineer reserves the right to employ 465 outside assistance or use the Engineer's own labor forces to provide necessary corrective measures. The Engineer will charge the Contractor 466 such incurred costs plus any associated project engineering costs. The 467 Engineer will make appropriate deductions from the Contractor's monthly 468 progress estimate. Failure to apply Site-Specific BMP measures may result 469 in one or more of the following: assessment of liquidated damages, 470 471 suspension, or cancellation of Contract with the Contractor being fully 472 responsible for all additional costs incurred by the State.

473 474

475

476

477 478 (C) Discharges of Storm Water Associated with Construction Activities. If work includes disturbance of one acre or more, an NPDES Permit authorizing Discharges of Storm Water Associated with Construction Activity (CWB-NOI Form C) or Individual Permit authorizing storm water discharges associated with construction activity is required from the Department of Health Clean Water Branch (DOH-CWB).

479 480 481

482 483 Do not begin construction activities until all required conditions of the permit are met and submittals detailed in Subsection 209.03(A)(2) – Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Submittals are completed and accepted in writing by the Engineer.

484 485 486

487

488 489 **(D) Discharges Associated with Hydrotesting Activities.** If hydrotesting activities require effluent discharge into State waters or drainage systems, an NPDES Hydrotesting Waters Permit (CWB-NOI Form F) or Individual Permit authorizing discharges associated with hydrotesting from DOH-CWB is required from the DOH-CWB.

490 491 492

493

494

495

Do not begin hydrotesting activities until the DOH-CWB has issued an Individual NPDES Permit or Notice of General Permit Coverage (NGPC). Conduct Hydrotesting operations in accordance with the conditions of the permit or NGPC.

496	(E) Discharges Associated with Dewatering Activiti	es. If dewatering
497	activities require effluent discharge into State waters or drai	nage systems, ar
498	NPDES Dewatering Permit (CWB-NOI Form G) or	Individual Permi
499	authorizing discharges associated with dewatering fro	m DOH-CWB is
500	required from the DOH-CWB.	
501		
502	Do not begin dewatering activities until the DOH-CV	VB has issued ar
503	Individual NPDES Permit or Notice of General Permit C	overage (NGPC)
504	Conduct dewatering operations in accordance with the	conditions of the
505	permit or NGPC.	
506		
507	(F) Solid Waste. Submit the Solid Waste Disc	losure Form for
508	Construction Sites to the Engineer within 21 calendar days	of date of award
509	Provide a copy of all the disposal receipts from the facility	permitted by the
510	Department of Health to receive solid waste to the Engine	•
511	should also include documentation from any intermediary f	•
512	waste is handled or processed, or as directed by the Engir	ieer.
513		
514	(G) Construction BMP Training. The Contractor	
515	responsible for development of the Site-Specific	
516	implementation of Site-Specific BMPs in the field shall a	
517	Construction Best Management Practices Training. The	Contractor shal
518	keep training logs updated and readily available.	
519		
520	209.04 Measurement.	
521	(A) Installation maginton and magnitonian and name and a	f DMD will be note
522	(A) Installation, maintenance, monitoring, and removal o	•
523	on a lump sum basis. Measurement for payment will not a	рріу.
524	(P) The Engineer will only measure additional water n	allution dust one
525 526	(B) The Engineer will only measure additional water p erosion control required and requested by the Engineer o	
527	basis in accordance with Subsection 109.06 – Force Accou	
528	Compensation.	init Provisions and
529	Compensation.	
530	209.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for accepted pay iter	ne lieted helow a
531	contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. P	
532	compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract doc	•
533	compensation for work presended in this section and contract doc	Jamento.
534	The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items	when included in
535	proposal schedule:	Wildir illoladed il
536	p. spessal contradic.	
537	Pay Item	Pay Unit
538	- 	y •t
539	Installation, Maintenance, Monitoring, and Removal of BMP	Lump Sum
540	.,	p ==
541	Additional Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control	Force Account
542		

An estimated amount for force account is allocated in proposal schedule under 'Additional Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control', but actual amount to be paid will be the sum shown on accepted force account records, whether this sum be more or less than estimated amount allocated in proposal schedule. The Engineer will pay for BMP measures requested by the Engineer that are beyond scope of accepted Site-Specific BMP on a force account basis.

No progress payment will be authorized until the Engineer accepts in writing Site-Specific BMP or when the Contractor fails to maintain project site in accordance with accepted BMP.

For all citations or fines received by the Department for non-compliance, including compliance with NPDES Permit conditions, the Contractor shall reimburse State within 30 calendar days for full amount of outstanding cost State has incurred, or the Engineer will deduct cost from progress payment.

The Engineer will assess liquidated damages up to \$27,500 per day for non-compliance of each BMP requirement and all other requirements in this section.

Appendix A

The following list identifies potential pollutant sources and corresponding BMPs used to mitigate the pollutants. Each BMP is referenced to the corresponding section of the current HDOT Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual or appropriate Supplemental Sheets. The Manual may be obtained from the HDOT Statewide Stormwater Management Program Website at http://www.stormwaterhawaii.com/resources/contractors-and-consultants/storm-water-pollution-prevention-plan-swppp/ under Concrete Curing and Irrigation Water.

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP
Source	Implemented	Requirements
Construction debris, green waste, general litter	 Separate contaminated clean up materials from construction and demolition (C&D) wastes. Provide waste containers (e.g., dumpster or trash receptacle) of sufficient size and number to contain construction and domestic wastes. Inspect construction waste and recycling areas regularly. Schedule solid waste collection regularly. Schedule recycling activities based on construction/demolition phases. Empty waste containers weekly or when they are two-thirds full, whichever is sooner. Do not allow containers to overflow. Clean up immediately if they do. On work days, clean up and dispose of waste in designated waste containers. See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6 for additional requirements. Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. Collect and dispose of all waste materials in trash dumpsters. Place dumpsters, with secure watertight lids, away from storm water conveyances and drains, in a covered materials storage area. Dispose of construction and non- construction solid waste in accordance with State DOH regs. Load removed non- recyclable vegetation directly onto trucks; cover and transport to a licensed facility 	See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6. Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, and Perimeter Sediment Controls where applicable.

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	ВМР
Source	Implemented	Requirements

Pollutont	Appropriate Site Specific DMD to be	DMD
Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP Requirements
	,	-
Source Soil erosion from the disturbed areas	 Provide Soil Stabilization, Slope Protection, Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers, Sediment Basins and Detention Ponds, Check Dams SC-3, Level Spreader EC-6, Paving Operations SM-20, Construction Roads and Parking Area Stabilization SC-10, Controlling Storm Water Flowing Onto and Through the Project, Post-Construction BMPs, and Non-Structural BMPs (Construction BMP Training SM-1, Scheduling SM-14, Location of Potential Sources of Sediment SM-15, Preservation of Existing Vegetation SM-17). Delineate, and clearly mark off, with flags, tape, or other similar marking device all natural buffer areas defined in the SWPPP. Preserve native topsoil where practicable. In areas where vegetative stabilization will occur, restrict vehicle/equipment use in areas to avoid soil compaction or condition soil to promote vegetative growth. For Storm Drain Inlet Protection, clean, or remove and replace, the protection measures as sediment accumulates, the filter becomes clogged, and/or performance is compromised. Where there is evidence of sediment accumulation adjacent to the inlet protection measure, remove the deposited sediment by the end of the same day in which it is found or by the end of the following work day if removal by the same day is not feasible. Sediment basins shall be designed and maintained in accordance with HAR Chapter 11-55. Minimize disturbance on steep slopes (Greater than 15% in grade). If disturbance of steep slopes are unavoidable, 	Soil Stabilization 1. SM-22 Topsoil Management 2. EC-12 Seeding and Planting 3. EC-14 Mulching 4. EC-11 Geotextiles and Mats Slope Protection 1. EC-12 Seeding and Planting 2. EC-14 Mulching 3. EC-11 Geotextiles and Mats 4. EC-11 Geotextiles and Mats 4. EC-4 Slope Roughening, Terracing, and Rounding 5. EC-7 Slope Drains and Subsurface Drains 6. EC-9 Slope
	phase disturbances and use stabilization	Interceptor or Diversion
	techniques designed for steep grades.	Ditches/Berms
	For temporary drains and swales use velocity	SC-1 Storm
	dissipation devices within and at the outlet to	Drain Inlet
	minimize erosive flow velocities.	Protection

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP
Source	Implemented	Requirements
		Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers 1. SC-7 Silt Fence or Filter Fabric Fence 2. SC-2 Vegetated Filter Strips and Buffers 3. SC-6 Compost Filter Berm/Sock 4. SC-8 Sandbag Barrier 5. SC-9 Brush or Rock Filter
		Sediment Basins and Detention Ponds 1. SC-4 Sediment Trap 2. SC-5 Sediment Basin
		SC-3 Check Dams EC-6 Level Spreader SM-20 Paving Operations SC-10 Construction Roads and Parking Area Stabilization

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	ВМР
Source	Implemented	Requirements
		Controlling Storm Water Flowing onto and Through the Project 1. EC-3 Run-On Diversion 2. EC-5 Earth Dike, Swales and Ditches
		Post Construction BMPs 1. EC-2 Flared Culvert End Sections 2. EC-10 Rip-Rap and Gabion Inflow Protection 3. EC-8 Outlet Protection and Velocity Dissipation Devices 4. SM-22 Topsoil Management
		Non-Structural BMPs 1. SM-1 Construction BMP Training 2. SM-14 Scheduling 3. SM-15 Location of Potential Sources of Sediment 4. SM-17 Preservation of Existing Vegetation

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	ВМР
Source	Implemented	Requirements
Sediment from soil stockpiles • Locate stockpiles a minimum of 50 feet or as far as practicable from concentrated runoff or outside of any natural buffers identified on the SWPPP. • Place bagged materials on pallets and under cover. • Provide physical diversion to protect stockpiles from concentrated runoff. • Cover stockpiles with plastic or comparable material when practicable. • Place silt fence, fiber filtration tubes, or straw wattles around stockpiles. • Do not hose down or sweep soil or sediment accumulated on pavement or other impervious surfaces into any storm water conveyance (unless connected to a sediment basin, sediment trap, or similarly effective control), storm drain inlet, or state water. • Unless infeasible, contain and securely protect stockpiles from the wind. • Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. See Stockpile Management Section SM-3 for additional requirements.		See Stockpile Management Section SM-3. Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, and Perimeter Sediment Controls where applicable.
Emulsified asphalt or prime/tack coat	 Provide training for employees and contractors on proper material delivery and storage practices and procedures. Restrict paving operations during wet weather to prevent paving materials from being discharged. Use asphalt emulsions such as prime coat when possible. Protect drain inlet structures and manholes during application of tack coat, seal coat, slurry seal, and fog seal. Keep ample supplies of drip pans and absorbent materials on site. Inspect inlet protection devices. See Material Storage and Handling Section SM-2 and Paving Operations Section SM-20 for additional requirements. Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. 	See Material Storage and Handling Section SM-2, and Stockpile Management Section SM-3, Paving Operations Section SM-20, Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, and Perimeter Sediment Controls where applicable.

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	ВМР
Source	Implemented	Requirements
Materials associated with painting, such as paint and paint wash solvent	 Hazardous chemicals shall be well-labeled and stored in original containers. Keep ample supply of cleanup materials on site. Dispose container only after all of the product has been used. Remove as much paint from brushes on painted surface. Rinse from water-based paints shall be discharged into the sanitary sewer system where possible. If not, direct all washwater into a leak-proof container or leak-proof pit. The container or pit must be designed so that no overflows can occur due to inadequate sizing or precipitation. Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50 feet away or as far as practicable from storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, or water bodies. Do not dump liquid wastes into the storm drainage system. Filter and re-use solvents and thinners. Dispose of oil-based paints and residue as a hazardous waste. Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with regulations. Immediately clean up spills and leaks. Properly store paints, solvents, and epoxy compounds. Properly store and dispose waste materials generated from painting and structure repair and construction activities. Mix paints in a covered and contained area, when possible, to minimize adverse impacts from spills. Do not apply traffic paint or thermoplastic if rain is forecasted. See Material Storage and Handling Use SM-2, Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9, Spill Prevention and Control Section SM-10, and Structure Construction and Painting Section SM-21 for additional requirements. Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. 	See Material Storage and Handling Use Section SM-2, Stockpile Management Section SM-3, Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9, Waste Management, Spill Prevention and Control Section SM-10, and Structure Construction and Painting Section SM-21, Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, and Perimeter Sediment Controls where applicable.

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP
Source	Implemented	Requirements
Industrial chemicals, fertilizers, and/or pesticides		Requirements See Material Storage and Handling Use Section SM-2, Stockpile Management Section SM-3, and Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9, and Spill Prevention and Control SM-10

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
Hazardous	 Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with regulations. Hazardous waste that cannot be reused or recycled shall be disposed of by a licensed hazardous waste hauler. See Material Storage and Handling Use SM-2, and Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 for additional requirements. Do not dispose of toxic materials in dumpsters 	See Hazardous
waste (Batteries, Solvents, Treated Lumber, etc.)	 allocated for construction debris. Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with regulations. Hazardous waste that cannot be reused or recycled shall be disposed of by a licensed hazardous waste hauler. Segregate and recycle wastes from vehicle/equipment maintenance activities such as used oil or oil filters, greases, cleaning solutions, antifreeze, automotive batteries, and hydraulic and transmission fluids. Store waste in sealed containers, which are constructed of suitable materials to prevent leakage and corrosion, and which are labeled in accordance with applicable Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) requirements and all other applicable federal, state, and local requirements. All containers stored outside shall be kept away from surface waters and within appropriately sized secondary containment (e.g., spill berms, decks, spill containment pallets). Provide cover if possible. Clean up spills immediately, using dry clean-up methods where possible, and dispose of used materials properly. Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area down. Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a discharge or a continuation of an ongoing discharge. 	Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 and Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance SM-12

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
Metals and Building Materials	 Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with manufacturer's recommendations and is in compliance with federal, state, and local requirements. See Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 and Vehicle and Equipment Management, Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance SM-12 for additional requirements. Inspect construction waste and recycling areas regularly. Schedule solid waste collection regularly. If building materials or metals are stored on site (such as rebar or galvanized poles) store under cover under tarps or in containers. Minimize the amount of material stored on site. Do not stockpile uncovered metals or other building materials in close proximity to discharge points. See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6 for additional requirements. 	See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6
Contaminated Soil	 See Waste Management, Contaminated Soil Management Section SM-8 and/or Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 for additional requirements. At minimum contain contaminated material soil by surrounding with impermeable lined berms or cover exposed contaminated material with plastic sheets. 	See Waste Management, Contaminated Soil Management Section SM-8 and/or Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
Fugitive Dust Control and Dust Control Water	 Do not over spray water for dust control purposes which will result in runoff from the area. Apply water as conditions require. Washing down of debris or dirt into drainage, sewage systems, or State waters is not allowed. Minimize exposed areas through the schedule of construction activities. Utilize vegetation, mulching, sprinkling, and stone/gravel layering to quickly stabilize exposed soil. Direct construction vehicle traffic to stabilized roadways. Cover dump trucks hauling material from the site with a tarpaulin. See Dust Control Section SM-19 for additional requirements. 	See Dust Control Section SM-19
Concrete Truck Wash Water	 Disposal of concrete truck wash water via percolation is prohibited. Wash concrete-coated vehicles or equipment off-site or in the designated wash area. Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50 feet away or as far as practicable from storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, or water bodies. Runoff from the on-site concrete wash area shall be contained in a temporary pit or level bermed area where the concrete can set. Design the area so that no overflow can occur due to inadequate wash area sizing or precipitation. The temporary pit shall be lined with plastic to prevent seepage of wash water into the ground. Allow wash water to evaporate or collect wash water and all concrete debris in a concrete washout system bin. Do not dump liquid wastes into storm drainage system. Dispose of liquid and solid concrete wastes in compliance with federal, state, and local standards. See Waste Management, Concrete Wash and Waste Management Section SM-4 for additional requirements. 	See Waste Management, Concrete Wash and Waste Management Section SM-4

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
	•	-
Sediment Track-Out	 Include Stabilized Construction Entrance at all points that exit onto paved roads. A sediment trapping device is required if a wash rack is used in conjunction with the stabilized construction entrance/exit. The pavement shall not be cleaned by washing down the street. If sweeping is ineffective or it is necessary to wash the streets, wash water must be contained either by construction of a sump, diverting the water to an acceptable disposal area, or vacuuming the wash water. Use BMPs for adjacent drainage structures. Remove sediment tracked onto the street by the end of the day in which the track-out occurs. Restrict vehicle use to properly designated exit points. Include additional BMPs that remove sediment prior to exit when minimum dimensions cannot be met. 	See Stabilized Construction Entrance/Exit Section SC-11
	See Stabilized Construction Entrance/Exit Section	
	SC-11 for additional requirements.	
Irrigation Water	 Consider irrigation requirements. Where possible, avoid species which require irrigation. Design, timing and application methods of irrigation water to eliminate the runoff of excess irrigation water into the storm water drainage system. See Seeding and Planting Section EC-12 and California Stormwater BMP Handbook SD-12 Efficient Irrigation included in SWPPP Attachment A for additional requirements. 	See Seeding and Planting Section EC-12 and California Stormwater BMP Handbook SD- 12 Efficient Irrigation
Hydrotesting Effluent	• If work includes removing, relocation or installing waterlines, and Contractor elects to flush waterline or discharge hydrotesting effluent into State waters or drainage systems, the Contractor shall prepare and obtain HDOT acceptance of a NOI/NPDES Permit Form F application for HDOT submittal to DOH CWB at least 30 calendar days prior to the start of Hydrotesting Activities if necessary. Site specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form F submittal.	Site specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form F submittal.

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
Dewatering Effluent	If excavation or backfilling operations require dewatering, and Contractor elects to discharge dewatering effluent into State waters or existing drainage systems, Contractor shall prepare and obtain HDOT acceptance of a NOI/NPDES Permit Form G application for HDOT submittal to DOH CWB at least 30 calendar days prior to the start of Dewatering Activities if necessary. See Site Planning and General Practices, Dewatering Operations Section SM-18 for additional requirements.	See Dewatering Operations SM-18. Site specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form G submittal.
Saw-cutting Slurry	 Saw cut slurry shall be removed from the site by vacuuming. Provide storm drain protection during saw cutting. See Paving Operations Section SM-20 for additional requirements. Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. 	See Paving Operations Section SM-20, Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, Perimeter sediment controls where applicable
Concrete Curing Water	 Avoid overspraying of curing compounds. Apply an amount of compound that covers the surface, but does not allow any runoff of the compound. See California Stormwater BMP Handbook NS-12 Concrete Curing included in SWPPP Attachment A for additional requirements. 	See California Stormwater BMP Handbook NS- 12 Concrete Curing

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP Beauting monto
Source	Implemented	Requirements
Plaster Waste Water	,	
	Hazardous Materials and Waste Management	
Water-Jet Wash Water	 Section SM-9 for additional requirements. For Water-Jet Wash Water used to clean vehicles, use off site wash racks or commercial washing facilities when practical. See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning Section SM-11 for additional information. For Water-Jet Wash Water used to clean impervious surfaces, the runoff shall not be allowed to flow into drainage structures or State Waters. 	See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning Section SM-11
Sanitary/Septic Waste	 Locate Sanitary facilities in a convenient place away from drainage facilities. Position sanitary facilities so they are secure and will not be tipped over or knocked down. Wastewater shall not be discharged to the ground or buried. A licensed service provider shall maintain sanitary/septic facilities in good working order. Schedule regular waste collection by a licensed transporter. See Sanitary Waste Section SM-7 for additional requirements. 	See Sanitary Waste Section SM-7.

2	SECTION 301 - HOT MIX ASPHALT BASE COURSE			
3 4	Make the following amendments to said Sections:			
5 6 7	(I) parag		nd Section 301.03(B) Compaction by revising the secor rom lines 84 to 87 to read as follows:	nd
8 9 10 11 12 13		speci	"Compact mixture immediately upon completion of spreadirations to density of not less than 92.0 percent of maximum theoretical fic gravity in accordance with AASHTO T 209, modified by deletion lemental Procedure for Mixtures Containing Porous Aggregate."	cal
13 14 15 16	(II) follow		nd Section 301.04 Measurement from lines 98 to 100 to read a	as
17	"301.	04	Measurement.	
18 19 20 21		(A) with c	The Engineer will measure HMAB course per ton in accordance contract documents."	се
22232425	(III) follow		nd Section 301.05 Payment, from lines 102 to 111 to read a	as
26 27 28 29 30	"301.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted pay items listed below at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.			
31 32	the pi		Engineer will pay for one of the following pay items when included in I schedule:	l
33 34 35			Pay Item Pay Ur	nit
36 37		(A)	Hot Mix Asphalt Base Course To	on
38 39 40 41			(1) 80% of the contract unit price upon completion of submitting a job-mix formula acceptable to the Engineer; preparing the surface, spreading, and finishing the mixture; and compacting the mixture by rolling;	he
42 43 44 45 46			(2) 20% of the contract unit price upon completion of cuttir samples from the compacted pavement for testing; placing ar compacting the sampled area with new material conforming to the surrounding area; protecting the pavement; and final analysis.	nd

The Engineer may, in lieu of requiring removal and replacement, use the sliding scale factor to accept HMAB compacted below 92.0 percent. The Engineer will make payment for the material in that production day at a reduced price arrived at by multiplying the contract unit price by the pay factor shown in Table 301.05-1.

Table 301.05-1 – Sliding Scale Pay Factor			
Percent Compaction Percent Payment			
92.0 or greater	100		
90.0 – 91.9	80		
<90.0	Removal		

END OF SECTION 301

1 2		SECTION 305	5 – AGGREGATE SUBBASE COURSE
3	Make	the following amendm	nents to said Section:
4 5 6 7	(I) follow		easurement by revising lines 54 to 55 to read as
8	"305.0)4 Measurement	t.
9 10 11 12		(A) The Engineer accordance with the	will measure aggregate subbase per cubic yard in contract documents."
13 14	(II)	Amend 305.05 – Pay	ment by revising lines 57 to 66 to read as follows:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Paym contra	use at the contract price ent will be full comper act documents.	The Engineer will pay for the accepted aggregate ce per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Insation for the work prescribed in this section and the ay for the following pay item when included in the
23		Pay Item	Pay Unit
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(A)	Aggregate Subbase	Cubic Yard
31			END OF SECTION 305

1 2 3	Amend Section 401 – HOT MIX ASPHALT (HMA) PAVEMENT to read follows:	as			
5 4 5	"SECTION 401 - HOT MIX ASPHALT (HMA) PAVEMENT				
6 7 8	401.01 Description. This section describes furnishing and placing der HMA pavement (herein referred to as HMA) on a prepared surface.	nse graded			
9 10	401.02 Materials.				
11 12	Asphalt Cement (PG 64-16)	702.01(A)			
13 14	Use for non-surface mixes, unless otherwise specified in the project doc	uments.			
15 16	Asphalt Cement (PG 64E-22)	702.01(B)			
16 17 18 19 20	Use for all surface mixes, except for on Lanai and Molokai, and unless specified in the project documents. Polymer modified asphalt (PMA) refers to asphalt mix using PG 64E-22, unless otherwise indicated.				
21 22	Emulsified Asphalt	702.04			
23	Warm Mix Asphalt Additive	702.06			
24 25	Aggregate for Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement	703.09			
26 27	Filler	703.15			
28 29	Hydrated Lime or a liquid anti-strip approved by the engineer	712.03			
30 31 32 33 34	(A) General. HMA pavement shall be plant mixed and sh mixture of aggregate and asphalt binder and may include reclaim pavement (RAP) or filler, or both.				
35 36 37 38	Polymer Modified Asphalt (herein referred to as PMA) pave conform to all HMA pavement requirements, but with the use binder specified in Subsection 702.01(B) – Asphalt Cement (PG 6	of asphalt			
39 40 41	The manufacture of HMA may include warm mix asph processes in accordance with these specifications. WMA process combinations of organic additives, chemical additives, and foaming	ses includé			
42 43 44 45 46	HMA pavement shall include surface course and may include more binder courses, depending on HMA pavement thickness in the contract documents.				

RAP is defined as removed or reprocessed pavement materials containing asphalt and aggregates. Process RAP by crushing until 100 percent of RAP passes 3/4-inch sieve. Size, grade uniformly, and combine materials such that blend of RAP and aggregate material conforms to grading requirements of Subsection 703.09 - Aggregate for Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

In surface and binder courses, aggregate for HMA may include RAP quantities up to 20 percent of total mix weight.

Quantity of filler material to correct deficiencies in aggregate gradation passing the No. 200 sieve shall not exceed 3 percent by weight of fine aggregates.

(B) Job-Mix Formula and Tests. Design job-mix formula in accordance with procedures contained in current edition of Asphalt Institute's *Mix Design Methods for Asphalt Concrete and Other Hot Mix Types,* Manual Series No. 2 (MS-2) for either Marshall Method or Hveem Method of Mix Design.

Limit compacted lift thickness and asphalt content of job-mix formula as specified in Table 401.02-1 - Limits of Compacted Lift Thickness and Asphalt Content.

TABLE 401.02-1 - LIMITS OF COMPACTED LIFT THICKNESS AND ASPHALT CONTENT				
MIX NO.	II	III	IV	V
Minimum to Maximum	2-1/4	2	1-1/2	1-1/4
Compacted Thickness for	to	to	to	to
Individual Lifts (Inches)	3	3	3	3
Asphalt Content Limits	3.8	4.3	4.3	4.8
(Percent of Total Weight of	to	to	to	to
Mix)	6.1	6.1	6.5	7.0

Asphalt content limits for porous aggregate may be exceeded only if it is requested ahead of placement and is reviewed then accepted in writing by the Engineer.

Meet job-mix formula design criteria specified in Table 401.02-2 - Job-Mix Formula Design Criteria.

TABLE 401.02-2 - JOB-MIX FORMULA DESIGN CRITERIA			
Hveem Method Mix Criteria (AASHTO T 246 and AASHTO T 247)			
Stability, minimum	37		
Air Voids (percent) ¹	3 - 5		
Marshall Method Mix Criteria (AASHTO T 245)			
Compaction (number of blows each end of specimen)	75		
Stability, minimum (pounds)	1,800		
Flow (x 0.01 inch)	8 - 16		
Air Voids (percent) ¹	3 - 5		
Notes: 1. Air Voids: AASHTO T 166 or AASHTO T 275; AASHTO T 209, AASHTO T 269.			

 Minimum percent voids in mineral aggregates (VMA) of job-mix formula shall be as specified in Table 401.02-3 - Minimum Percent Voids in Mineral Aggregates (VMA).

TABLE 401.02-3 - MINIMUM PERCENT VOIDS IN MINERAL AGGREGATES (VMA)					
Nominal Maximum Particle Size, (Inches)	1-1/2	1	3/4	1/2	3/8
VMA, (percent) ¹	11.0	12.0	13.0	14.0	15.0
Notes:					

1. VMA: See Asphalt Institute Manual MS-2

(C) Submittals. Establish and submit job-mix formula for each type of HMA pavement mix indicated in the contract documents a minimum of 30 days before paving production. Job mix shall include the following applicable information:

(1) Design percent of aggregate passing each required sieve size.

(2) Design percent of asphalt binder material (type determined by type of mix) added to the aggregate (expressed as % by weight of total mix),

(3) Design proportion of processed RAP.

(4) Design temperature of mixture at point of discharge at paver.

102	()				
102	(6) Grade of asphalt binder.				
104					
105	(7) Test data used to develop job-mix formula.				
106					
107	Except for item (4) in this subsection, if design requirements are				
108	modified after the Engineer accepts job-mix formula, submit new job-mix				
109	formula before using HMA produced from modified mix design. Submit any				
110	changes to the design temperature of mixture at point of discharge for				
111	acceptance by the Engineer.				
112					
113	Submit a certificate of compliance for the asphalt binder, accompanied				
114	by substantiating test data from a certified testing laboratory.				
115	(D) Danse of Talananasa for LIMA Durvida LIMA within allowable				
116	(D) Range of Tolerances for HMA. Provide HMA within allowable				
117	tolerances of accepted job-mix formula as specified in Table 401.02-4 -				
118 119	Range of Tolerances These tolerances are not to be used for the design of the job mix, they are solely to be used during the testing of the production				
120	field sample of the HMA mix.				
121	held sample of the HiviA mix.				
121	TABLE 401.02-4 - RANGE OF TOLERANCES HMA				
	Passing No. 4 and larger sieves (percent) ± 7.0				
	Passing No. 8 to No. 100 sieves (inclusive) (percent) ± 4.0				
	Passing No. 200 sieve (percent) ± 3.0				
	Asphalt Content (percent) ± 0.4				
	Mixture Temperature (degrees F) ± 20				
122					
123	The tolerances shown are the allowable variance between the physical				
124	characteristics of laboratory job mix submitted mix design and the production				
125	or operational mix, i.e., field samples.				
126					
127	401.03 Construction.				
128 129	(A) Weather Limitations. Placement of HMA shall not be allowed under				
130	(A) Weather Limitations. Placement of HMA shall not be allowed under the following conditions:				
131	the following conditions.				
131	(1) On wet surfaces, e.g., surface with ponding or running water,				
133	surface that has aggregate or surface that appears beyond surface				
134	saturated dry, as determined by the Engineer.				

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(5)

Source of aggregate.

136		(2) When	air temperature is below 50 degrees F and falling. HMA
137		` '	lied when air temperature is above 40 degrees F and
138		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	emperature will be measured in shade and away from
139		artificial heat	·
140			
141		(3) When	weather conditions prevent proper method of
142		construction	·
143			
144	(B)	Equipment.	
145	(-)	_4	
146		(1) Mixin	g Plant. Use mixing plants that conform to AASHTO M
147		• •	mented as follows:
148		. СС, Сырр.с.	
149		(a)	All Plants.
150		(ω)	
151			1. Automated Controls. Control proportioning,
152			mixing, and mix discharging automatically. When RAP
153			is incorporated into mixture, provide positive controls for
154			proportioning processed RAP.
155			proportioning processed to tr
156			2. Dust Collector. AASHTO M 156, Requirements
157			for All Plants, Emission Controls is amended as follows:
158			To Air lands, Emission Controls is amended as follows.
159			Equip plant with dust collector. Dispose of
160			collected material. In the case of baghouse dust
161			collectors, dispose of collected material or return
162			collected material uniformly.
163			Concoled material dimornity.
164			3. Modifications for Processing RAP. When RAP
165			is incorporated into mixture, modify mixing plant in
166			accordance with plant manufacturer's recommendations
167			to process RAP.
168			to process IVAF.
169		(b)	Drum Dryer-Mixer Plants.
170		(b)	Diulii Diyei-wixei Piants.
170			1. Bins. Provide separate bin in cold aggregate
171			1 00 0
			feeder for each individual aggregate stockpile in mix.
173			Use bins of sufficient size to keep plant in continuous
174			operation and of proper design to prevent overflow of
175			material from one bin to another.
176			

177		2. Stockpiling Procedures. Separate aggregate
178		for Mix II, Mix III and Mix IV into at least three stockpiles
179		with different gradations as follows: coarse,
180		intermediate, and fine. Separate aggregates for Mix V
181		into at least two stockpiles. Stockpile RAP separately
182		from virgin aggregates.
183		0 00 0
184		3. Checking Aggregate Stockpile. Check
185		condition of the aggregate stockpile often enough to
186		ensure that the aggregate is in optimal condition.
187		
188	(c)	Batch and Continuous Mix Plants.
189	()	
190		1. Hot Aggregate Bin. Provide bin with three or
191		more separate compartments for storage of screened
192		aggregate fractions to be combined for mix. Make
193		partitions between compartments tight and of sufficient
194		height to prevent spillage of aggregate from one
195		compartment into another.
196		
197		2. Load Cells. Calibrated load cells may be used in
198		batch plants instead of scales.
199		'
200	(2) Hauli	ng Equipment. Use trucks that have tight, clean, smooth
201	` '	or hauling HMA.
202		3
203	Thinly	coat truck beds with a minimum quantity of non-stripping
204	•	nt to prevent mixture from adhering to beds. Diesel or
205		ased liquid release agents, except for paraffin oil, shall not
206	•	rain excess release agent from truck bed before loading
207	with HMA.	3
208		
209	Provid	de a designated clean up area for the haul trucks.
210		9
211	Equip	each truck with a tarpaulin conforming to the following:
212		
213	(a)	In good condition, without tears and holes.
214	()	,
215	(b)	Large enough to be stretched tightly over truck bed,
216	` '	letely covering mix. The tarpaulin shall be secured in such
217		nner that it remains stretched tightly over truck bed and
218		mix until the bed is about to be raised up in preparation
219		scharge.
220		Č
221	(3) Asph	alt Pavers. Use asphalt pavers that are:
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- (a) Self-contained, power-propelled units.
- **(b)** Equipped with activated screed or strike-off assembly, heated if necessary.
- (c) Capable of spreading and finishing courses of HMA mixtures in lane widths applicable to typical section and thicknesses indicated in the contract documents.
- **(d)** Equipped with receiving hopper having sufficient capacity for uniform spreading operation.
- **(e)** Equipped with automatic feed controls to maintain uniform depth of material ahead of screed.
- **(f)** Equipped with automatic screed controls with sensors capable of sensing grade from outside reference line, sensing transverse slope of screed, and providing automatic signals to control screed grade and transverse slope.
- **(g)** Capable of operating at constant forward speeds consistent with satisfactory laying of mixture.
- (h) Equipped with a means of preventing the segregation of the coarse aggregate particles from the remainder of the bituminous plant mix when that mix is carried from the paver hopper back to the paver augers. The means and methods used shall be approved by the paver manufacturer and may consist of chain curtains, deflector plates, or other such devices and any combination of these.

The following specific requirements shall apply to the identified bituminous pavers:

- 1. Blaw-Knox Bituminous Pavers. Blaw-Knox bituminous pavers shall be equipped with the Blaw-Knox Materials Management Kit (MMK).
- Cedarapids Bituminous Pavers. Cedarapids bituminous pavers shall be those that were manufactured in 1989 or later.

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3. Barber-Green/Caterpillar Bituminous Pavers.
Barber-Green/Caterpillar bituminous pavers shall be equipped with deflector plates as identified in the December 2000 Service Magazine entitled "New Asphalt Deflector Kit {6630, 6631, 6640}".

Bituminous pavers not listed above shall have similar attachments or designs that shall make them equivalent to the bituminous pavers listed above. The Engineer will solely decide if it is equal to or better that the setups described for the equipment listed above.

Submit for review and acceptance, prior to the start of using the paver for the placing of plant mix, a full description in writing of the means and methods that will be used to prevent the bituminous paver from having both aggregate and temperature segregation. Use of any paver that has not been accepted is prohibited until acceptance of the paver is received from the Engineer. Any pavement placed with an unaccepted paver will be regarded as not compliant work and may not be paid for and may require removal.

Supply a Certificate of Compliance that verifies that the manufacturer's approved means and methods used to prevent bituminous paver from having both aggregate and temperature segregation have been implemented on all pavers used on the project and are working in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and Contract Documents.

- (4) Rollers. Rollers shall be self-propelled, steel-tired tandem, pneumatic-tired, or vibratory-type rollers capable of reversing without shoving or tearing the just placed HMA mixture. Provide sufficient number, sequencing, type, and rollers of sufficient weight to compact the mixture to required density while mixture is still in workable condition unless otherwise indicated. Equipment shall not excessively crush aggregate. Operate rollers in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and Contract Documents. The use of intelligent compaction is encouraged and may be required elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
 - (a) Steel-Tired Tandem Rollers. Steel-tired tandem rollers used for initial breakdown or intermediate roller passes shall have minimum gross weight of 12 tons and shall provide minimum 250-pound weight per linear inch of width on drive wheel.

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Steel-tired tandem rollers used for finish roller passes shall have minimum total gross weight of 3 tons.

Do not use roller with grooved or pitted rolling drum or worn scrapers or wetting pads. Replace excessively worn scrapers and wetting pads before use.

(b) Pneumatic-Tired Rollers. Pneumatic-tired rollers shall be oscillating-type, equipped with smooth-tread pneumatic tires of equal size and diameter. Maintain tire pressure within 5 pounds per square inch of designated operational pressure when hot. Space tires so that gaps between adjacent tires are covered by following set of tires.

Pneumatic-tired rollers used for breakdown or intermediate roller passes shall have a ballast capable of establishing an operating weight per tire of not less than 3,000 pounds. Equip rollers with tires having minimum 20-inch wheel diameter with tires inflated to 70 to 75 pounds per square inch pressure when cold and 90 pounds per square inch when hot. Equip rollers with skirt-type devices to maintain temperature of tires during rolling operations.

Pneumatic-tired rollers used for kneading finished asphalt surfaces shall have a ballast capable of establishing an operating weight per tire of not less than 1,500 pounds. Equip rollers with tires having minimum 15-inch wheel diameter with tires inflated to 50 to 60 pounds per square inch pressure. If required, equip rollers with skirt-type devices to maintain temperature of tires during rolling operations.

- (c) Vibratory Rollers. Vibratory rollers shall be steel-tired tandem rollers having minimum total weight of 3 tons. Equip vibratory rollers with amplitude and frequency controls and speedometer. Operate vibratory roller in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. For very thin lifts, 1 inch or less in thickness, vibratory rollers shall not be used in the vibratory mode. Instead, operate the unit in the static mode.
- (5) Hand Tools. Keep hand tools used in production, hauling, and placement of HMA clean and free of contaminants. Diesel or mineral spirits or other cleaning material that is potentially deleterious to HMA may be used to clean hand tools providing:
 - (a) It does not contaminate HMA with cleaning material.

357 358		(b) the cle		hand tools over catch pan with capacity to hold all material.
359 360 361 362			al that	ove all diesel or mineral spirits or other cleaning is potentially deleterious to HMA from hand tools with HMA.
363 364 365 366 367			equirer ntedge	tools used shall be in a condition such that it meets ments that it was manufactured for, e.g., a shall meet the straightness requirement of the r.
368 369	(6)	Mater	ial Tra	nsfer Vehicle (MTV).
370 371 372 373 374 375		When delive	ts on a placin r mixtu	e. MTV usage applies to surface courses of paving II Islands except Lanai, unless otherwise indicated. g HMA surface course use MTV to independently tres from hauling equipment to paving equipment. will not be required for the following:
376 377			1.	Projects with less than 1,000 tons of HMA.
378			••	Trojoco with 1000 than 1,000 tone of this t.
379			2.	Temporary pavements.
380				
381			3.	Bridge deck approaches.
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383			4.	Shoulders.
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385			5.	Tapers.
386			•	Turning lange
387 388			6.	Turning lanes.
389			7.	Driveways.
390			٠.	Diffeways.
391			8.	Areas with low overhead clearances.
392			0.	7 Todo Will low ovorrious dicaraticos.
393		(b)	Equip	oment. When using MTV, install minimum 10-ton-
394		` '		per insert in conventional paver hopper. Provide
395		•	•	equipment:
396			Ü	• •
397			1.	High-capacity truck unloading system in MTV
398			capab	ole of receiving HMA from hauling equipment.
399				
400			2.	MTV storage bin with minimum 15-ton capacity.
401			_	
402			3.	An auger mixing system in one of the following:

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the MTV storage bin, or paver hopper insert, or paver hopper to continuously mix HMA prior to discharging to the paver's conveyor system.

Avoid stop-and-go operations by coordinating plant production rate, number of haul units, and MTV and paver speeds to provide a continuous, uniform, segregation-free material flow and smooth HMA pavement. Maintain uniform paver speed to produce smooth pavements.

(c) Performance Evaluation. Evaluate the performance of MTV and mixing equipment by measuring mat temperature profile immediately behind paver screed on first day of paving and when it feels the need to do so due to perceived changes in performance or as directed by the Engineer.

Use a hand-held temperature device that has been calibrated within the past 12 months. It shall be an infrared temperature gun is capable of measuring in one degree or finer increments between the temperatures of 80 degrees to 400 degrees F with a laser to indicate where the temperature reading is being taken. Six temperature profile measurements shall be taken of mat surface using infrared temperature gun at 50-foot intervals behind paver. Each temperature profile shall consist of three surface temperature measurements taken transversely across the mat in approximately a straight line from screed while paver is operating. For each profile. temperatures shall be measured approximately 1 foot from each edge and in middle of mat. The difference between maximum and minimum temperature measurements for each temperature profile shall not exceed 10 degrees F. If any two or more temperature profiles exceeds the allowable 10-degree F temperature differential, halt paving operation and adjust MTV or mixing equipment to ensure that material placed by paver meets specified temperature requirements. Redo the measuring of mat temperature profile until adjustment of the MTV or mixing equipment is adequate. Submit all temperature profiles to the Engineer by next business day. Information on the report shall show location and temperature readings and time test was performed. Enough information shall be given. so the Engineer will be able to easily locate the test site of the individual measurement.

When requested temperature profile measurements shall be done in the presence of the Engineer.

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Once adjustments are made, repeat measurement procedure for the next two placements to verify that material placed by paver meets specified temperature requirements. Terminate paving if temperature profile requirements are not met during repeated measurement procedure. If equipment fails to meet requirements after measurement procedure is repeated once, replace equipment before conducting any further temperature profile measurements

The Engineer may perform surface temperature profile measurements at any time during project. The Engineer may in lieu of a hand-held infrared temperature device use an infrared camera or device that is capable of measuring temperatures to locate cold spots. If such cold spots exist, the Engineer may require adjustments to the MTV.

If bleeding or fat spots occur in the pavement adjust means and methods to eliminate such pavement defects and perform remedial repair to pavement acceptable to the Engineer. Bleeding is defined as excess binder occurring on the surface of the pavement. It may create a shiny, glass-like, reflective appearance and may be tacky to the touch. Fat spots are localized bleeding.

(d) Transport.

- 1. Trailered MTV. Transport MTV by means of truck-tractor/trailer combination in accordance with Chapter 104 of Title 19, Department of Transportation, entitled "The Movement by Permit of Oversize and Overweight Vehicles on State Highways".
- 2. Crossing Bridges for Self-Powered MTV. When self-powered MTV exceeds legal axle or total weight limits for vehicles under the HRS, Chapter 291, conform to the following when crossing bridges within project limits unless otherwise indicated:
 - **a.** Completely remove mix from MTV.
 - **b.** Move MTV at relatively constant speed not exceeding 5 miles per hour. MTV will not be allowed to stop on bridge.

492	c. No other vehicle or equipment will be
493	allowed on bridge.
494	
495	d. The MTV shall not attempt to cross a
496	bridge where the posted load limit is less than or
497	equal to the weight of the MTV empty.
498	Permission to cross the bridge shall be obtained
499	from the Engineer and HWY-DB in writing.
500	3
501	(C) Preparation of Surface. Clean existing pavement in accordance with
502	Section 310 - Brooming Off. Apply tack coat in accordance with Section 407
503	- Tack Coat. Tack coat shall not be applied to surfaces to receive an
504	application of joint adhesive.
505	application of joint danceive.
506	Where indicated, bring irregular surfaces to uniform grade and cross
507	section by furnishing and placing one or more leveling courses of HMA Mix
508	V. Spread leveling course in variable thicknesses to eliminate irregularities
509	
	in existing surface. Place leveling course such that maximum depth of each course, when thoroughly compacted to the Contract Documents'
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511	requirements, does not exceed 3 inches.
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513	In multiple-lift leveling course construction, spread subsequent lifts
514	beyond edges of previously spread lifts in accordance with procedures
515	contained in current edition of the Asphalt Institute's Construction of Hot Mix
516	Asphalt Pavements, Manual Series No. 22 (MS-22) for leveling wedges.
517	
518	Notify the Engineer of existing surfaces that may not be in a condition
519	that will have enough strength to be a good bonding surface or foundation
520	and should be removed or have remedial repairs done before new pavement
521	placement.
522	
523	(D) Plant Operation.
524	
525	(1) Preparation of Asphalt Binder. Uniformly heat asphalt binder
526	and provide continuous supply of heated asphalt cement from storage
527	to mixer. Do not heat asphalt binder above the recommendation of
528	the supplier for modified binders or above 350 degrees F for neat
529	binders.
530	
531	(2) Preparation of Aggregate. Dry and heat aggregate material
532	at temperature sufficient to produce design temperature of job-mix
533	formula. Do not exceed 350 degrees F. Adjust heat source used for
534	drying and heating to avoid damage to and contamination of
535	aggregate. When dry, aggregate shall not contain more than 1
536	percent moisture by weight.
537	For batch plants, screen aggregates immediately after heating

538	and drying into three or more fractions. Convey aggregates into
539	separate compartments ready for batching and mixing with asphalt
540	binder.
541	
542	(3) Mixing. Measure aggregate and asphalt; or aggregate, RAP,
543	and asphalt into mixer in accordance with an accepted job-mix
544	formula. Mix until components are completely mixed and adequately
545	coated with asphalt binder in accordance with AASHTO M 156.
546	Percent of coated particles shall be 95 percent when tested in
547	accordance with AASHTO T 195.
548	accordance with a territor in too.
549	(4) Plant Inspection. For control and acceptance testing during
550	periods of production, provide a testing laboratory that meets the
551	requirements of AASHTO M 156. Provide space, utilities, and
552	equipment required for performing specified tests.
553	equipment required for performing specified tests.
554	(E) Spreading and Finishing. Prior to each day's paving operation,
555	check screed or strike-off assembly surface with straight edge to ensure
556	straight alignment and there is no damage or wear to the machine that will
557	affect performance. Provide screed or strike-off assembly that produces
558	finished surface without tearing, shoving, and gouging HMA. Discontinue
559	using spreading equipment that leaves ridges, indentations, or other marks,
560	or combination thereof in surface that cannot be eliminated by rolling or
561	affects the final smoothness of the pavement or be prevented by adjustment
562	in operation.
563	
564	Maintain HMA at minimum 250 degrees F temperature at discharge to
565	paver. The Engineer shall observe the contractor measuring the temperature
566	of mix in hauling vehicle just before depositing into spreader or paver or MTV.
567	
568	Deposit HMA in a manner that minimizes segregation. Raise truck
569	beds with tailgates closed before discharging HMA.
570	
571	Lay, spread, and strike off HMA upon prepared surface. Where
572	practical, use asphalt pavers to distribute mixture.
573	
574	Where practical, control horizontal alignment using automatic grade
575	and slope controls from reference line, slope control device. Existing
576	pavements or features shall not be used for grade control alone.
577	·
578	Obtain sensor grade reference, horizontal alignment by using
579	established grade and slope controls. For subsequent passes, substitution
580	of one ski with joint-matching shoe riding on finished adjacent pavement is
581	acceptable. Use of a comparable non-contact mobile reference system and
582	joint matching shoe is acceptable.
	,

Avoid stop-and-go operation. Maintain a constant forward speed of

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paver during paving operation and minimize other methods that impact smoothness.

Offset longitudinal joint in successive lifts by approximately 6 inches. Incorporate into paving method an overlap of material of 1-inch +/- 0.5 inches at the longitudinal joint. The HMA overlap material shall be left alone when initially placed and shall not be bumped back or pushed back with a lute or any other hand-held device. If the overlap exceeds the maximum amount, remove the excess with a flat shovel, allowing recommended amount of overlap HMA material to remain in place to be compacted. Do not throw the removed excess HMA material on to the paving mat. The longitudinal joint in a surface course when total roadway width is comprised of two lanes shall be near the centerline of pavement or near lane lines when roadway is more than two lanes in width. The longitudinal joint shall not be constructed in the wheel path or under the longitudinal lane lines. Make a paving plan drawing showing how the longitudinal joint will not be located in these areas.

Control the horizontal alignment of the longitudinal edge of the HMA mat being installed so that the edge is parallel to the centerline or has a uniform alignment, e.g., the edge of the mat is straight line or uniform curve, no wavy edge, etc. to have a consistent amount of HMA material at the joint.

Check the compaction of the longitudinal joint during paving often enough to ensure that it will meet the compaction requirements.

If nuclear gauges and ground penetrating radar are used as the contractor's quality control method, they shall be properly calibrated and periodically checked by comparison to cores taken from the pavement. The use of sand as an aid in properly seating the gauge may also be considered for improving the accuracy of the gauge.

In areas where irregularities or unavoidable obstacles make use of mechanical spreading and finishing equipment impracticable, spread, rake, and lute mixture by hand tools. For such areas, deposit, spread evenly, and screed mixture to required compacted thickness.

 Demonstrate competence of personnel operating grade and crown control device before placing surface courses. If automatic control system becomes inoperative during the day's work, the Engineer will permit the Contractor to finish day's work using manual controls. The Engineer may also allow additional HMA to be ordered and placed using manual controls if it will provide a safer work site for the public to travel through. Do not resume work until automatic control system is made operative. The Engineer may waive requirement for electronic screed control device when paving gores, shoulders, transitions, and miscellaneous reconstruction areas where the use of the devices is not practical.

When production of HMA can be maintained and when practicable, use pavers in echelon shall be used to place surface course in adjacent lanes.

At the end of each workday, HMA pavement that is open to traffic shall not extend beyond the panel of the adjacent new lane pavement by more than the distance normally placed in one workday. At end of each day's production, construct tapered transitions along all longitudinal and transverse pavement drop-offs; this shall apply to areas where existing pavement is to meet newly placed pavement. Use slopes of 6:1 for longitudinal taper transitions and 48:1 for transverse tapered transitions. Maximum drop-off height along the joints shall be 3 inches. Also, using a 48:1 slope provides a taper around any protruding object, e.g., manholes, drain boxes, survey monuments, inlets, etc., that may be above pavement surface when opened to the public. If the object is below the surface of the pavement then fill the depression until it is level with the surrounding pavement or raise depressed objects to the finish grade of the placed pavement. Remove and dispose of all transition tapers before placing adjoining panel or next layer of HMA. Notify traveling public of pavement drop-offs or raised objects with signs placed in every direction of traffic that may use and encounter pavement drop-offs or protruding objects or holes.

Use the same taper rates for areas where there is a difference in elevation due to construction work.

At end of each workweek, complete full width of the roadway's pavement, including shoulders, to same elevation with no drop-offs.

(F) Compaction. Immediately after spreading and striking off HMA and adjusting surface irregularities, uniformly compact mixture by rolling.

Initiate compaction at highest mix temperature allowing compaction without excessive horizontal movement. Temperature shall not be less than 220 degrees F.

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Finish rolling using tandem roller while HMA temperature is at or above 175 degrees F.

On superelevated curves, begin rolling at lower edge and progress to higher edge by overlapping of longitudinal trips parallel to centerline.

If necessary, repair damage immediately using rakes and fresh mix. Do not displace line and grade of HMA edges during rolling.

Keep roller wheels properly moistened with water or water mixed with small quantities of detergent. Use of excess liquid, diesel, and petroleumbased liquids will not be allowed on rollers.

Along forms, curbs, headers, walls and other places not accessible to rollers, compact mixture with hot hand tampers, smoothing irons, or mechanical tampers. On depressed areas, trench roller or cleated compression strips under roller may be used to transmit compression.

Before the start of compaction or during compaction or both remove pavement that is loose, broken, or contaminated, or combination thereof; pavement that shows an excess or deficiency in asphalt binder content; and pavement that is defective in any way. Replace with fresh HMA pavement of same type, and compact. Remove and replace defective pavement and compact at no increase in contract price or contract time.

Operate rollers at slow and uniform speed with no sudden stops. The drive wheels shall be nearest to the paver. Continue rolling to attain specified density and until roller marks are eliminated.

Rollers shall not be parked on the pavement placed that day or shift.

(1) HMA Pavement Courses One and a Half Inches Thick or Greater. Where HMA pavement compacted thickness indicated in the Contract Documents is 1-1/2 inches or greater, compact to not less than 93.0 percent nor greater than 97.0 percent of the maximum specific gravity determined in accordance with AASHTO T 209, modified by deletion of Supplemental Procedure for Mixtures Containing

Porous

Aggregate.

Place HMA pavement in individual lifts that are within minimum and maximum allowable compacted thickness for various types of mixture as specified in Table 401.02-1 - Limits of Compacted Lift Thickness and Asphalt Content.

(2) HMA Pavement Courses Less Than One and a Half Inches Thick. Where HMA pavement compacted thickness indicated in the contract documents is less than 1-1/2 inches, compaction to a specified density will not be required.

Use only non-vibratory, steel-tired, tandem roller. Roll entire surface with minimum of two roller passes. A roller pass is defined as one trip of the roller in one direction over any one spot.

For intermediate rolling, roll entire surface with minimum of four passes of roller.

Finish rolling using steel-tired, tandem roller. Continue rolling until entire surface has been compacted with minimum of three passes of roller, and roller marks have been eliminated.

Do not use rollers that will excessively crush aggregate.

- (3) HMA Pavement Courses One and a Half Inches Thick or Greater In Special Areas Not Designated For Vehicular Traffic. For areas such as bikeways that are not part of roadway and other areas not subjected to vehicular traffic, compact to not less than 90.0 percent of maximum specific gravity determined in accordance with AASHTO T 209, modified by deletion of Supplemental Procedure for Mixtures Containing Porous Aggregate. Increase asphalt content by at least 0.5 percent above that used for HMA pavements designed for vehicular traffic. Paved shoulders shall be compacted in the same manner as pavements designed for vehicular traffic.
- (G) Joints, Trimming Edges and Utility Marking. At HMA pavement connections to existing pavements, make joints vertical to depth of new pavement. Saw cut existing pavement and cold plane in accordance with Section 415 Cold Planing of Existing Pavement to depth equal to thickness of surface course or as indicated in the Contract Documents.

At HMA connections to previously placed lifts, form transverse joints by cutting back on previous run to expose full depth of course. Dispose of material trimmed from edges. Protect end of freshly laid mixture from rollers.

Before and after paving, identify and mark location of existing utility manholes, valves, and handholes on finished surface. Adjust existing frames and covers and valve boxes to final pavement finish grade in accordance with Section 604 - Manholes, Inlets and Catch Basins and Section 626 - Manholes and Valve Boxes for Water and Sewer Systems.

(1) Longitudinal joints. Submit for review the means and methods that will be used to install longitudinal joints at the required compaction and density. Compact longitudinal joints to be not less than 91.0 percent of the maximum specific gravity determined in accordance with AASHTO T 209, modified by deletion of Supplemental Procedure for Mixtures Containing Porous Aggregate. Verify the compaction of the longitudinal joints meets requirements by using non-destructive testing methods during paving and submit the results on the daily quality control test reports.

Test for compaction and density regardless of layer thickness. Compaction and density of the longitudinal joint shall be determined by using six-inch diameter cores. For longitudinal joints made using butt joints cores shall be taken over the joint with half of the core being on each side of the joint. For longitudinal joints using butt wedge joints, center core over the center of the wedge so that 50 percent of the material is from the most recently paved material and the remaining 50 percent of the core is from the material used to pave the previous layer. One core shall be taken at a maximum of every 250 tons of longitudinal joint and any fraction of that length for each day of paving with a minimum of one core taken for each longitudinal joint per day. Cores taken for the testing of the longitudinal joint may be used to determine pavement thickness.

When the longitudinal joints are found to have less than 91.0 percent of the maximum specific gravity, overband all longitudinal joints within the entire lot represented by the non-compliant core, PG binder seal coat, or other type of joint enrichment accepted by the Engineer. The overband shall not decrease the skid resistance of the pavement under any ambient weather condition. Submit overband material's catalog cuts, test results and application procedure for review and acceptance by the Engineer before use. Center the overband over the longitudinal joint. The overband shall be placed in a uniform width and horizontal alignment. The overband shall have no holidays or streaking in its placement. The width of the overband shall be based on how the longitudinal joint was constructed or as directed by the Engineer. If a butt joint is used, the overband width shall be a minimum of 12-inches. For butt wedge or wedge joints the overband width shall be the width of the wedge plus an additional six-inches minimum. Replace any pavement markings damaged or soiled by the overband remedial repair process.

For longitudinal joints that have a compaction of less than 89 percent of the maximum specific gravity; removal may be required by the Engineer instead of overbanding the non-compliant joint.

Persistent low compaction results may be cause to suspend work and remove non-conforming work. During the suspension of paving, revise

means and methods used in constructing longitudinal joints and submit to the Engineer for review and acceptance. Suspension may occur when:

- (1) Two or more longitudinal joints tests fail to meet the minimum compaction
- (2) One sample reveals that the joint compaction is 89 percent or less.

Compaction results for longitudinal joints until January 1, 2023 will not be included in any Sliding Scale Pay Factor for Compaction payment calculation. After, January 1, 2023 it will be included.

(H) HMA Pavement Samples. Obtain test samples from compacted HMA pavement within 72 hours of lay down. Provide minimum 4-inch diameter cores consisting of undisturbed, full-depth portion of compacted mixture taken at locations designated by the Engineer in accordance with the "Sampling and Testing Guide for Acceptance and Verification" in Hawaii DOT Highways Division, *Quality Assurance Manual for Materials*, Appendix 3. Cores shall be taken in the presence of the Engineer. Turn cores over to Engineer immediately after cores have been taken.

For pavement samples for longitudinal joints provide 6-inch diameter cores minimum. For pavement samples for other than longitudinal joints 4-inch diameter cores minimum shall be taken. All cores shall consist of undisturbed, full-depth of the lift of the compacted mixture taken at locations designated by the Engineer in accordance with the "Sampling and Testing Guide for Acceptance and Verification" in Hawaii DOT Highways Division, *Quality Assurance Manual for Materials*, appendix 3. Coring of longitudinal joints shall use a modified HDOT Sampling and Testing Guide as required by the Contract Documents.

 Cores that separate shall indicate to the Engineer that there is insufficient bonding of layers. Modify the previously used paving means and methods to prevent future debonding of layers. Debonding of a core sample after adjustment of the Contractor's methods will be an indication of continued non-conforming work and the Engineer may direct removal of the layer at no additional cost or contract time.

Restore HMA pavement immediately after obtaining samples. Clean core hole and walls of all deleterious material that will prevent the complete filling of the core hole and the bonding of the new HMA to the existing. Apply tack coat to vertical faces of sample holes. Fill sampled area with new HMA pavement of same type as that removed. If hand compaction is used; fill in layers not exceeding the minimum thickness stated in Table 401.02-1 - Limits of Compacted Lift Thickness And Asphalt Content. Compact each layer to compaction requirements. If Mechanical Compaction methods are used, then layers may be the maximum layer thickness stated in Table 401.02-1 - Limits of Compacted Lift Thickness And Asphalt Content. Using tires or hand tamping to compact the HMA material to restore the pavement shall not be considered as mechanical compaction.

Only sample and test leveling course if 1-1/2 inches or greater. No compaction requirements for less than 1-1/2 inches.

(I) HMA Pavement Thickness Tolerances.

The Engineer will measure thickness of pavement by cores obtained by the Contractor in accordance with HDOT TM 09-19 Field Sampling Bituminous Material after Compaction (Obtaining Cores). The Engineer will measure cores in accordance with HDOT TM 09-19, except that measurement will be taken to nearest one thousandth of an inch; and average of such measurements will be taken to nearest one hundredth of an inch.

Thickness of finished HMA pavement shall be within 0.25 inch of thickness indicated in the Contract Documents. Pavement not meeting the thickness requirements of the Contract Documents may be required by the Engineer to be removed and replaced.

Corrective methods taken on pavement exceeding specified tolerances, e.g., insufficient thickness by methods accepted by the Engineer, including removal and replacement, shall be at no increase in contract price or contract time.

The checking of pavement thickness shall be done after all remedial repairs, e.g., smoothness compliance repairs, compaction, have been completed, reviewed, and accepted by the Engineer.

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- (J) Quality Control Using New Technology. The Engineer and MTRB reserves the right to utilize new technology and methods to improve the detection of noncompliant work on the project. The technology or method may be used to locate defects in the work, e.g., ground penetrating radar to locate delaminations, moisture damage, thin sections, voids, non-compliant compaction, other non-destructive testing to locate flaws. The defect will be verified by the methods stated in the Contract Documents or by other established conventional means. If the technology or method has already been accepted elsewhere or has standardized testing procedures the results may be judged acceptable by the Engineer and no further testing will be required. These new technologies and methods may be used for the selection of sampling locations.
- **(K) Protection of HMA Pavement.** Except for construction equipment directly connected with paving operations, keep traffic off HMA pavement.

Protect HMA pavement from damage until it has cooled and set.

Do not refuel equipment or clean equipment or hand tools over paved surfaces unless catch pan or device that will contain spilled fuel and other products is provided. After completion of refueling or cleaning, remove catch pan or device without spilling any of the collected content.

Do not park roller or other paving equipment on HMA pavement paved within 24 hours of laydown.

(L) Pavement Joint Adhesive

- (1) Pavement Joint Adhesive on Joints. Use on all asphalt pavement construction where joints are formed at such locations but not limited to the following:
 - (a) Adjacent asphalt pavements, e.g., trafficked lanes, shoulders, etc.
 - **(b)** Asphalt pavement and adjacent concrete pavement or curb and gutter or any other surface where the bonding of the asphalt pavement and concrete surface is desired,
 - **(c)** Transverse joints between asphalt pavements not placed at the same time or if the pavement's temperature on one side of the joint is below the minimum temperature the mix can be at, during asphalt pavement compaction or installation.

(d) Cut face of an existing pavement where it will have new HMA pavement placed against it, e.g., utility trenches, partial or full depth repairs, etc.

Pavement joint adhesive is not required on a longitudinal construction joint between adjacent hot mix asphalt pavements formed by echelon paving. Echelon paving is defined as paving multiple lanes side-by-side with adjacent pavers slightly offset at the same time.

A longitudinal construction joint between one shift's work and another shall have pavement joint adhesive applied at the joint. Any longitudinal construction joint formed, with the temperature on one side of the joint that is below the minimum temperature the mix can be when compacted to contract requirements during asphalt pavement installation, shall have pavement joint adhesive applied at the joint.

(2) Material requirements. Asphalt joint adhesive shall meet requirements as specified in Table 401.03-1 - Asphalt Joint Adhesive Specifications.

TABLE 401.03-1 – ASPHALT JOINT ADHESIVE SPECIFICATIONS					
TEST		SPECIFICATION			
Brookfield Viscosity, 204 °C [400 °F]	ASTM D 3236	4,000-10,000 cp			
Cone Penetration, 25 °C [77 °F]	ASTM D 5329	60-100 dmm			
Resilience, 25 °C [77 °F]	ASTM D 5329	30% minimum			
Ductility, 25 °C [77 °F]	ASTM D 113	30 cm minimum			
Ductility, 4 °C [39.2 °F]	ASTM D 113	30 cm minimum			
Tensile Adhesion, 25 °C [77 °F]	ASTM D 5329	500% minimum			
Softening Point	ASTM D 36	77 °C [170 °F] min.			
Asphalt Compatibility	ASTM D 5329	Pass			

(3) Construction Requirements for Asphalt Joint Adhesive

(a) Equipment Requirements. Use a jacketed double boiler type melting unit, with both agitation and recirculation systems. Provide a pressure feed wand application system.

(b) Material Handling. Submit a copy of the manufacturer's recommendations for heating, re-heating, and applying the joint adhesive material. Follow manufacturer's recommendations. Do not remove the joint adhesive from the package until immediately before it is placed in the melter. Joint adhesive boxes must be clearly marked with the name of the manufacturer, the trade name of the adhesive, the manufacturer's batch and lot number, the application/pour temperature, and the safe heating temperature. Feed additional material into the melter at a rate equal to the rate of material used.

Verify the pouring temperature of the joint adhesive at least once per hour at the point of discharge. Stop production if the adhesive falls below the recommended application/pour temperature. When the temperature of the adhesive exceeds the maximum safe heating temperature, stop production, empty the melter, and dispose of that adhesive in an environmentally safe method. No payment will be made for this material or its disposal.

Do not blend or mix different manufacturer's brands or different types of adhesives.

- (c) Joint Adhesive Application: The face of the joint that the new asphalt pavement will bind to shall be clean and dry before the joint adhesive is applied. Apply the pavement joint adhesive material to the entire face of the surface where HMA pavement shall be installed. The thickness of the asphalt adhesive application shall be approximately 1/8 inch. Use an application shoe attached to the end of application wand. Do not overlap the joint by greater than 1/2-inch at the top of the joint or two-inches at the bottom of the joint. Apply the joint adhesive immediately in front of the paving operation. If the adhesive is tracked by construction vehicles, repair the damaged area, and restrict traffic from driving on the adhesive.
- (d) Field Sampling. Take a sample from the application wand during the first 20 minutes of placing sealant. One sample should be taken per manufacturer's batch or minimum of every 6 months on the Project in the presence of the Engineer.

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Each sample shall consist of two aluminum or steel sample containers with the capacity to hold five pounds of sealant each. The two sampling containers shall be labeled with Contractor's name; project name and number; date and time sample taken; location of where material was used at, e.g., from where to where it was used at in stations; manufacturer and lot number of the sealant. Each container shall be numbered one of two, or two of two. Turn over samples to Engineer without Engineer losing sight of the sample. The Engineer reserves the right to conduct supplementary sampling and testing of the sealant material

(M) Pavement Smoothness Rideability Test. Perform surface profile tests frequently to ensure that the means and methods being used produces pavement that is compliant with the surface profile smoothness requirement. Test the pavement surface for smoothness with High-Speed Inertial Profiler to determine the International Roughness Index (IRI) of the pavement. For the locations determined by the Engineer, a 10-foot straightedge shall be used to measure smoothness.

All smoothness testing must be performed with the presence of the Engineer. The High-Speed Inertial Profiler operator shall be a certified operator by MTRB or the manufacturer.

The High-Speed Inertial Profiler operator's certification shall be no older than five years old at the date of the Notice to Proceed and at the day of the pavement profile measurement.

The finished pavement shall comply to all the following requirements:

(a) Smoothness Test using 10-Foot Straightedge (Manual or rolling) The 10-foot straightedge is used to identify the locations that vary more than 3/16 inch from the lower edge when the 10-foot straightedge is laid on finished pavement on the direction parallel with the centerline or perpendicular to centerline. Remove the high points that cause the surface to exceed that 3/16 inch tolerance by grinding.

The Contractor shall use a 10-foot straightedge for the following locations:

- **1.** Longitudinal profiling parallel to centerline, when within 15 feet of a bridge approach or existing pavement which is being joined.
- **2.** Transverse profiling of cross slopes, approaches, and as otherwise directed. Lay the straightedge in a direction perpendicular to the centerline.

- **3.** When pavement abuts bridge approaches or pavement not under this Contract, ensure that the longitudinal slope deviations of the finished pavement comply with Contract Document's requirements.
- **4.** Short pavement sections up to 600 feet long, including both mainline and non-mainline sections on tangent sections and on horizontal curves with a centerline radius of curve less than 1,000 feet.
- **5.** Within a superelevation transition on horizontal curves having centerline curve radius less than 1,000 feet, e.g., curves, turn lanes, ramps, tapers, and other non-mainline pavements.
- **6.** Within 15 feet of transverse joint that separates pavement from existing pavement not constructed under the contract, or from bridge deck or approach slab for longitudinal profiling.
- **7.** At miscellaneous areas of improvement where width is less than 11 feet, such as medians, gore areas, and shoulders.
- **8.** As otherwise directed by the Engineer. The Engineer may confine the checking of through traffic lanes with the straightedge to joints and obvious irregularities or choose to use it at locations not specifically stated in this Section.

(b) High-Speed Inertial Profiler

There shall be a minimum 3 profile runs per lane, for each wheel path (left and right) which is approximately three feet from edge lane line. The segment length shall be 0.1 mi. The final segments in a lane that are less than 0.1 mi shall be evaluated as an independent segment and pay adjustments will be prorated for length. The profiles shall be taken in the direction of traffic only.

The latest version of FHWA ProVAL software shall be used to conduct profile analysis to determine IRI and areas of localized roughness. The IRI values shall be reported in units of in/mi.

Areas of localized roughness will be identified by using ProVAL's "Smoothness Assurance" analysis, calculating IRI with a continuous short interval of 25 feet and the 250-mm filter applied.

Additional runs may be required by the Engineer if the data indicate a lack of repeatability of results. A 92% agreement is required for repeatability and IRI values shall have at minimum a 95% confidence level.

(N) Required Pavement Smoothness

The IRI for the left and right wheel paths in an individual lane will be computed and then averaged to determine the Mean Roughness Index (MRI) values. The MRI will be used to determine acceptance and pay adjustment. Each lane shall be tested and evaluated separately.

There are three (3) categories of target MRI values:

TABLE 4	01.03-2 – PAVEMENT SMOO	THNESS CATEGORIES
Category	Description	MRI
Type A	Three or more opportunities for improving ride	Shall not exceed 60 in/mi
Type B	Two opportunities for improving ride	Shall not exceed 70 in/mi
Type C	One opportunity for improving ride	Shall not exceed 75 in/mi

An opportunity for improving ride is considered as on (1) lift of asphalt pavement, including but not limited to HMAB, HMA, PMA, and SMA.

For the location where a 10-foot manual straightedge is required, the surface shall not vary more than 3/16 inch from the lower edge of a straightedge.

No pre-final inspection, final inspection, and substantial completion granted will be made until the pavement meets smoothness requirement and all required profile reports are submitted to the Engineer and MTRB and are accepted.

(O) Request for Profile Testing by the Department.

For Type C, prior to pavement activities, the Engineer will measure the smoothness of the existing pavement.

The Contractor shall submit a written request to the Engineer to perform all required profile tests.

The request shall be made at least 30 days before desired testing date and shall include an approximate acceptance profile testing date, a plan view drawing of the area to be tested with the limits of the test area highlighted.

1122	The Contractor shall reimburse HDOT for any incurred cost related to
1123	any Contractor-caused cancellation or a deduction to the monthly payment
1124	will be made.
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1126	(P) Department Requirements for Profile Testing. When a request for
1127	testing is made, the requested area to be tested shall be 100% of the total
1128	area indicated to be paved in the Contract Documents unless the requirement
1129	is waived by the Engineer and MTRB.
1130	
1131	Department acceptance surface tests will not be performed earlier
1132	than 14 days after HMA placement.
1133	
1134	Clean debris and clear obstructions from area to be tested, as well as
1135	a minimum of 100 feet before and beyond the area to be tested before testing
1136	starts for use as staging areas. Provide traffic control for all profile testing.
1137	
1138	The Engineer or MTRB or both may cancel the profile testing if the test
1139	area is not sufficiently clean, traffic control is unsatisfactory, or the area is not
1140	a safe work environment or test area does not meet Contract Document
1141	requirements. This canceled profile test will count as one profile test.
1142	
1143	(O) Cost of Assentance Brofile Testing by The Department. The
1144	(Q) Cost of Acceptance Profile Testing by The Department. The Engineer, MTRB, or State's Third-Party Consultant will perform one initial
1145 1146	profile test, at no cost to the Contractor for each area to be tested.
1147	profile test, at no cost to the contractor for each area to be tested.
1148	The Department's High-Speed Inertial Profiler pavement profile will be
1149	used to determine if the pavement's profile, i.e., smoothness is acceptable.
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1151	If the profile of the pavement does not meet the requirements of the
1152	Contract Documents, the Contractor shall perform remedial work, i.e.
1153	corrective work then retest the area to ensure that the area has the required
1154	MRI, i.e., smoothness, before requesting another profile test by the Engineer.
1155	
1156	(1) Additional testing. Additional testing, by the Department
1157	beyond the initial test will be performed at cost to the Contractor as
1158	follows:
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1160	(a) \$2,500 per test will be required when Department
1161	personnel or State's Third-Party Consultant is used.
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1163	(R) Remedial Work for Pavements.
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1165	(1) Corrective work shall be required for any 25 ft interval with a
1166	localized roughness in excess of 160 in/ mi. The Engineer may waive
1167	localized roughness requirements for deficiencies resulting from

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manholes or other similar appurtenances. Adjust manholes or other similar appurtenances so that using a 10-ft. straightedge the area around that manhole or other similar appurtenance shall not have more than 3/16-in. variation between any 2 contacts on the straightedge.

If corrective action is not successful, the Engineer may require continued corrective action, or apply a payment adjustment of \$250 per occurrence.

(2) Corrective work shall also be required for any 0.1 mile interval with an average MRI above 95.0 in/mi for Types A and B. For Type A, correct the deficient section to an MRI of 60 in/mi or less. For Type B, correct the deficient section to an MRI of 70 in/mi or less. For Type C, corrective work may be required by the Engineer for 0.1 mile intervals that have an average MRI above the threshold shown in Tables 401.03-4 and 5 as applicable.

If corrective action does not produce the required improvement, the Engineer may require continued corrective action, or apply payment adjustment as shown in Tables 401.03-4 and 5.

- (3) The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 24 hours prior to commencement of the corrective work. The Contractor shall not commence corrective work until the methods and procedure have been approved in writing by the Engineer.
- **(4)** All smoothness corrective work for areas of localized roughness shall be for the entire lane width. Pavement cross slope shall be maintained through corrective areas.
- (5) The remedial repair areas shall be neat, rectangular areas having a uniform surface appearance.
- **(6)** If grinding is used on HMA pavement, the surface shall have nearly invisible grinding marks to passing motorist.
- (7) Other methods may include milling and overlaying HMA pavement. The length, depth of the milling and the replacement material will be solely decided by the Engineer.
- (8) The finished repaired pavement surface shall leave no ridges or valleys or fins of pavement other than those allowed below.

1212	(9) Remedial repairs shall not leave any drainage structures' inlets
1213	higher than the surrounding pavement or alter the Contract
1214	Document's drainage pattern.
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1216	(10) For items in the pavement other than drainage structures, e.g.,
1217	manhole frame and covers, survey monuments, expansion joints etc.,
1217	the finish pavement, ground or not, shall not be more than 1/4 inch in
1219	elevation difference. Submit to the Engineer remedial repair method
1219	to correct these conditions for acceptance.
1220	to correct triese conditions for acceptance.
1221	(11) Pick up immediately grinding eneration residue by using a
	(11) Pick up immediately grinding operation residue by using a
1223	vacuum attached to grinding machine or other method acceptable to
1224	the Engineer.
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1226	(a) Any remaining residue shall be picked up before the end
1227	of shift or before the area is open to traffic, whichever is earlier.
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1229	(b) Prevent residue from flowing across pavement or from
1230	being left on pavement surface or both.
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1232	(c) Residue shall not be allowed to enter the drainage
1233	system.
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1235	(d) The residue shall not be allowed to dry or remain on the
1236	pavement.
1237	
1238	(e) Dispose of all material that is the result of the remedial
1239	repair operation, e.g., HMA residue, wastewater, and dust at a
1240	legal facility.
1241	
1242	(12) Complete corrective work before determining pavement
1243	thickness for HMA pavements in accordance with Subsection
1244	401.03(I) – HMA Pavement Thickness Tolerances.
1245	· ·
1246	(13) All HMA wearing surface areas that have been ground shall
1247	receive a coating, e.g., a coating material that will restore any lost
1248	impermeability of the HMA due to the grinding of the surface. The
1249	coating used shall not be picked up or tracked by passing vehicles or
1250	be degraded after a short period of time has passed, i.e., it shall have
1251	a service life equal to or greater than the HMA pavement. The coating
1252	shall not decrease the pavement's friction value. The coating's limits
1253	shall be the full width of the lane regardless how small. If the remedial
1254	repair area extends into the next lane, then the repair area will be full
1255	lane width also. Extend the length of coating areas in order for the
1256	coating area to look like the rest of the road and does not have patches
1250 1257	on it, i.e., make the road look uniform in color. The coating shall be of
1431	on it, i.e., make the road box dillionin in color. The coating shall be of

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1293 1294 a color that matches the surrounding pavement. The areas receiving the coating shall not be open to traffic until it has cured enough so that it cannot be picked up or tracked by passing vehicles or degrade. Submit means and methods of the coating and type of coating to the Engineer or MTRB for review and acceptance. Do not proceed with the coating without acceptance from the Engineer.

- **(14)** Recompacting cold HMA, i.e., HMA that has reached ambient temperature is not an acceptable remedial repair method.
- (15) Replace all pavement markings damaged or discolored by remedial repairs.
- (16) Reprofile the corrected area and provide the Engineer the results that show the corrective action, i.e., remedial repairs were successful.

(S) Pavement Smoothness and Acceptance.

- (1) Price and payment in various paving sections, e.g., 401 (Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement), shall be full compensation for all work and materials specified in the various paving sections and this section, including but not limited to furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, testing, incidentals and for doing all work involved in micro milling, milling (cold planing), grinding existing or new pavement, removing residue, cleaning the pavement, necessary disposal of residue, furnishing of any water or air used in cleaning the pavement and any other related ancillary work or material or services. Also, it includes any remedial work, e.g., re-paving, surface grinding, application of a coating, curing compound, and replacement of damaged pavement markings.
- (2) The contract price in those sections may be adjusted for pavement smoothness by the Engineer. The pavement smoothness contract unit price adjustments and work acceptance will be made in accordance with the following schedules.

Category	MRI (in/mi)	Pay Adjustment \$ per 0.1 mi
	<30.0	\$580
	30.0- less than 35.0	\$480
	35.0- less than 40.0	\$380
Type A	40.0- less than 45.0	\$280
	45.0- less than 50.0	\$180
	50.0- less than 55.0	\$80
	55.0- less than 60.0	\$0
	<35.0	\$420
	35.0- less than 40.0	\$360
	40.0- less than 45.0	\$300
Tuno D	45.0- less than 50.0	\$240
Type B	50.0- less than 55.0	\$180
	55.0- less than 60.0	\$120
	60.0- less than 65.0	\$60
	65.0- less than 70.0	\$0
	<40.0	\$280
	40.0- less than 45.0	\$240
	45.0- less than 50.0	\$200
Type C	50.0- less than 55.0	\$160
Type C	55.0- less than 60.0	\$120
	60.0- less than 65.0	\$80
	65.0- less than 70.0	\$40
	70.0- less than 75.0	\$0

1298 1299 1300 1301 1302 1303 1304 1305 1306 1307 1308 1310 1311 1312 1313 1314 1315 1316 1317 1318 1319 1320 1321 1322 1323 1324 1325 1326 1327 1328 1329 1330
1299 1300 1301 1302 1303 1304 1305 1306 1307 1308 1310 1311 1312 1313 1314 1315 1316 1317 1318 1319 1320 1321 1322 1323 1324 1325 1326 1327 1328 1329
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- (3) Pay Pavement Smoothness Adjustment will be based on the initial measured MRI for both left and right wheel path, <u>prior to any</u> corrective work for the 0.10-mile section, except for sections that the Contractor has chosen to remove and replace. For sections that are replaced, assessments will be based on the MRI determined after replacement.
 - (a) The Pavement Smoothness Adjustment will be computed using the plan surface area of pavement shown in the Contract Documents. This Pavement Smoothness Adjustment will apply to the total area of the 0.10-mile section for the lane width represented by MRI for the same lane. It does not include any other price adjustments specified in the Contract Documents. Those price adjustments will be, for each adjustment, calculated separately using the original contract price to determine the amount of adjustment to be made to the contract price. Sections shorter than 0.1 mile and longer than 50 feet shall be prorated.
 - **(b)** For 0.1 mile intervals with an average MRI above the threshold shown in Table 401.03-3, the Engineer shall apply a disincentive payment adjustment up to the limit shown.
 - i. For Types A and B, payment adjustments shall be applied up to an MRI of 95.0 per Table 401.03-4.
 - For Type C, the payment adjustment shall be dependent on the average MRI of the pavement prior to paving activities
 - 1. If the MRI of the pavement prior to paving activities is 125.0 in/mi or less, the payment adjustment shall be per Table 401.03-4.
 - 2. If the MRI of the pavement prior to paving activities is more than 125.0 in/mi, the disincentive payment adjustment shall be per Table 401.03-5, and based on the percent improvement using the following formula:

% Improvement = (Initial segment MRI – Final segment MRI) x 100 / (Initial Segment MRI)

TABLE 401.03	-4 -SMOOTHNESS PAY DIS	SINCENTIVES WITH MRI
Category	MRI (in/mi)	Pay Adjustment \$ per 0.1 mi
	60.0- less than 70.0	-\$100
	70.0- less than 75.0	-\$250
Type A	75.0- less than 80.0	-\$350
Type A	80.0- less than 85.0	-\$450
	85.0- less than 95.0	-\$550
	> 95.0	Corrective Work
	70.0- less than 75.0	-\$100
	75.0- less than 80.0	-\$200
Type B	80.0- less than 85.0	-\$300
	85.0- less than 95.0	-\$400
	> 95.0	Corrective Work
	75.0- less than 80.0	-\$50
Type C	80.0- less than 85.0	-\$100
(pre-paving	85.0- less than 90.0	-\$150
MRI < 125)	90.0- less than 100.0	-\$200
•	>100.0	-\$250

TABLE 401.	03-5 -SMOOTHNESS PAY PERCENT IMPROVEN	
Category	Percent Improvement %	Pay Adjustment \$ per 0.1 mi
Type C	≥ 40	\$0
(pre-paving	20.0- less than 40.0	-\$100
MRI > 125)	< 20	-\$200

(c) Incentives will not apply to areas where payment deductions or remedial repairs has been made for non-compliant work, e.g., low compaction, thin pavement, thermal segregation, low compressive or flexural strength, non-compliant alignment. Incentives will also not apply to areas where corrective work was required to meet contract smoothness requirements, unless the pavement section was

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	replaced. All areas where corrective work was performed shall
1350	be tested again to ensure the smoothness requirements are
1351	met.
	IIICL.
1352	(4) There will be used in south to suit a self-refuse with the the
1353	(d) There will be no incentive price adjustments to the
1354	contract prices regardless of the pavement meeting the
1355	Contract Documents' requirements for incentive contract price
1356	adjustment, when 25% of the total area paved of that particular
1357	type of pavement on the project has failed to meet any of the
1358	Contract document requirements, e.g., smoothness, thickness,
1359	unit weight, asphalt content, pavement defects, compaction,
1360	flexural or compressive strength. Areas exempt from the
1361	smoothness requirements may not be included in the total area
1362	calculation unless it is non-compliant.
1363	
1364	(e) For contracts using lump sum the method described in
1365	Subsection 104.06 Methods of Price Adjustment paragraph (3),
1366	will be used to calculated proportionate unit price, i.e., the
1367	Engineer's calculated theoretical unit price. This calculated
1368	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	proportionate unit price will be used to calculate the unit price
1369	adjustment.
1370	404.04 Magaziramant
1371	401.04 Measurement.
	(A) The Francisco will recover LIMA and DMA recovered the few in
1373	(A) The Engineer will measure HMA and PMA pavement per ton in
1373 1374	(A) The Engineer will measure HMA and PMA pavement per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents.
1373 1374 1375	accordance with the Contract Documents.
1373 1374 1375 1376	accordance with the Contract Documents. (B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377	accordance with the Contract Documents.
1372 1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378	(B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents.
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377	 (B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378	(B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents.
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379	 (B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381	 (B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380	 (B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by Engineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement profile work done
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383	 (B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by Engineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement profile work done for the time period with the invoices and receipts that the billing was based on attached to the Contractor for each contract item. The Contractor's
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383 1384	 (B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by Engineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement profile work done for the time period with the invoices and receipts that the billing was based on attached to the Contractor for each contract item. The Contractor's pavement profile work required in this section will not be measured and will
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383 1384 1385	 (B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by Engineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement profile work done for the time period with the invoices and receipts that the billing was based on attached to the Contractor for each contract item. The Contractor's
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383 1384 1385 1386	 (B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by Engineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement profile work done for the time period with the invoices and receipts that the billing was based on attached to the Contractor for each contract item. The Contractor's pavement profile work required in this section will not be measured and will be considered incidental to the various paving items unless stated otherwise.
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383 1384 1385 1386 1387	 (B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by Engineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement profile work done for the time period with the invoices and receipts that the billing was based on attached to the Contractor for each contract item. The Contractor's pavement profile work required in this section will not be measured and will be considered incidental to the various paving items unless stated otherwise. 401.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted HMA and PMA
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383 1384 1385 1386 1387 1388	 (B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by Engineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement profile work done for the time period with the invoices and receipts that the billing was based on attached to the Contractor for each contract item. The Contractor's pavement profile work required in this section will not be measured and will be considered incidental to the various paving items unless stated otherwise. 401.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted HMA and PMA pavement at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule.
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383 1384 1385 1386 1387 1388 1388	(B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by Engineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement profile work done for the time period with the invoices and receipts that the billing was based on attached to the Contractor for each contract item. The Contractor's pavement profile work required in this section will not be measured and will be considered incidental to the various paving items unless stated otherwise. 401.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted HMA and PMA pavement at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383 1384 1385 1386 1387 1388 1389 1390	 (B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by Engineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement profile work done for the time period with the invoices and receipts that the billing was based on attached to the Contractor for each contract item. The Contractor's pavement profile work required in this section will not be measured and will be considered incidental to the various paving items unless stated otherwise. 401.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted HMA and PMA pavement at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule.
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383 1384 1385 1386 1387 1388 1389 1390 1391	(B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by Engineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement profile work done for the time period with the invoices and receipts that the billing was based on attached to the Contractor for each contract item. The Contractor's pavement profile work required in this section will not be measured and will be considered incidental to the various paving items unless stated otherwise. 401.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted HMA and PMA pavement at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383 1384 1385 1386 1387 1388 1389 1390 1391 1392	(B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by Engineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement profile work done for the time period with the invoices and receipts that the billing was based on attached to the Contractor for each contract item. The Contractor's pavement profile work required in this section will not be measured and will be considered incidental to the various paving items unless stated otherwise. 401.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted HMA and PMA pavement at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents. (A) Price and payment in Section 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Pavement
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383 1384 1385 1386 1387 1388 1389 1390 1391 1392 1393	(B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by Engineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement profile work done for the time period with the invoices and receipts that the billing was based on attached to the Contractor for each contract item. The Contractor's pavement profile work required in this section will not be measured and will be considered incidental to the various paving items unless stated otherwise. 401.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted HMA and PMA pavement at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents. (A) Price and payment in Section 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Pavement will be full compensation for all work and materials specified in this Section
1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380 1381 1382 1383 1384 1385 1386 1387 1388 1389 1390 1391	(B) The Engineer will measure leveling course and HMA pavement overlay per ton in accordance with the Contract Documents. (C) Engineer will measure additional State pavement profiling work when applicable on a cost-plus basis as specified in this section and as ordered by Engineer. The Engineer will issue a billing for the pavement profile work done for the time period with the invoices and receipts that the billing was based on attached to the Contractor for each contract item. The Contractor's pavement profile work required in this section will not be measured and will be considered incidental to the various paving items unless stated otherwise. 401.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted HMA and PMA pavement at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents. (A) Price and payment in Section 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Pavement

1395 1396 1397 1398 1399 1400	profiles and incidentals and for doing all work involved in grinding existing or new pavement, removing residue, and cleaning the pavement, including necessary disposal of residue and furnishing any water or air used in cleaning the pavement and remedial work needed to conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents.
1401 1402 1403 1404	(B) No payment for the Contractor's pavement profile work required in this section will be made. The Contractor's pavement profile work shall be considered incidental to the various paving items unless stated otherwise.
1405 1406 1407	(C) Engineer will pay or deduct for the following pay items when included in proposal schedule:
1408 1409	Pay Item Pay Unit
1410 1411	PMA Pavement, Mix No. 4 Ton
1412 1413 1414	Pavement Smoothness Incentive Allowance
1414 1415 1416 1417 1418	(1) 70% of the contract unit price or the theoretical calculated unit price upon completion of submitting a job-mix formula acceptable to the Engineer; preparing the surface, spreading, and finishing the mixture; and compacting the mixture.
1419 1420 1421 1422 1423 1424 1425 1426 1427	(2) 20% of the contract unit price or the theoretical calculated unit price upon completion of cutting samples from the compacted pavement for testing; placing and compacting the sampled area with new material conforming to the surrounding area; protecting the pavement; and compaction acceptance. Maintain temporary pavement markings and other temporary work zone items, maintain a clean work site.
1428 1428 1429 1430	(3) 10% of the contract unit price or calculate the unit price when the final configuration of the pavement markings is in place.
1431 1432 1433 1434	The Engineer will pay for adjusting existing frames and covers and valve boxes in accordance with and under Section 604 – Manholes, Inlets and Catch Basins. Adjustments for existing street survey monument frames and covers will be paid for as if each were a valve box frame and cover.
1435 1436 1437 1438 1439 1440	The Engineer may, at his sole discretion, in lieu of requiring removal and replacement, use the sliding scale factor to accept HMA pavements compacted below 93.0 percent and above 97.0 percent. The Engineer will make payment for the material in that production day, if the Engineer decides to use a sliding scale factor, at a reduced price arrived at by multiplying the contract unit price by the pay

factor. The Engineer is not obligated to allow non-compliant work to remain in place and may at any time chose not to use a sliding scale factor method of payment and instead require removal of the noncompliant pavement that is greater than 97.0 or less than 93.0.

In compliance with Subsection 105.12 Removal of Non-Conforming and Unauthorized Work remove and replace HMA compacted below 90.0 percent.

The Engineer will solely decide if the noncompliant work would be acceptable if a reduced payment for the noncompliant work is made. The Engineer is not obligated to allow noncompliant work to remain in place and may at any time choose not to use a sliding scale factor method of payment as a method of resolution. Instead, utilize the remedy allowed in Subsection 105.12 Removal of Non-Conforming and Unauthorized Work, requiring removal of the noncompliant payement, shall be used.

Such a reduced payment, if made and accepted by the Contractor, shall be a mutually agreeable resolution to the noncompliant work being addressed. If it is not mutually acceptable, the noncompliant work shall be removed. If the reduced payment is acceptable; the Engineer will make the reduced payments for the noncompliant work in accordance with Table 401.05-2 - Sliding Scale Pay Factor for Compaction. The amount of tonnage to be reduced will be determined by the Engineer by using the initial cores taken on the mat. No additional cores shall be taken to determine the limits of the non-compliant area unless requested by the Engineer.

 The Engineer, for determining the reduced tonnage for noncompliant work, will assume the level of compaction is linear and will proportion the compaction level from the last core that indicated an acceptable compaction level to the nearest core indicating a noncompliant compaction level to determine the calculated limit of acceptable compaction. The length will be the linear distance between the cores measured along the baseline. If there is no core that was taken for the shift's or day's work that were compliant then the limit will be the end or start of the day's or shift's work. The width will be the nominal paving width. Use the day's specific gravity of the mix to determine tonnage. The thickness will be the nominal paving thickness.

The total reduced noncompliant tonnage to be paid will be determined by multiplying the applicable percent of reduction by the computed tonnage of the noncompliant work. Percent of Quantity Paid shall be the percentage shown in Table 401.05-2 - Sliding Scale Pay Factor for Compaction. The reduced tonnage shall be used as the payment quantity for the noncompliant work. The reduced quantity paid that is used for the monthly payment will be arrived at by multiplying the contract unit price by the reduced tonnage.

Table 401.05-2 – Sliding Scale Pay Factor for Compaction				
Percent Compaction	Percent of Quantity Paid			
> 98.0	Removal			
>97.0 - 98.0	95			
93.0- 97.0	100			
90.0 - <93.0	80			
<90.0	Removal			

END OF SECTION 401

SECTION 407 - TACK COAT Make the following amendment to said Section: (I) Amend Section 407.03(D) - Application of Tack Coat, from lines 60 to 72 to read: "Apply tack coat on existing asphalt or concrete surface, or both, to be overlayed by HMA course. Once water has evaporated from asphalt emulsion, tack coat is said to have set. Place HMA overlay after tack coat has set and within four hours of application. For multiple lift construction of HMA or PMA, tack coat application will not be waived. Remove all deleterious material to bonding before applying the tack coat to the entire surface to receive the next lift. "Before placing HMA or PMA course, apply tack coat to contact surfaces of curbs, gutters, manholes, other structures, vertical faces of existing pavements, and exposed transverse and longitudinal edges of each course. Apply tack coat on all surfaces that will have an asphalt pavement placed on it in a uniform, full coverage manner, e.g., no visible streak, holidays in the application, no differences in the application rate, i.e., the thickness of the tack coat. The exception to this requirement shall be surfaces that will have pavement joint adhesive applied to it which shall not require any tack coat." **END OF SECTION 407**

1		SE	CTION 415 – COLD PLANING OF EXISTING PAVEMENT		
2 3 4	Make the following amendments to said Sections:				
5 6 7	(I)	Amer follow	nd Section 401.03 Construction , from line 56 to 57 to read as as:		
8 9 10 11	"415.03 Construction. Dispose of cold-planed and removed transition material with the exception of any amount HDOT wants at its discretion in accordance with Subsection 201.03(F) - Removal and Disposal of Material."				
13 14 15	(II)	Amer follow	nd Section 415.04 Measurement , from line 67 to 68 to read as rs:		
16	"415	.04	Measurement.		
17 18 19 20 21		(A) accor	The Engineer will measure cold planing per square yard in dance with the contract documents."		
22 23	(III)	Amer	nd Section 415.05 Payment , from line 70 to 79 to read as follows:		
24 25 26 27 28	*415.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted pay items listed below at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.				
29 30	The Engineer will pay for one of the following pay items when included in the proposal schedule:				
31 32 33			Pay Item Pay Unit		
34 35		(A)	Cold Planing of Existing Pavements Square Yard		
36 37 38 39			(1) 80 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of removing the indicated thickness and clean and sweep before opening to public traffic;		
40 41			(2) 20 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of removing the material and disposing of the removed material."		
42 43			END OF SECTION 415		

1			SECTION 606 - GUARDRAIL	
2 3	Make	e the fo	llowing amendment to said Section:	
5	(I) <i>A</i>	Amend	606.04 - Measurement by replacing lines 116 to 118	to read:
6 7 8	" 606 in ac		Measurement. The Engineer will measure guardraice with the contract documents.	il per linear foot
9 10 11 12 13		ractor ı	Engineer will measure from center to center of end pos makes end connections to masonry or steel structures e to the face of such structures.	
14 15 16	end t		Engineer will measure rigid barrier type guardrail per li of the type specified.	near foot from
17 18 19	trans	The sition se	Engineer may measure end anchorage, terminal section:	on and
20 21		(1)	as units of each kind when specified in the proposal	or
22 23 24		(2)	include in the quantities of guardrail of the respective measured separately	e type and not
25 26			Engineer will measure resetting existing guardrail per l to end."	inear foot from
27 28	(II)	Ame	nd 606.05 – Payment by revising lines 120 to 138 to re	ead as follows:
29 30 31 32 33	Payn	d below nent wi	Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted at contract price per pay unit, as shown in the propos II be full compensation for the work prescribed in this scuments.	al schedule.
34 35 36	prop		Engineer will pay for the following pay items when incl hedule:	uded in the
37 38 39	Pa	ay Item		Pay Unit
40 41 42		V-Bear I 6-Ft P	n Guardrail with Standard 8" Offset Block, Posts	Linear Foot
43 44 45 46			n Guardrail with Standard 8" Offset Block, Posts, Double Nested	Linear Foot

48	Terminal Section, MSKT-SP-MGS, SoftStop,	
49	Max Tension or Approved Equal	Each
50		
51	Type A End Section	Each
52		
53		
54	END OF SECTION 6	06

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SECTION 629 - PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Make the following amendments to said Section:

Amend Subsection 629.03(B) - Temporary Pavement Markings by **(I)** revising the third paragraph from line 62 to 63 to read:

"Maintain and replace temporary pavement markings, flexible delineators, and barricades. "

Amend Table 629.03 - 1 - Temporary Pavement Markings to read as (II) follows:

"TABLE 629.03-1 TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKINGS		
ТҮРЕ	PAVEMENT MARKINGS	
Passing Permitted - Both Sides	Single 4-inch yellow stripe 5 feet in length spaced 20 feet on center with Type D markers spaced 40 feet on center and located on center of 5-foot length of stripe.	
Passing Prohibited - Both Sides	Double solid 4-inch yellow stripes with Type D markers placed 20 feet on center on one of 4-inch yellow stripes selected by the Engineer.	
Passing Permitted - One Side Only	Single continuous 4-inch yellow stripe with Type D markers placed on stripe 20 feet on center on no-passing side and single 4-inch yellow stripes 5 feet in length spaced 20 feet on center on passing side.	
Lane Lines - Lane Changing Permitted	Single 4-inch yellow or white stripe 5 feet in length spaced 20 feet on center with Type C or Type D markers spaced 40 feet on center.	
Lane Lines - Lane Changing Prohibited	Double solid 4-inch white stripes with Type C markers placed 20 feet on center on one of the 4-inch white stripes selected by the Engineer.	
Crosswalk	Two 12-inch white transverse lines spaced 8 feet on center or as ordered by the Engineer.	
Stop Line	Single 12-inch white transverse line.	
Note: Paint may be used for temporary markings in areas where final paving is not complete."		

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Amend **629.04 – Measurement** by revising lines 292 to 294 to read as (III) follows:

"629.04 Measurement.

(A) The Engineer will measure thermoplastic and preformed pavement marking tape per linear foot in accordance with the contract documents. The longitudinal pavement markings will be measured per linear foot as a single stripe for the width specified in the contract and in the proposal.

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The Engineer will measure the transverse markings by the linear foot, per lane, or per each according to the contract.

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The Engineer will not measure the crosswalk markings when contracted on a lump sum basis.

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The Engineer will not measure the thermoplastic and pavement marking tape when contracted on a lump sum basis.

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The Engineer will not measure temporary pavement markings including flexible delineator posts with reflector makers or Type I Barricades and temporary signs installed for the longitudinal guidance of public traffic over reconstructed areas, cold planed surfaces, newly paved surfaces or other unmarked or scarified areas for payment.

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The Engineer will measure the temporary pavement markings and temporary signs installed as ordered by the Engineer for special temporary traffic patterns on a force account basis, if the contract specifies payment in the proposal.

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The Contractor shall consider the work required for the removal of pavement markings incidental to the various contract items, except as provided in the proposal or elsewhere in the contract. If the contract stipulates that the Engineer will make payment for the removal of pavement markings, the Engineer will measure the removal of pavement markings.

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The Engineer will measure the pavement markers per each for the types shown in the proposal.

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The Engineer will not measure the pavement markers when contracted on a lump sum basis.

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(C) The Engineer will measure the painted stripes that are twelve (12) inches wide or less as a single stripe. The Engineer will measure the painted stripes over twelve (12) inches wide as two (2) stripes. The Engineer will measure the double stripes that are twelve (12) inches or

less in total width including the transverse space between the stripes as a single stripe.

The Engineer will not measure the painted pavement striping including curb markings when contracted on a lump sum basis.

The Engineer will measure the longitudinal pavement markings by the linear foot or per gallon according to the contract. Longitudinal gaps for skip striping that are 30 feet or less will be included in the measurement.

The Engineer will measure the transverse markings by the linear foot, per lane, per each or per gallon according to the contract.

The Engineer will not measure the crosswalk markings when contracted on a lump sum basis.

The Engineer will measure the curb markings by the linear foot or per gallon according to the contract."

(IV) Amend **629.05 – Payment** by revising lines 296 to 330 to read as follows:

"629.05 Payment.

(A) The Engineer will pay for thermoplastic and preformed pavement marking tape at the contract price per linear foot according to the contract, complete in place, including primers.

The Engineer will pay for double four (4) inch striping with a four (4) inch space between stripes at the contract price per linear foot according to the contract.

The contract unit price paid shall be full compensation for furnishing labors, materials, tools, equipment and incidentals and for doing the work involved in furnishing and installing pavement markings complete in place according to the contract.

The Engineer will not pay for the temporary pavement markings including flexible delineator posts with reflector markers or Type I Barricades and temporary signs installed for the longitudinal guidance of public traffic over reconstructed areas, cold planed surfaces, newly paved surfaces or other unmarked or scarified areas for payment if not shown in the proposal separately. The Engineer will consider them incidental to the various contract items.

111		
112	(B) The Engineer will pay for the various types of pavem	ent markers at
113	the contract price per each according to the contract	t, complete in
114	place, including adhesives.	
115		
116	(C) The Engineer will pay for painted pavement striping	at the contract
117	price per linear foot according to the contract.	
118		
119	The Engineer will pay for the following pay items wh	nen included in
120	the proposal schedule:	
121		
122	Pay Item	Pay Unit
123		
124	Double 4-Inch Pavement Striping	
125	(Thermoplastic Extrusion)	Linear Foot
126		
127	6-Inch Pavement Striping (Thermoplastic Extrusion)	Linear Foot
128		_
129	12-Inch Pavement Striping (Thermoplastic Extrusion)	Linear Foot
130		
131	Type C Pavement Marker	Each
132	T 55	
133	Type D Pavement Marker	Each
134		
135		
136	END OF OFOTION OCC	
137	END OF SECTION 629	
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When the Engineer accepts an alternative design, the method of measurement for the various contract items affected by the design shall be identical with the various original contract items shown in the contract. The Engineer will not measure the additional items that the Contractor requires for the alternate design.

The Engineer will not measure removal and disposal and storing of existing and temporary signs and markers that the Contractor will not incorporate in the completed highway for payment."

Amend **630.05 – Payment** by revising lines 223 to 303 to read as follows: (III)

"630.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for destination sign panels at the contract price per square foot for the type specified complete in place. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for destination and ground mounted expressway sign ("E" designation) posts at the contract price per linear foot for the type specified complete in place. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for overhead mounted expressway sign ("E" designation) post and arm at the contract price per each type as specified complete in place. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for directional sign ("DIR" designation) posts at the contract price per each for the type specified complete in place. Payment shall be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for route marker assemblies at the contract price per each for the type and design specified complete in place. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for footings for destination and ground mounted expressway signs ("E" designation) at the contract price per each, complete in place. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will not pay for removing and disposing or storing of existing and temporary signs that the Contractor will not incorporate in the completed highway separately. The Engineer will consider them incidental to the various contract items.

94	The Engineer will not make payment other than those specified herein for		
95	the construction of footings for overhead mounted expressway signs. The		
96	Engineer will pay for the work, materials, tools, equipment and incidentals		
97	required in the construction of the footings for overhead mounted expressway		
98	signs under	r the following contract items:	,
99	Ü	C	
100	(1)	Footing Excavation. The Engineer will make	payment for footing
101	()	excavation according to Section 204 – Excava	
102		Miscellaneous Facilities.	
103			
104	(2)	Concrete. The Engineer will make payment for	or concrete in footings
105	()	according to Section 503 – Concrete Structure	_
106			
107	(3)	Reinforcing Steel. The Engineer will make pa	nyment for reinforcing
108	(-)	steel according to Section 602 – Reinforcing S	•
109		9	
110			
111	The	Engineer will pay for the following pay items who	en included in the
112	proposal so	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
113	• •		
114	Pay	Item	Pay Unit
115	•		•
116	Panel for D	estination Sign (Flat Panel)	Square Foot
117		,	·
118	4.00 lbs/ft F	Flanged Channel Post for Destination Sign	Each
119			
120	Whe	n the Engineer accepts an alternate design, the	total amount paid
121	shall be full	compensation for furnishing and installing mate	erials and furnishing
122		tools, labors, and incidentals necessary to com	
123	Engineer w	ill not make payment for additional materials, ed	juipment, tools, labor
124	•	ncidentals that might become necessary to comp	•
125		alternate design.	
126		G	
127			
128			
129		END OF SECTION 630	

1 2 3	SECTION 631 – TRAFFIC CONTROL, REGULATORY, WAR MISCELLANEOUS SIGNS	NING, AND
4	Make the following amendment to said Section:	
5 6 7	(I) Amend Section 631.03(C) Labeling of Signs, from lines 42 to 5	o1 to read:
8 9	"(C) Labeling of Signs. Label back of each sign with sign directed by the State. Sign stickers will be provided by the State."	sign stickers as
10 11	(II) Amend Section 631.04 – Measurement by replacing lines 67	to 69 to read:
12 13 14 15 16	"631.04 Measurement. The Engineer will measure regular miscellaneous signs, and supplemental plaques as complete unand design specified in the proposal.	
17 18 19 20	The Engineer will not measure removal and disposal and storing temporary signs that the Contractor will not incorporate in the comfor payment."	•
21 22	(III) Amend Section 631.05 – Payment by replacing lines 71 to follows:	99 to read as
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	"631.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for regular miscellaneous signs, and supplemental plaques at the contract print the type and design specified complete in place. Payment compensation for excavating and backfilling, furnishing and instantial furnishing equipment, tools, labors and incidentals necessary to work.	ce per each for nt will be full alling materials,
31 32 33 34 35	The Engineer will not pay for removing and disposing or storand temporary signs that the Contractor will not incorporate in highway separately. The Engineer will consider them incidental contract items.	the completed
36 37	The Engineer will pay for the following pay items when proposal schedule:	included in the
38 39	Pay Item	Pay Unit
40 41	Regulatory Sign (10 Square Feet or Less)	Each
42 43	Warning Sign (10 Square Feet or Less)	Each
44 45	Miscellaneous Sign	Each
46 47	Supplemental Plaque	Each
	STP-0550(005) 631-1a	8/15/22

END OF SECTION 631

1	SECTION 632 - MARKERS		
2 3	Make the following amendment to said Section:		
4 5 6	(I) Amend Section 632.03 – Construction by adding this paragralines 77 to read as follows:	ph after line	
7 8 9 10 11	"(e) Type V Object Marker (OM5). OM5 shall be Type XI respecting marker. One complete unit of OM5 shall be the complete in retroreflective sheetings per post.		
12 13	(II) Amend Section 632.04 - Measurement by replacing lines 79 to	81 to read:	
14 15 16 17	"632.04 Measurement. The Engineer will measure reflect milepost marker with post (bi-directional), milepost marker, and object each as complete units of the type and design specified in the propose	t marker per	
18	(III) Amend Section 632.05 – Payment by replacing lines 83 to 100	to read:	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	"632.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for reflector mark marker with post (bi-directional), milepost marker, and object marker price per each for the type and design specified complete Payment will be full compensation for excavating and backfilling, furnishing materials, furnishing equipment, tools, labors and incidenta to complete the work.	arker at the ete in place. rnishing and	
27 28	The Engineer will pay for the following pay items when inc proposal schedule:	luded in the	
29 30	Pay Item	Pay Unit	
31 32 33	Milepost Marker with Post (Bi-Directional)	Each	
34	Reflector Marker (RM-3) with Steel Post	Each	
35 36 37	Reflector Marker (RM-3) with Flexible Delineator	Each	
38 39	Type II Object Marker (OM2-2H)	Each	
40 41	Type II Object Marker (OM2-2V)	Each	
42 43	Type V Object Marker (OM-5)	Each"	
44 45	END OF SECTION 632		

(B)

the E-Construction platform

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> STP-0550(005) 636-1a

Submittals. The Contractor shall provide all required submittals, as listed

within the contract documents, via the E-Construction platform.—All review,

approval, and resubmittal regarding submittals shall also be documented within

- **(C)** Correspondence. Electronic mail (email) shall be the preferred method of electronic communication. All communications that affect project scope, schedule, cost, or quality, including changes and requests for information, shall be submitted as directed by the Engineer.
- **(D) Prosecution and Progress.** The Contractor shall provide all administrative, management, and project support documents required by various specification sections, using the E-Construction platform. These elements include, but are not limited to:
 - (1) Preconstruction Submittals (Section 108.03)
 - (2) Correspondence regarding Contract Time and Delays (Section 108.05)
 - (3) Progress Schedules (Section 108.06)
 - (4) Weekly Meeting preparatory materials (Section 108.07)
 - (5) Samples, certifications, material data, installation instructions, and shop drawings (Sections 105 and 106)
 - (6) Field-posted Drawings (Section 648)
 - (7) Pre-Final Inspection submittals (Section 108.13)
 - (8) Warranty documentation (Section 108.17)
 - (9) Project Closing Documents (Section 108.19)

In addition to the foregoing, the Contractor shall provide any other materials, correspondence, and submittals using the E-Construction platform as directed by the Engineer.

(E) Resources. The Contractor shall provide a comprehensive list of Contractor labor and equipment, including all subcontractor labor and equipment, that will be deployed on the project, using spreadsheet-based templates provided in the E-Construction platform. All template fields shall be completed. The submitted information shall comply with the requirements of Specification Section 108 – Prosecution and Progress (identification of labor and equipment resources) and Specification Section 109 - Measurement and Payment (cost data) and represent all individual personnel with labor categories and rates, and all equipment owned or rented, with associated rates, on this project. Updates for additional personnel or equipment shall be accomplished by the Contractor at will and shall be completed when directed by the Engineer.

78	636.04 Measurement. The Engineer will measure additional E-Construction
79	programs, additional licenses, or additional equipment, if ordered by the Engineer, on a
80	force account basis in accordance with Subsection 109.06 - Force Account Provisions
81	and Compensation.
82	
83	636.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the additional E-Construction programs
84	additional licenses, or additional equipment,-on a force account basis in accordance with
85	Subsection 109.06 – Force Account Provisions and Compensation.
86	
87	The Engineer may withhold progress payment until the Contractor is in compliance
88	with all E-Construction requirements.
89	
90	Day Itam Day Unit
91 92	Pay Item Pay Unit
93	Additional E-Construction Programs, additional licenses
94	or additional equipment Force Account
95	or additional equipment
96	An estimated amount for force account may be allocated in the proposal schedule
97	under "Additional E-Construction Programs, additional licenses or additional equipment."
98	The actual amount to be paid will be the sum shown on accepted force account records.
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102	END SECTION 636

1	SECTION 641 - HYDRO-MULCH SEEDING		
2 3	Make the following amendments to said Section:		
4 5 6 7	(I) Amend Subsection 641.02(B) – Fertilizer by revising the section from	om	
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	"(B) Fertilizer. Proper fertilizer shall be used in hydro-mulch not depending on condition of soil. Apply at rates and in amounts consists with manufacturer's specifications. Contractor shall provide a Soil Analy Report, if requested by Engineer, and shall use report to determ quantity and ratio of fertilizer for sustained growth of grass. Subtraction recommendations from a licensed Landscape Architect when deviate from the application rates and amounts above."	ent sis ine mit	
16 17 18	(II) Amend Subsection 641.03(A) – Seeding by revising the first paragrafrom line 100 to 103 to read:	ıph	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	"(A) Seeding. Apply seeded mulch within the timeframe in Subsect 209.03(B) Construction Requirements, if temporary stabilization will not utilized, after completion of slopes or portion of slope when exposed fa attains height of 15 feet. Notify Engineer not less than 24 hours ahead hydro-mulch seeding operation. Do not hydro-mulch until the Engine inspects and accepts areas for planting."	be ace I of	
26 27 28 29	(III) Amend Subsection 641.04 - Measurement by revising lines 173 to 1 to read as follows:	74	
30 31	"641.04 Measurement . Hydro-mulch seeding will be paid on a per square yabasis in accordance with the contract documents.	ard	
32 33 34	(IV) Amend Subsection 641.05 - Payment by revising lines 176 to 185 read as follows:	to	
35 36 37 38 39	"641.05 Payment . The Engineer will pay for the accepted hydro-mulch seed on a per square yard basis. Payment will be full compensation for widescribed in this section and contract documents.		
40 41 42	The Engineer will pay the following pay item when included in proposal schedule:	the	
43	Pay Item Pay Unit		
44 45	Hydro-Mulch Seeding Square Yar	d	
46 47 48	END OF SECTION 641		

SECTION 641 – HYDRO-MULCH SEEDING

(I) Amend 645.03 (B) Construction Signs from line 162 to 169 by changing all

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(II) Amend Subsection 645.03 Construction by adding this paragraph after line 170 to read as follows:

references to "Construction Signs" to read "Work Zone Signs".

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17 18 "(1) **Covers.** Use sign covers when existing signs confuse the public or are in conflict with TCP signs installed. Sign covers shall be commercially manufactured and accepted by the Engineer before use. Sign covers shall at all times and under all conditions not allow any portion of the sign being covered to be visible. If more than one side of the sign has words or symbols cover all sides of the sign until needed. "Homemade" or "field made" covers shall not be used. Covering of sign identification markings are not required if that is the only markings on that side of the sign. Sign covers shall be maintained.

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Removal of the existing sign in lieu of the use of sign covers may be acceptable to the Engineer provided the previously removed existing sign is immediately reinstalled when directed. Removal of existing post(s) and mounting hardware is required if not used to mount the new TCP sign. New mounting hardware shall be used to mount the TCP signs if the existing hardware is in an unacceptable condition in the opinion of the Engineer. In addition, should the sign or post during storage, in the opinion of the Engineer, become unacceptable or lost or stolen the Contractor shall replace the sign or post with a new sign or post. Use new hardware to reinstall the sign regardless whether it is an existing sign or new."

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> Amend Subsection 645.03 (F) Lane Closures Line 253 by changing "Oahu" (II)to "Kauai".

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Amend Subsection 645.03 (G) Advisory Signs from Line 314 to Line 324 to read as follows:

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"Advisory signs are not required for this project."

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Amend Subsection 645.03 (H) Advertisement from Line 391 to Line 392 to read as follows:

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"Place advertisement for three consecutive days and within one week before traffic pattern changes, in publication as ordered by the Engineer. In lieu of the advertisement(s), the Engineer may substitute the use of two portable changeable message boards and accessories at no additional cost for three days for each required advertisement."

(V)	Amend Subsection 645.04 - Measurement from line 394 to line 403 to read
as foll	OWS:

645.04 Measurement.

- (A) Traffic control as specified in Subsection 645.03 – Construction including sign covers and the initial advertisement(s) will be measured on contract lump sum basis. Measurement for payment will not apply.
- (B) The Engineer will measure additional police officers, additional traffic control devices, and additional advertisements, if ordered by the Engineer, on a force account basis, in accordance with Subsection 109.06 - Force Account Provisions and Compensation.'

(VI) Amend **Subsection 645.05 - Payment** from lines 405 to 428 to read:

"645.05 The Engineer will pay for the accepted traffic control, Payment. additional police officers, and additional traffic control devices, and additional advertisements at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for the following pay items when included in the proposal schedule:

Pay Item Pay Unit

Traffic Control Lump Sum

Additional Police Officers, Additional Traffic Control Devices. and Additional Advertisements

Force Account

An estimated amount for the force account may be allocated in the proposal schedule under "Additional Police Officers, Additional Traffic Control Devices, and Additional Advertisements", but the actual amount to be paid will be the sum shown on the accepted force account records, whether this sum be more or less than the estimated amount allocated in the proposal schedule.

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The Engineer will not pay for request submittals. The Engineer will not consider claims for additional compensation of late submittals or requests by Contractor."

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END OF SECTION 645

Make the following Section a part of the Standard Specifications:

"SECTION 671 – PROTECTION OF THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES

671.01 Description. The endangered Hawaiian Hoary Bat or 'Ōpe'ape'a (*Lasiurus cinereus semotus*) and the threatened Hawaiian Goose or Nēnē (*Branta sandvicensis*) are in the general vicinity of the proposed project and may transit or visit the proposed project. The project site is located in a known flight corridor for the threatened Newell's shearwater (*Puffinus auricularis newelli*), the endangered Band-Rumped Storm-Petrel (*Oceanodroma castro*), and the endangered Hawaiian petrel (*Pterodroma phaeopygia sandwichensis*), hereinafter referred to as seabirds. Also to be considered are the endangered Hawaiian waterbirds, including the Hawaiian Stilt or Ae'o (*Himantopus mexicanus knudseni*), the Hawaiian Coot or 'Alae ke'oke'o (*Fulica alai*), the Hawaiian Gallinule or 'Alae 'ula (*Gallinula chloropus sandvicensis*), and the Hawaiian Duck or Koloa Maoli (*Anas wyvilliana*).

The Contractor shall protect these threatened and endangered species throughout the construction duration.

671.02 Materials. None

671.03 Construction.

- **(A) Pre-Construction and Construction Requirements.** Comply with the following conditions and the notes in the Contract Plans:
 - (1) Hawaiian Hoary Bats. Hawaiian Hoary Bats nest in both exotic and native woody vegetation. There will be no disturbance, removal, or trimming of woody plants greater than 15 feet (4.6 meters) tall during the birthing and pup rearing season (June 1 through September 15).

Additionally, barbed wire will not be used for fencing.

- **(2)** Hawaiian Goose. Any Hawaiian Goose in or near the project area will not be approached, fed, or disturbed in any way.
- If Hawaiian Goose are observed loafing, foraging, or otherwise present within the project area during the breeding season (September 1 through April 30), a trained biologist will survey the area near the project prior to work each day. Also, nest surveys will be conducted in and around the project area by a biologist familiar with the nesting behavior of Hawaiian Goose prior to the resumption of any work. Surveys will be repeated after any delay in work of three or more days. If a nest is identified within 150 feet of the work area, all work will cease and the United States Department of Interior Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) will be contacted immediately for further guidance.

In areas where Hawaiian Goose are known to be present, reduced speed limits will be posted and implemented and project personnel and Contractors will be informed of the presence of endangered species on-site.

(3) Hawaiian Seabirds. Newell's shearwater, Band-Rumped Storm petrel and the Hawaiian petrel may traverse the project area at night during breeding season, which extends from March 1 through December 15.

If night-time work will be required in conjunction with the development of the project, the Contractor shall incorporate these measures to avoid and minimize project-related adverse effects to the Hawaiian seabirds:

- (a) Collect information regarding the protection of seabirds and seabird fallout.
- **(b)** Submit to the Engineer for acceptance a protection of seabirds training plan including a detailed description of information and materials the Contractor intends to use in the training classes. The training plan shall be submitted to the Engineer for acceptance at least 15 days in advance of the class. If the Engineer rejects the training plan, the Contractor shall revise and promptly propose another training plan.
- (c) Disseminate information regarding the protection of seabirds and seabird fallout by conducting training classes for all employees, subcontractors, suppliers and other personnel working on the project, including HDOT personnel, on such topics as the Save Our Shearwater program, proper use of temporary lighting, procedures to store and report downed seabirds, and the consequences of non-compliance with the laws regarding threatened and endangered seabirds. The Engineer may request for additional topics related to seabirds to be included in the training classes.

Training classes shall be taught by authorized representatives of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the Department of Land and Natural Resources, the Save Our Shearwater program or other qualified personnel accepted by the Engineer.

- **(d)** Furnish the Engineer with evidence that the Contractor has held training classes, including the dates of the classes, identify who conducted the training, and the content and nature of the training.
- **(e)** As directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall conduct additional training classes during the project to update all employees, subcontractors, suppliers, HDOT

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personnel and other personnel on new and/or updated information regarding the protection of seabirds and seabird fallout.

- (f) All temporary lights used for night work (between sunset and sunrise) shall contain less than 2% wavelengths less than 550 nm, be downward-facing and shielded. Temporary lights shall include but are not limited to flood lights, light towers, lights for construction equipment and other lights as determined by the Engineer. All traffic control devices, including warning lights, arrow boards, portable changeable message signs and other lighting device as determined by the Engineer shall be shielded.
- (g) Night work and the use of all temporary lights shall cease during the peak fallout period from September 15 through December 15.
- (h) The Contractor shall furnish and maintain a small (approximately 10" x 12" x 19"), portable cat kennel on site to temporarily hold a downed seabird. The Contractor shall obtain acceptance of the cat kennel from the Engineer prior to use.
- (i) If a downed dead seabird is found, the Contractor shall contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Ms. Megan Laut at 808-792-9400) within 24 hours.
- (j) If the downed seabird is alive, the Contractor shall:
 - i. Pick up the seabird from behind as soon as possible using a clean towel, t-shirt or cloth by gently wrapping it around its back and wings.
 - ii. Place the seabird in the cat kennel and immediately contact the Save Our Shearwater Program Coordinator at 808-246-4348) for further instructions on where to deliver the seabird.
 - iii. Deliver the seabird to the location determined by the coordinator of the Save Our Shearwater program and as directed by the Engineer.
 - iv. Keep the seabird in a cool, quiet location and out of direct sunlight with adequate ventilation.

149	The Contractor shall not feed, prov
150	release the seabird.
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152	(k) The Contractor shall maintain red
153	seabirds for the duration of the project.
154	include the date, time, location and cond
155	the seabird was found and delivered. S
156	records to the Engineer after finding each
157	seabird.
158	
159	No night-time construction shall occur dur
160	fledging period (September 15 through December
161	
162	(4) Hawaiian Waterbirds. Hawaiian wate
163	and brackish water marshes and natural or
164	Hawaiian stilts also occupy areas with ephe
165	standing water. Because this project occurs ne
166	these species from this project may include distu
167	activity and injury or mortality from vehicle strike
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169	Contractor shall incorporate these mea
170	minimize project-related adverse effects to the H
171	(a) In avera where known many
172	(a) In areas where known prese
173	waterbirds occurs, post and implement re
174	and inform project personnel and Contrac
175	of these endangered species.
176	
177	(b) Because water resources occur
178	employ U.S. Fish and Wildlife Serv
179	Standard Best Management Practices
180	aquatic environments.
181	
182	(c) Survey for Hawaiian waterbirds in
183	area prior to work using survey biologist
184	should be trained and capable of ide
185	juveniles of each species, nesting behavi
186	,
187	i. Surveys for species and nests
188	when a delay of work occurs t
189	more (during which the birds m
190	more (during which the bilds in
190	ii. If a nest or active brood is
191 192	Service within 24 hours for furth
	Service within 24 hours for full
193	III Establish and maintain a 400
194	iii. Establish and maintain a 100-
195	active nests and/or br
196	chicks/ducklings have fledged

ride water, handle or

cords of all downed The records shall lition (dead or alive) Submit a copy of the n and every downed

ing the peak seabird er 15).

erbirds occupy fresh manmade ponds. meral or persistent ear water, threats to rbance from human

sures to avoid and ławaiian waterbirds:

- ence of Hawaiian educed speed limits, tors of the presence
- in the project site, vice Recommended when working in
- or near the project s. Survey biologists entifying adults and ors, and nests.
 - should be repeated hat is three days or ay attempt to nest).
 - found, contact the her guidance.
 - -ft buffer around all coods until the . Do not conduct

197 198			potentially disruptive activity within this buffer.	ties or habitat alteration
199				
200		iv.	Have a biological monitor	that is familiar with the
201			species' biology present or	
202			all construction or earth m	
203			chicks/ducklings fledge to	
204			waterbirds and nests are no	
205				or alar or cory am coroan
206				
207	(B)	Compliance Re	equirements. The Cont	ractor shall protect all
208			or the duration of construction	
209			ements, harm or a taking of	
210	const	ruction duration	shall be enforceable by the	U.S. Fish and Wildlife
211			y the Endangered Species /	
212			t the Contractor's expense w	vithout cost or liability to
213	the S	tate.		
214				
215	671.04		The Engineer will measure t	
216			eatened and endangered spe	
217			dance with Subsection 10	
218		Provisions and (Compensation and as ordere	ed by the Engineer.
219 220	671.05	Payment. Th	o Engineer will now for the	accepted protection of
221			ne Engineer will pay for the species on a force account b	
222			ccount Provisions and Comp	
223			vork prescribed in this section	
224		act documents.	von presended in this seeme	m, by the Engineer, and
225		iot accamonic.		
226	The	Engineer will pay	for the following pay item	when included in the
227	proposal sch		317	
228				
229	Pay I	tem		Pay Unit
230				
231	Protection o	f Threatened and	Endangered Species	Force Account
232	_			
233			may be allocated in the pr	
234			d Endangered Species", but	
235			on the accepted force accou	
236		ore or less than	the estimated amount allo	ocated in the proposal
237	schedule."			
238	671 06 War	kina Haura, Niak	of Moule	
239	67 1.06 WOI	king Hours; Nigh	IT WORK	
240	"Df		h. aa fallawa.	
241	"Perf	orm night work on	ily as follows:	
242		0 1 4 -		1 (40 00 11 11
243			ursday nights, from 6:00 P.M	
244		Monday thru Fri	day mornings, from 12:00 m	idnight to 7:00 A.M.
245				

246	The Engineer has secured a Noise Variance from the Department of Health
247	according to Administrative Rules Title 11, Chapter 11-46, Section 11-46-8 for this
248	work."
249	
250	
251	END OF SECTION 671

SECTION 699 - MOBILIZATION
Make the following amendments to said Section:
(I) Amend 699.03 Applicability by revising from lines 21 to 24 to read as follows:
"699.03 Applicability. Maximum bid allowed for this item is an amount not to exceed 6 percent of the sum of all items excluding the bid price of this item."
(II) Amend 699.05 Payment by revising from lines 44 to 47 to read as follows
"Mobilization (Not to exceed 6 percent of the sum of all items excluding the bid price of this item) Lump Sum"
END OF SECTION 699

SECTION 703 – AGGREGATES

Make the following amendments to said Section:

(I) Amend TABLE 703.01-3 FINE AGGREGATE GRADING REQUIREMENTS, HAWAII AND KAUAI to read as follows:

"

TABLE 703.01-3 - FINE AGGREGATE GRADING REQUIREMENTS, HAWAII AND KAUAI

	Percent Passing by Weight	
Sieve Sizes	Calcareous Sand	Crusher Screenings
3/8 Inch	100	100
No. 4	95 – 100	95 - 100
No. 8	-	50 - 85
No. 16	-	32 - 60
No. 30	-	-
No. 50	-	15 - 30
No. 100	0 – 5	5 - 20

 "

END OF SECTION 703

47 48 49 50	chart	The color shall conform to the latest appropriate standard color tolerance issued by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway istration and to the daytime and nighttime color requirements of ASTM D
52 53		Test methods and procedures shall be in accordance with ASTM.
54 55	` '	Amend Subsection 750.02 Sign Posts by replacing lines 1168 through pread:
56 57 58 59 60	A 653	quare Tube Posts. Square and other tube posts shall conform to ASTM for cold-rolled, carbon steel sheet, commercial quality; or ASTM A 787 for c-resistance-welded, metallic-coated carbon steel mechanical tubing."
61 62 63 64		
65 66		END OF SECTION 750
67		
68 69		
70		

Requirements of Chapter 104, HRS Wages and Hours of Employees on Public Works Law

Chapter 104, HRS, applies to every public works construction project over \$2,000, regardless of the method of procurement or financing (purchase order, voucher, bid, contract, lease arrangement, warranty, SPRB).

Rate of Wages for Laborers and Mechanics

- Minimum prevailing wages (basic hourly rate plus fringe benefits), as determined by the Director of Labor and Industrial Relations and published in wage rate schedules, shall be paid to the various classes of laborers and mechanics working on the job site. [§104-2(a), (b), Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS)]
- If the Director of Labor determines that prevailing wages have increased during the performance of a public works contract, the rate of pay of laborers and mechanics shall be raised accordingly. [§104-2(a) and (b), HRS; §12-22-3(d) Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR)]

Overtime

Laborers and mechanics working on a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday of the State or more than eight hours a day on any other day shall be paid overtime compensation at not less than one and one-half times the basic hourly rate plus the cost of fringe benefits for all hours worked. If the Director of Labor determines that a prevailing wage is defined by a collective bargaining agreement, the overtime compensation shall be at the rates set by the applicable collective bargaining agreement [§§104-1, 104-2(c), HRS; §12-22-4.1, HAR]

Weekly Pay

• Laborers and mechanics employed on the job site shall be paid their full wages at least once a week, without deduction or rebate, except for legal deductions, within five working days after the cutoff date. [§104-2(d), HRS]

Posting of Wage Rate Schedules

Wage rate schedules with the notes for prevailing wages and special overtime rates, shall be posted by the contractor in a
prominent and easily accessible place at the job site. A copy of the entire wage rate schedule shall be given to each laborer
and mechanic employed under the contract, except when the employee is covered by a collective bargaining agreement.
[§104-2(d), HRS]

Withholding of Accrued Payments

• If necessary, the contracting agency may withhold accrued payments to the contractor to pay to laborers and mechanics employed by the contractor or subcontractor on the job site any difference between the wages required by the public works contract or specifications and the wages received. [§104-2(e), HRS]

Certified Weekly Payrolls and Payroll Records

- A certified copy of all payrolls shall be submitted weekly to the contracting agency. [§104-3(a), HRS; §12-22-10, HAR]
- The contractor is responsible for the submission of certified copies of the payrolls of all subcontractors. The certification shall affirm that the payrolls are correct and complete, that the wage rates listed are not less than the applicable rates contained in the applicable wage rate schedule, and that the classifications for each laborer or mechanic conform with the work the laborer or mechanic performed. [§104-3(a), HRS; §12-22-10, HAR]
- Payroll records shall be maintained by the contractor and subcontractors for three years after completion of construction. The records shall contain: [§104-3(b), HRS; §12-22-10, HAR]
 - the name and home address of each employee
 - the last four digits of social security number
 - a copy of the apprentice's registration with DLIR
 - the employee's correct classification
 - rate of pay (basic hourly rate + fringe benefits)
 - · itemized list of fringe benefits paid

- daily and weekly hours worked
- · weekly straight time and overtime earnings
- · amount and type of deductions
- · total net wages paid
- date of payment

• Records shall be made available for examination by the contracting agency, the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR), or any of its authorized representatives, who may also interview employees during working hours on the job. [§§104-3(c), 104-22(a), HRS; §12-22-10, HAR]

Termination of Work on Failure to Pay Wages

• If the contracting agency finds that any laborer or mechanic employed on the job site by the contractor or any subcontractor has not been paid prevailing wages or overtime, the contracting agency may, by written notice to the contractor, terminate the contractor's or subcontractor's right to proceed with the work or with the part of the work in which the required wages or overtime compensation have not been paid. The contracting agency may complete this work by contract or otherwise, and the contractor or contractor's sureties shall be liable to the contracting agency for any excess costs incurred. [§104-4, HRS]

Apprentices

- Apprentice wage rates apply to contractors who are a party to a bona fide apprenticeship program which has been registered with the DLIR. In order to be paid apprentice rates, apprentices must be parties to an agreement either registered with or recognized as a USDOL nationally approved apprenticeship program by the DLIR, Workforce Development Division, (808) 586-8877, and the apprentice must be individually registered by name with the DLIR. [§12-22-6(1) and (2), HAR]
- The number of apprentices on any public work in relation to the number of journeyworkers in the same craft classification as
 the apprentices employed by the same employer on the same public work may not exceed the ratio allowed under the
 apprenticeship standards registered with or recognized by the DLIR. A registered or recognized apprentice receiving the
 journeyworker rate will not be considered a journeyworker for the purpose of meeting the ratio requirement. [§12-22-6(3),
 HAR]

Enforcement

- To ensure compliance with the law, DLIR and the contracting agency will conduct investigations of contractors and subcontractors. If a contractor or subcontractor violates the law, the penalties are: [§104-24, HRS]
 - First Violation Equal to 25% of back wages found due or \$250 per offense up to \$2,500, whichever is greater.
 - Second Violation Equal to amount of back wages found due or \$500 for each offense up to \$5,000, whichever is greater.
 - Third Violation Equal to two times the amount of back wages found due or \$1,000 for each offense up to \$10,000, whichever is greater; and

Suspension from doing any new work on any public work of a governmental contracting agency for three years.

- A violation would be deemed a second violation if it occurs within two years of the first notification of violation, and a third violation if it occurs within three years of the second notification of violation. [§104-24, HRS; §12-22-25(b), HAR]
- Suspension: For a first or second violation, the department shall immediately suspend a contractor who fails to pay wages or penalties until all wages and penalties are paid in full. For a third violation, the department shall penaltie and suspend the contractor as described above, except that if the contractor continues to violate the law, then the department shall immediately suspend the contractor for a mandatory three years. The contractor shall remain suspended until all wages and penalties are paid in full. [§§104-24, 104-25, HRS]
- Suspension: Any contractor who fails to make payroll records accessible or provide requested information within 10 days, or fails to keep or falsifies any required record, shall be assessed a penalty including suspension as provided in Section 104-22(b) and 104-25(a)(3), HRS. [§104-3(c), HRS; §12-22-26, HAR]
- If any contractor interferes with or delays any investigation, the contracting agency shall withhold further payments until the delay has ceased. Interference or delay includes failure to provide requested records or information within ten days, failure to allow employees to be interviewed during working hours on the job, and falsification of payroll records. The department shall assess a penalty of \$10,000 per project, and \$1,000 per day thereafter, for interference or delay. [§104-22(b), HRS; §12-22-26, HAR]
- Failure by the contracting agency to include in the provisions of the contract or specifications the requirements of Chapter 104, HRS, relating to coverage and the payment of prevailing wages and overtime, is not a defense of the contractor or subcontractor for noncompliance with the requirements of this chapter. [§104-2(f), HRS]



For additional information, visit the department's website at http://labor.hawaii.gov/wsd or contact any of the following DLIR offices:

 Oahu (Wage Standards Division)
 (808) 586-8777

 Hawaii Island
 (808) 974-6464

 Maui and Kauai
 (808) 243-5322

eH104-3 Rev. 04/21

"General Decision Number: HI20220001 10/14/2022

Superseded General Decision Number: HI20210001

State: Hawaii

Construction Types: Building, Heavy (Heavy and Dredging),

Highway and Residential

Counties: Hawaii Statewide.

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS; RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (consisting of single family homes and apartments up to and including 4 stories); HEAVY AND HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS AND DREDGING

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(2)-(60).

IIf the contract is entered into on or after January 30, 2022, or the contract is renewed or extended (e.g., an |. The contractor must pay option is exercised) on or after January 30, 2022:

- l. Executive Order 14026 generally applies to the contract.
- all covered workers at least \$15.00 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in 2022.

If the contract was awarded on . or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and the contract is not renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022:

- Executive Order 13658 generally applies to the contract.
- |. The contractor must pay all| covered workers at least \$11.25 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on that contract in 2022.

The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request.

Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts.

Modification Number	Publication Date
0	01/07/2022
1	01/14/2022
2	02/18/2022
3	02/25/2022
4	03/04/2022
5	03/11/2022
6	03/18/2022
7	03/25/2022
8	04/15/2022
9	07/08/2022
10	08/19/2022
11	08/26/2022
12	09/02/2022
13	09/09/2022
14	09/30/2022
15	10/14/2022

ASBE0132-001 06/05/2022

	Rates	Fringes
Asbestos Workers/Insulator Includes application of all insulating materials, protective coverings, coatings and finishes to all types of mechanical systems. Also the application of firestopping material for wall openings and penetrations in walls, floors, ceilings and curtain walls	•	25.85
BOIL0627-005 01/01/2021		
	Rates	Fringes
BOILERMAKER	\$ 37.25	31.25
BRHI0001-001 08/30/2021		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER Bricklayers and Stonemasons Pointers, Caulkers and Weatherproofers	\$ 46.71	30.43 30.43
BRHI0001-002 08/30/2021		
	Rates	Fringes
Tile, Marble & Terrazzo Worker Terrazzo Base Grinders Terrazzo Floor Grinders and Tenders Tile, Marble and Terrazzo	·	32.57 32.57
Workers	\$ 44.40	32.57

I	Rates	Fringes	
Carpenters: Carpenters; Hardwood Floor Layers; Patent Scaffold Erectors (14 ft. and over); Piledrivers; Pneumatic Nailers; Wood			
<pre>Shinglers and Transit and/or Layout Man\$ Millwrights and Machine</pre>	51.25	24.84	
Erectors\$ Power Saw Operators (2	51.50	24.84	
h.p. and over)\$	51.40 	24.84 	
CARP0745-002 10/01/2021			
!	Rates	Fringes	
Drywall and Acoustical Workers and Lathers\$	51.50	24.84	
ELEC1186-001 08/22/2022			
,	Rates	Fringes	
Electricians: Cable Splicers\$ Electricians\$ Telecommunication worker\$	53.55	30.90 30.69 13.69	
ELEC1186-002 08/22/2022			
	Rates	Fringes	
Line Construction: Cable Splicers\$ Groundmen/Truck Drivers\$ Heavy Equipment Operators\$ Linemen\$ Telecommunication worker\$	40.16 48.20 53.55	30.90 25.34 28.43 30.69 13.69	
ELEV0126-001 01/01/2022			
I	Rates	Fringes	
ELEVATOR MECHANIC\$	65.33	6.885+a+b	
a. VACATION: Employer contributes 8% of basic hourly rate for5 years service and 6% of basic hourly rate for 6 months to5 years service as vacation pay credit.			
b. PAID HOLIDAYS: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day.			
ENGI0003-002 09/03/2018			
J	Rates	Fringes	
Diver (Aqua Lung) (Scuba)) Diver (Aqua Lung) (Scuba) (over a depth of 30 feet)\$ Diver (Aqua Lung) (Scuba)	66.00	31.26	

(up to a depth of 30 feet)\$	56.63	31.26
Stand-by Diver (Aqua Lung)		
(Scuba)\$	47 25	31.26
Diver (Other than Aqua Lung)	47.25	31.20
Diver (Other than Aqua	66.00	24 26
Lung)\$	66.00	31.26
Diver Tender (Other than		
Aqua Lung)\$	44.22	31.26
Stand-by Diver (Other than		
Aqua Lung)\$	47.25	31.26
Helicopter Work		
Airborne Hoist Operator		
for Helicopter\$	45 80	31.26
Co-Pilot of Helicopter\$		31.26
•		
Pilot of Helicopter\$	40.11	31.26
Power equipment operator -		
tunnel work		
GROUP 1\$		31.26
GROUP 2\$		31.26
GROUP 3\$	42.52	31.26
GROUP 4\$	42.79	31.26
GROUP 5\$	43.10	31.26
GROUP 6\$	43.75	31.26
GROUP 7\$		31.26
GROUP 8\$		31.26
GROUP 9\$		31.26
GROUP 9A\$		31.26
GROUP 10\$		31.26
GROUP 10A\$		31.26
GROUP 11\$		31.26
GROUP 12\$		31.26
GROUP 12A\$	45.60	31.26
Power equipment operators:		
GROUP 1\$		31.26
GROUP 2\$	42.05	31.26
GROUP 3\$	42.22	31.26
GROUP 4\$	42.49	31.26
GROUP 5\$		31.26
GROUP 6\$		31.26
GROUP 7\$		31.26
GROUP 8\$		31.26
		31.26
·		
GROUP 9A\$		31.26
GROUP 10\$		31.26
GROUP 10A\$		31.26
GROUP 11\$		31.26
GROUP 12\$		31.26
GROUP 12A\$	45.30	31.26
GROUP 13\$	42.22	31.26
GROUP 13A\$	42.49	31.26
GROUP 13B\$	42.80	31.26
GROUP 13C\$		31.26
GROUP 13D\$		31.26
GROUP 13E\$		31.26
σσσ. του		22.20

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Fork Lift (up to and including 10 tons); Partsman (heavy duty repair shop parts room when needed).

GROUP 2: Conveyor Operator (Handling building material); Hydraulic Monitor; Mixer Box Operator (Concrete Plant).

GROUP 3: Brakeman; Deckhand; Fireman; Oiler;
Oiler/Gradechecker; Signalman; Switchman; Highline Cableway

Signalman; Bargeman; Bunkerman; Concrete Curing Machine (self-propelled, automatically applied unit on streets, highways, airports and canals); Leveeman; Roller (5 tons and under); Tugger Hoist.

GROUP 4: Boom Truck or dual purpose ""A"" Frame Truck (5 tons or less); Concrete Placing Boom (Building Construction); Dinky Operator; Elevator Operator; Hoist and/or Winch (one drum); Straddle Truck (Ross Carrier, Hyster and similar).

GROUP 5: Asphalt Plant Fireman; Compressors, Pumps, Generators and Welding Machines (""Bank"" of 9 or more, individually or collectively); Concrete Pumps or Pumpcrete Guns; Lubrication and Service Engineer (Grease Rack); Screedman.

GROUP 6: Boom Truck or Dual Purpose ""A""Frame Truck (over 5 tons); Combination Loader/Backhoe (up to and including 3/4 cu. yd.); Concrete Batch Plants (wet or dry); Concrete Cutter, Groover and/or Grinder (self-propelled unit on streets, highways, airports, and canals); Conveyor or Concrete Pump (Truck or Equipment Mounted); Drilling Machinery (not to apply to waterliners, wagon drills or jack hammers); Fork Lift (over 10 tons); Loader (up to and including 3 and 1/2 cu. yds); Lull High Lift (under 40 feet); Lubrication and Service Engineer (Mobile); Maginnis Internal Full Slab Vibrator (on airports, highways, canals and warehouses); Man or Material Hoist; Mechanical Concrete Finisher (Large Clary, Johnson Bidwell, Bridge Deck and similar); Mobile Truck Crane Driver; Portable Shotblast Concrete Cleaning Machine; Portable Boring Machine (under streets, highways, etc.); Portable Crusher; Power Jumbo Operator (setting slip forms, etc., in tunnels); Rollers (over 5 tons); Self-propelled Compactor (single engine); Self-propelled Pavement Breaker; Skidsteer Loader with attachments; Slip Form Pumps (Power driven by hydraulic, electric, air, gas, etc., lifting device for concrete forms); Small Rubber Tired Tractors; Trencher (up to and including 6 feet); Underbridge Personnel Aerial Platform (50 feet of platform or less).

GROUP 7: Crusher Plant Engineer, Dozer (D-4, Case 450, John Deere 450, and similar); Dual Drum Mixer, Extend Lift; Hoist and/or Winch (2 drums); Loader (over 3 and 1/2 cu. yds. up to and including 6 yards.); Mechanical Finisher or Spreader Machine (asphalt), (Barber Greene and similar) (Screedman required); Mine or Shaft Hoist; Mobile Concrete Mixer (over 5 tons); Pipe Bending Machine (pipelines only); Pipe Cleaning Machine (tractor propelled and supported); Pipe Wrapping Machine (tractor propelled and supported); Roller Operator (Asphalt); Self-Propelled Elevating Grade Plane; Slusher Operator; Tractor (with boom) (D-6, or similar); Trencher (over 6 feet and less than 200 h.p.); Water Tanker (pulled by Euclids, T-Pulls, DW-10, 20 or 21, or similar); Winchman (Stern Winch on Dredge).

GROUP 8: Asphalt Plant Operator; Barge Mate (Seagoing); Cast-in-Place Pipe Laying Machine; Concrete Batch Plant (multiple units); Conveyor Operator (tunnel); Deckmate; Dozer (D-6 and similar); Finishing Machine Operator (airports and highways); Gradesetter; Kolman Loader (and similar); Mucking Machine (Crawler-type); Mucking Machine (Conveyor-type); No-Joint Pipe Laying Machine; Portable Crushing and Screening Plant; Power Blade Operator (under 12); Saurman Type Dragline (up to and including 5 yds.);

Stationary Pipe Wrapping, Cleaning and Bending Machine; Surface Heater and Planer Operator, Tractor (D-6 and similar); Tri-Batch Paver; Tunnel Badger; Tunnel Mole and/or Boring Machine Operator Underbridge Personnel Aerial Platform (over 50 feet of platform).

GROUP 9: Combination Mixer and Compressor (gunite); Do-Mor Loaderand Adams Elegrader; Dozer (D-7 or equal); Wheel and/or Ladder Trencher (over 6 feet and 200 to 749 h.p.).

GROUP 9A: Dozer (D-8 and similar); Gradesetter (when required by the Contractor to work from drawings, plans or specifications without the direct supervision of a foreman or superintendent); Push Cat; Scrapers (up to and including 20 cu. yds); Self-propelled Compactor with Dozer; Self-Propelled, Rubber-Tired Earthmoving Equipment (up to and including 20 cu. yds) (621 Band and similar); Sheep's Foot; Tractor (D-8 and similar); Tractors with boom (larger than D-6, and similar).

GROUP 10: Chicago Boom; Cold Planers; Heavy Duty Repairman or Welder; Hoist and/or Winch (3 drums); Hydraulic Skooper (Koehring and similar); Loader (over 6 cu. yds. up to and including 12 cu. yds.); Saurman type Dragline (over 5 cu. yds.); Self-propelled, rubber-tired Earthmoving Equipment (over 20 cu. yds. up to and including 31 cu. yds.) (637D and similar); Soil Stabilizer (P & H or equal); Sub-Grader (Gurries or other automatic type); Tractors (D-9 or equivalent, all attachments); Tractor (Tandem Scraper); Watch Engineer.

GROUP 10A: Boat Operator; Cable-operated Crawler Crane (up to and including 25 tons); Cable-operated Power Shovel, Clamshell, Dragline and Backhoe (up to and including 1 cu. yd.); Dozer D9-L; Dozer (D-10, HD41 and similar) (all attachments); Gradall (up to and including 1 cu. yd.); Hydraulic Backhoe (over 3/4 cu. yds. up to and including 2 cu. yds.); Mobile Truck Crane Operator (up to and including 25 tons) (Mobile Truck Crane Driver Required); Self-propelled Boom Type Lifting Device (Center Mount) (up to and including 25 tons) (Grove, Drott, P&H, Pettibone and similar; Trencher (over 6 feet and 750 h.p. or more); Watch Engineer (steam or electric).

GROUP 11: Automatic Slip Form Paver (concrete or asphalt); Band Wagon (in conjunction with Wheel Excavator); Cable-operated Crawler Cranes (over 25 tons but less than 50 tons); Cable-operated Power Shovel, Clamshell, Dragline and Backhoe (over 1 cu. yd. up to 7 cu. yds.); Gradall (over 1 cu. yds. up to 7 cu. yds.); DW-10, 20, etc. (Tandem); Earthmoving Machines (multiple propulsion power units and 2 or more Scrapers) (up to and including 35 cu. yds.,"" struck"" m.r.c.); Highline Cableway; Hydraulic Backhoe (over 2 cu. yds. up to and including 4 cu. yds.); Leverman; Lift Slab Machine; Loader (over 12 cu. yds); Master Boat Operator; Mobile Truck Crane Operator (over 25 tons but less than 50 tons); (Mobile Truck Crane Driver required); Pre-stress Wire Wrapping Machine; Self-propelled Boom-type Lifting Device (Center Mount) (over 25 tons m.r.c); Self-propelled Compactor (with multiple-propulsion power units); Single Engine Rubber Tired Earthmoving Machine (with Tandem Scraper); Tandem Cats; Trencher (pulling attached shield).

Multi-Propulsion Earthmoving Machines (2 or more Scrapers) (over 35 cu. yds ""struck""m.r.c.); Operators (Derricks, Piledrivers and Cranes); Power Shovels and Draglines (7 cu. yds. m.r.c. and over); Self-propelled rubber-tired Earthmoving equipment (over 31 cu. yds.) (657B and similar); Wheel Excavator (up to and including 750 cu. yds. per hour); Wheel Excavator (over 750 cu. yds. per hour).

GROUP 12A: Dozer (D-11 or similar or larger); Hydraulic Excavators (over 4 cu. yds.); Lifting cranes (50 tons and over); Pioneering Dozer/Backhoe (initial clearing and excavation for the purpose of providing access for other equipment where the terrain worked involves 1-to-1 slopes that are 50 feet in height or depth, the scope of this work does not include normal clearing and grubbing on usual hilly terrain nor the excavation work once the access is provided); Power Blade Operator (Cat 12 or equivalent or over); Straddle Lifts (over 50 tons); Tower Crane, Mobile; Traveling Truss Cranes; Universal, Liebher, Linden, and similar types of Tower Cranes (in the erection, dismantling, and moving of equipment there shall be an additional Operating Engineer or Heavy Duty Repairman); Yo-Yo Cat or Dozer.

GROUP 13: Truck Driver (Utility, Flatbed, etc.)

GROUP 13A: Dump Truck, 8 cu.yds. and under (water level); Water Truck (up to and including 2,000 gallons).

GROUP 13B: Water Truck (over 2,000 gallons); Tandem Dump Truck, over 8 cu. yds. (water level).

GROUP 13C: Truck Driver (Semi-trailer. Rock Cans, Semi-Dump or Roll-Offs).

GROUP 13D: Truck Driver (Slip-In or Pup).

GROUP 13E: End Dumps, Unlicensed (Euclid, Mack, Caterpillar or similar); Tractor Trailer (Hauling Equipment); Tandem Trucks hooked up to Trailer (Hauling Equipment)

BOOMS AND/OR LEADS (HOURLY PREMIUMS):

The Operator of a crane (under 50 tons) with a boom of 80 feet or more (including jib), or of a crane (under 50 tons) with leads of 100 feet or more, shall receive a per hour premium for each hour worked on said crane (under 50 tons) in accordance with the following schedule:

Booms of 80 feet up to but
not including 130 feet or
Leads of 100 feet up to but
not including 130 feet

Booms and/or Leads of 130 feet
up to but not including 180 feet
0.75
Booms and/or Leads of 180 feet up
to and including 250 feet
1.15
Booms and/or Leads over 250 feet
1.50

The Operator of a crane (50 tons and over) with a boom of 180 feet or more (including jib) shall receive a per hour premium for each hour worked on said crane (50 tons and over) in accordance with the following schedule:

ENGI0003-004 09/04/2017

	Rates	Fringes
Dredging: (Boat Operators)		
Boat Deckhand	\$ 41.22	30.93
Boat Operator		30.93
Master Boat Operator		30.93
Dredging: (Clamshell or		
Dipper Dredging)		
GROUP 1	\$ 43.94	30.93
GROUP 2	\$ 43.28	30.93
GROUP 3		30.93
GROUP 4	\$ 41.22	30.93
Dredging: (Derricks)		
GROUP 1	\$ 43.94	30.93
GROUP 2	\$ 43.28	30.93
GROUP 3	\$ 42.88	30.93
GROUP 4	\$ 41.22	30.93
Dredging: (Hydraulic Suction		
Dredges)		
GROUP 1		30.93
GROUP 2		30.93
GROUP 3		30.93
GROUP 4		30.93
GROUP 5		26.76
Group 5		30.93
GROUP 6		26.76
Group 6		30.93
GROUP 7		26.76
Group 7	§ 41.22	30.93

CLAMSHELL OR DIPPER DREDGING CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Clamshell or Dipper Operator.

GROUP 2: Mechanic or Welder; Watch Engineer.

GROUP 3: Barge Mate; Deckmate.

GROUP 4: Bargeman; Deckhand; Fireman; Oiler.

HYDRAULIC SUCTION DREDGING CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Leverman.

GROUP 2: Watch Engineer (steam or electric).

GROUP 3: Mechanic or Welder.

GROUP 4: Dozer Operator.

GROUP 5: Deckmate.

GROUP 6: Winchman (Stern Winch on Dredge)

GROUP 7: Deckhand (can operate anchor scow under direction of Deckmate); Fireman; Leveeman; Oiler.

DERRICK CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Operators (Derricks, Piledrivers and Cranes).

GROUP 2: Saurman Type Dragline (over 5 cubic yards).

GROUP 3: Deckmate; Saurman Type Dragline (up to and including 5 yards).

GROUP 4: Deckhand, Fireman, Oiler.

	Rates	Fringes
Power Equipment Operators (PAVING)		
Asphalt Concrete Material		
Transfer	\$ 42.92	32.08
Asphalt Plant Operator	\$ 43.35	32.08
Asphalt Raker	\$ 41.96	32.08
Asphalt Spreader Operator	\$ 43.44	32.08
Cold PlanerCombination Loader/Backhoe	\$ 43.75	32.08
(over 3/4 cu.yd.) Combination Loader/Backhoe	\$ 41.96	32.08
(up to 3/4 cu.yd.) Concrete Saws and/or	\$ 40.98	32.08
Grinder (self-propelled		
unit on streets, highways, airports and canals)	¢ 42 02	32.08
Grader		32.08
Laborer, Hand Roller		32.08
Loader (2 1/2 cu. yds. and		32.08
under) Loader (over 2 1/2 cu. yds. to and including 5	\$ 42.92	32.08
cu. yds.) Roller Operator (five tons	\$ 43.24	32.08
and under)	\$ 41.69	32.08
tons)	\$ 43.12	32.08
Screed Person	\$ 42.92	32.08
Soil Stabilizer	\$ 43.75	32.08
* IRON0625-001 09/01/2022		
	Rates	Fringes

		•
Ironworkers:\$ 4	15.00 39	00.6

a. Employees will be paid \$.50 per hour more while working in tunnels and coffer dams; \$1.00 per hour more when required to work under or are covered with water (submerged) and when they are required to work on the summit of Mauna Kea, Mauna Loa or Haleakala.

LAB00368-001 09/05/2022

	Rates	Fringes
Laborers:		
Driller\$	41.00	24.25
Final Clean Up\$	30.45	19.57
Gunite/Shotcrete Operator		
and High Scaler\$	40.50	24.25
Laborer I\$	40.00	24.25
Laborer II\$	37.40	24.25
Mason Tender/Hod Carrier\$	40.50	24.25
Powderman\$	41.00	24.25
Window Washer (bosun chair).\$	39.50	24.25

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

Laborer I: Air Blasting run by electric or pneumatic compressor; Asphalt Laborer, Ironer, Raker, Luteman, and Handroller, and all types of Asphalt Spreader Boxes; Asphalt Shoveler; Assembly and Installation of Multiplates, Liner Plates, Rings, Mesh, Mats; Batching Plant (portable and temporary); Boring Machine Operator (under streets and sidewalks); Buggymobile; Burning and Welding; Chainsaw, Faller, Logloader, and Bucker; Compactors (Jackson Jumping Jack and similar); Concrete Bucket Dumpman; Concrete Chipping; Concrete Chuteman/Hoseman (pouring concrete) (the handling of the chute from ready-mix trucks for such jobs as walls, slabs, decks, floors, foundations, footings, curbs, gutters, and sidewalks); Concrete Core Cutter (Walls, Floors, and Ceiling); Concrete Grinding or Sanding; Concrete: Hooking on, signaling, dumping of concrete for treme work over water on caissons, pilings, abutments, etc.; Concrete: Mixing, handling, conveying, pouring, vibrating, otherwise placing of concrete or aggregates or by any other process; Concrete: Operation of motorized wheelbarrows or buggies or machines of similar character, whether run by gas, diesel, or electric power; Concrete Placement Machine Operator: operation of Somero Hammerhead, Copperheads, or similar machines; Concrete Pump Machine (laying, coupling, uncoupling of all connections and cleaning of equipment); Concrete and/or Asphalt Saw (Walking or Handtype) (cutting walls or flatwork) (scoring old or new concrete and/or asphalt) (cutting for expansion joints) (streets and ways for laying of pipe, cable or conduit for all purposes); Concrete Shovelers/Laborers (Wet or Dry); Concrete Screeding for Rough Strike-Off: Rodding or striking-off, by hand or mechanical means prior to finishing; Concrete Vibrator Operator; Coring Holes: Walls, footings, piers or other obstructions for passage of pipes or conduits for any purpose and the pouring of concrete to secure the hole; Cribbers, Shorer, Lagging, Sheeting, and Trench Jacking and Bracing, Hand-Guided Lagging Hammer Whaling Bracing; Curbing (Concrete and Asphalt); Curing of Concrete (impervious membrane and form oiler) mortar and other materials by any mode or method; Cut Granite Curb Setter (setting, leveling and grouting of all precast concrete or stone curbs); Cutting and Burning Torch (demolition); Dri Pak-It Machine; Environmental Abatement: removal of asbestos, lead, and bio hazardous materials (EPA and/or OSHA certified); Falling, bucking, yarding, loading or burning of all trees or timber on construction site; Forklift (9 ft. and under); Gas, Pneumatic, and Electric tools; Grating and Grill work for drains or other purposes; Green Cutter of concrete or aggregate in any form, by hand, mechanical means, grindstone or air and/or water; Grout: Spreading for any purpose; Guinea Chaser (Grade Checker) for general utility trenches, sitework, and excavation; Headerboard Man (Asphalt or Concrete); Heat Welder of Plastic (Laborers' AGC certified workers) (when work involves waterproofing for waterponds, artificial lakes and reservoir) heat welding for sewer pipes and fusion of HDPE pipes; Heavy Highway Laborer (Rigging, signaling, handling, and installation of pre-cast catch basins, manholes, curbs and gutters); High Pressure Nozzleman - Hydraulic Monitor (over 100# pressure); Jackhammer Operator; Jacking of slip forms: All semi and unskilled work connected therewithin; Laying of all multi-cell conduit or multi-purpose pipe; Magnesite and Mastic Workers (Wet or Dry)(including mixer operator); Mortar Man; Mortar Mixer (Block, Brick, Masonry, and Plastering); Nozzleman (Sandblasting and/or Water Blasting): handling, placing and operation of nozzle; Operation, Manual or Hydraulic jacking of shields and the use of such other mechanical equipment as may be necessary; Pavement Breakers; Paving, curbing and surfacing of streets, ways, courts, under and overpasses, bridges,

approaches, slope walls, and all other labor connected therewith; Pilecutters; Pipe Accessment in place, bolting and lining up of sectional metal or other pipe including corrugated pipe; Pipelayer performing all services in the laying and installation of pipe from the point of receiving pipe in the ditch until completion of operation, including any and all forms of tubular material, whether pipe, HDPE, metallic or non-metallic, conduit, and any other stationary-type of tubular device used for conveying of any substance or element, whether water, sewage, solid, gas, air, or other product whatsoever and without regard to the nature of material from which tubular material is fabricated; No-joint pipe and stripping of same, Pipewrapper, Caulker, Bander, Kettlemen, and men applying asphalt, Laykold, treating Creosote and similar-type materials (6-inch) pipe and over); Piping: resurfacing and paving of all ditches in preparation for laying of all pipes; Pipe laying of lateral sewer pipe from main or side sewer to buildings or structure (except Contactor may direct work be done under proper supervision); Pipe laying, leveling and marking of the joint used for main or side sewers and storm sewers; Laying of all clay, terra cotta, ironstone, vitrified concrete, HDPE or other pipe for drainage; Placing and setting of water mains, gas mains and all pipe including removal of skids; Plaster Mortar Mixer/Pump; Pneumatic Impact Wrench; Portable Sawmill Operation: Choker setters, off bearers, and lumber handlers connected with clearing; Posthole Digger (Hand Held, Gas, Air and Electric); Powderman's Tender; Power Broom Sweepers (Small); Preparation and Compaction of roadbeds for railroad track laying, highway construction, and the preparation of trenches, footings, etc., for cross-country transmission by pipelines, electrical transmission or underground lines or cables (by mechanical means); Raising of structure by manual or hydraulic jacks or other methods and resetting of structure in new locations, including all concrete work; Ramming or compaction; Rigging in connection with Laborers' work (except demolition), Signaling (including the use of walkie talkie) Choke Setting, tag line usage; Tagging and Signaling of building materials into high rise units; Riprap, Stonepaver, and Rock Slinger (includes placement of stacked concrete, wet or dry and loading, unloading, signaling, slinging and setting of other similar materials); Rotary Scarifier (including multiple head concrete chipping Scarifier); Salamander Heater, Drying of plaster, concrete mortar or other aggregate; Scaffold Erector Leadman; Scaffolds: (Swing and hanging) including maintenance thereof; Scaler; Septic Tank/Cesspool and Drain Fields Digger and Installer; Shredder/Chipper (tree branches, brush, etc.); Stripping and Setting Forms; Stripping of Forms: Other than panel forms which are to be re-used in their original form, and stripping of forms on all flat arch work; Tampers (Barko, Wacker, and similar type); Tank Scaler and Cleaners; Tarman; Tree Climbers and Trimmers; Trencher (includes hand-held, Davis T-66 and similar type); Trucks (flatbed up to and including 2 1/2 tons when used in connection with on-site Laborers'work; Trucks (Refuse and Garbage Disposal) (from job site to dump); Vibra-Screed (Bull Float in connection with Laborers' work); Well Points, Installation of or any other dewatering system.

Laborer II: Asphalt Plant Laborer; Boring Machine Tender; Bridge Laborer; Burning of all debris (crates, boxes, packaging waste materials); Chainman, Rodmen, and Grade

Markers; Cleaning, clearing, grading and/or removal for streets, highways, roadways, aprons, runways, sidewalks, parking areas, airports, approaches, and other similar installations; Cleaning or reconditioning of streets, ways, sewers and waterlines, all maintenance work and work of an unskilled and semi-skilled nature; Concrete Bucket Tender (Groundman) hooking and unhooking of bucket; Concrete Forms; moving, cleaning, oiling and carrying to the next point of erection of all forms; Concrete Products Plant Laborers; Conveyor Tender (conveying of building materials); Crushed Stone Yards and Gravel and Sand Pit Laborers and all other similar plants; Demolition, Wrecking and Salvage Laborers: Wrecking and dismantling of buildings and all structures, with use of cutting or wrecking tools, breaking away, cleaning and removal of all fixtures, All hooking, unhooking, signaling of materials for salvage or scrap removed by crane or derrick; Digging under streets, roadways, aprons or other paved surfaces; Driller's Tender; Chuck Tender, Outside Nipper; Dry-packing of concrete (plugging and filling of she-bolt holes); Fence and/or Guardrail Erector: Dismantling and/or re-installation of all fence; Finegrader; Firewatcher; Flagman (Coning, preparing, stablishing and removing portable roadway barricade devices); Signal Men on all construction work defined herein, including Traffic Control Signal Men at construction site; General Excavation; Backfilling, Grading and all other labor connected therewith; Digging of trenches, ditches and manholes and the leveling, grading and other preparation prior to laying pipe or conduit for any purpose; Excavations and foundations for buildings, piers, foundations and holes, and all other construction. Preparation of street ways and bridges; General Laborer: Cleaning and Clearing of all debris and surplus material. Clean-up of right-of-way. Clearing and slashing of brush or trees by hand or mechanical cutting. General Clean up: sweeping, cleaning, wash-down, wiping of construction facility and equipment (other than ""Light Clean up (Janitorial) Laborer. Garbage and Debris Handlers and Cleaners. Appliance Handling (job site) (after delivery unlading in storage area); Ground and Soil Treatment Work (Pest Control); Gunite/Shotcrete Operator Tender; Junk Yard Laborers (same as Salvage Yard); Laser Beam ""Target Man"" in connection with Laborers' work; Layout Person for Plastic (when work involves waterproofing for waterponds, artificial lakes and reservoirs); Limbers, Brush Loaders, and Pilers; Loading, Unloading, carrying, distributing and handling of all rods and material for use in reinforcing concrete construction (except when a derrick or outrigger operated by other than hand power is used); Loading, unloading, sorting, stockpiling, handling and distribution of water mains, gas mains and all pipes; Loading and unloading of all materials, fixtures, furnishings and appliances from point of delivery to stockpile to point of installation; hooking and signaling from truck, conveyance or stockpile; Material Yard Laborers; Pipelayer Tender; Pipewrapper, Caulker, Bander, Kettlemen, and men applying asphalt, Laykold, Creosote, and similar-type materials (pipe under 6 inches); Plasterer Laborer; Preparation, construction and maintenance of roadbeds and sub-grade for all paving, including excavation, dumping, and spreading of sub-grade material; Prestressed or precast concrete slabs, walls, or sections: all loading, unloading, stockpiling, hooking on of such slabs, walls or sections; Quarry Laborers; Railroad, Streetcar, and Rail Transit Maintenance and Repair; Roustabout; Rubbish Trucks in connection with

Building Construction Projects (excluding clearing, grubbing, and excavating); Salvage Yard: All work connected with cutting, cleaning, storing, stockpiling or handling of materials, all cleanup, removal of debris, burning, back-filling and landscaping of the site; Sandblasting Tender (Pot Tender): Hoses and pots or markers; Scaffolds: Erection, planking and removal of all scaffolds used for support for lathers, plasters, brick layers, masons, and other construction trades crafts; Scaffolds: (Specially designed by carpenters) laborers shall tend said carpenter on erection and dismantling thereof, preparation for foundation or mudsills, maintenance; Scraping of floors; Screeds: Handling of all screeds to be reused; handling, dismantling and conveyance of screeds; Setting, leveling and securing or bracing of metal or other road forms and expansion joints; Sheeting Piling/trench shoring (handling and placing of skip sheet or wood plank trench shoring); Ship Scalers; Shipwright Tender; Sign Erector (subdivision traffic, regulatory, and street-name signs); Sloper; Slurry Seal Crews (Mixer Operator, Applicator, Squeegee Man, Shuttle Man, Top Man); Snapping of wall ties and removal of tie rods; Soil Test operations of semi and unskilled labor such as filling sand bags; Striper (Asphalt, Concrete or other Paved Surfaces); Tool Room Attendant (Job Site); Traffic Delineating Device Applicator; Underpinning, lagging, bracing, propping and shoring, loading, signaling, right-of-way clearance along the route of movement, The clearance of new site, excavation of foundation when moving a house or structure from old site to new site; Utilities employees; Water Man; Waterscape/Hardscape Laborers; Wire Mesh Pulling (all concrete pouring operations); Wrecking, stripping, dismantling and handling concrete forms an false work.

LAB00368-002 09/05/2022

	Rates	Fringes
Landscape & Irrigation Laborers		
GROUP 1	\$ 27.25	15.80
GROUP 2	•	15.80
GROUP 3	\$ 22.15	15.80

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Installation of non-potable permanent or temporary irrigation water systems performed for the purposes of Landscaping and Irrigation architectural horticultural work; the installation of drinking fountains and permanent or temporary irrigation systems using potable water for Landscaping and Irrigation architectural horticultural purposes only. This work includes (a) the installation of all heads, risers, valves, valve boxes, vacuum breakers (pressure and non-pressure), low voltage electrical lines and, provided such work involves electrical wiring that will carry 24 volts or less, the installation of sensors, master control panels, display boards, junction boxes, conductors, including all other components for controllers, (b) and metallic (copper, brass, galvanized, or similar) pipe, as well as PVC or other plastic pipe including all work incidental thereto, i.e., unloading, handling and distribution of all pipes fittings, tools, materials and equipment, (c) all soldering work in connection with the

above whether done by torch, soldering iron, or other means; (d) tie-in to main lines, thrust blocks (both precast and poured in place), pipe hangers and supports incidental to installation of the entire irrigation system, (e) making of pressure tests, start-up testing, flushing, purging, water balancing, placing into operation all irrigation equipment, fixtures and appurtenances installed under this agreement, and (f) the fabrication, replacement, repair and servicing oflandscaping and irrigation systems. Operation of hand-held gas, air, electric, or self-powered tools and equipment used in the performance of Landscape and Irrigation work in connection with architectural horticulture; Choke-setting, signaling, and rigging for equipment operators on job-site in the performance of such Landscaping and Irrigation work; Concrete work (wet or dry) performed in connection with such Landscaping and Irrigation work. This work shall also include the setting of rock, stone, or riprap in connection with such Landscape, Waterscape, Rockscape, and Irrigation work; Grubbing, pick and shovel excavation, and hand rolling or tamping in connection with the performance of such Landscaping and Irrigation work; Sprigging, handseeding, and planting of trees, shrubs, ground covers, and other plantings and the performance of all types of gardening and horticultural work relating to said planting; Operation of flat bed trucks (up to and including 2 1/2 tons).:

GROUP 2. Layout of irrigation and other non-potable irrigation water systems and the layout of drinking fountains and other potable irrigation water systems in connection with such Landscaping and Irrigation work. This includes the layout of all heads, risers, valves, valve boxes, vacuum breakers, low voltage electrical lines, hydraulic and electrical controllers, and metallic (coppers, brass, galvanized, or similar) pipe, as well as PVC or other plastic pipe. This work also includes the reading and interpretation of plans and specifications in connection with the layout of Landscaping, Rockscape, Waterscape, and Irrigation work; Operation of Hydro-Mulching machines (sprayman and driver), Drillers, Trenchers (riding type, Davis T-66, and similar) and fork lifts used in connection with the performance of such Landscaping and Irrigation work; Tree climbers and chain saw tree trimmers, Sporadic operation (when used in connection with Landscaping, Rockscape, Waterscape, and Irrigation work) of Skid-Steer Loaders (Bobcat and similar), Cranes (Bantam, Grove, and similar), Hoptos, Backhoes, Loaders, Rollers, and Dozers (Case, John Deere, and similar), Water Trucks, Trucks requiring a State of Hawaii Public Utilities Commission Type 5 and/or type 7 license, sit-down type and ""gang"" mowers, and other self-propelled, sit-down operated machines not listed under Landscape & Irrigation Maintenance Laborer; Chemical spraying using self-propelled power spraying equipment (200 gallon capacity or more).

GROUP 3: Maintenance of trees, shrubs, ground covers, lawns and other planted areas, including the replanting of trees, shrubs, ground covers, and other plantings that did not ""take"" or which are damaged; provided, however, that re-planting that requires the use of equipment, machinery, or power tools shall be paid for at the rate of pay specified under Landscape and Irrigation Laborer, Group 1; Raking, mowing, trimming, and runing, including the use of ""weed eaters"", hedge trimmers, vacuums, blowers, and other

hand-held gas, air, electric, or self-powered tools, and the operation of lawn mowers (Note: The operation of sit-down type and ""gang"" mowers shall be paid for at the rate of pay specified under Landscape & Irrigation Laborer, Group 2); Guywiring, staking, propping, and supporting trees; Fertilizing, Chemical spraying using spray equipment with less than 200 gallon capacity, Maintaining irrigation and sprinkler systems, including the staking, clamping, and adjustment of risers, and the adjustment and/or replacement of sprinkler heads, (Note: the cleaning and gluing of pipe and fittings shall be paid for at the rate of pay specified under Landscape & Irrigation Laborer(Group 1); Watering by hand or sprinkler system and the peformance of other types of gardening, yardman, and horticultural-related work.

LAB00368-003 09/05/2022

	Rates	Fringes
Underground Laborer		
GROUP 1	\$ 40.60	24.25
GROUP 2	\$ 42.10	24.25
GROUP 3	\$ 42.60	24.25
GROUP 4	\$ 43.60	24.25
GROUP 5	\$ 43.95	24.25
GROUP 6	\$ 44.20	24.25
GROUP 7	\$ 44.65	24.25

GROUP 1: Watchmen; Change House Attendant.

GROUP 2: Swamper; Brakeman; Bull Gang-Muckers, Trackmen; Dumpmen (any method); Concrete Crew (includes rodding and spreading); Grout Crew; Reboundmen

GROUP 3: Chucktenders and Cabletenders; Powderman (Prime House); Vibratorman, Pavement Breakers

GROUP 4: Miners - Tunnel (including top and bottom man on shaft and raise work); Timberman, Retimberman (wood or steel or substitute materials thereof); Blasters, Drillers, Powderman (in heading); Microtunnel Laborer; Headman; Cherry Pickerman (where car is lifted); Nipper; Grout Gunmen; Grout Pumpman & Potman; Gunite, Shotcrete Gunmen & Potmen; Concrete Finisher (in tunnel); Concrete Screed Man; Bit Grinder; Steel Form Raisers & Setters; High Pressure Nozzleman; Nozzleman (on slick line); Sandblaster-Potman (combination work assignment interchangeable); Tugger

GROUP 5: Shaft Work & Raise (below actual or excavated ground level); Diamond Driller; Gunite or Shotcrete Nozzleman; Rodman; Groundman

GROUP 6: Shifter

GROUP 7: Shifter (Shaft Work & Raiser)

PAIN1791-001 07/01/2022

	Rates	Fringes
Painters:	\$ 40.00	30.59
Sandblaster; Spray	•	30.59

PAIN1889-001 07/01/2022		
	Rates	Fringes
Glaziers		38.37
PAIN1926-001 02/27/2022		
	Rates	Fringes
Soft Floor Layers	.\$ 38.77	33.31
PAIN1944-001 01/02/2022		
	Rates	Fringes
Taper	.\$ 43.85	32.65
PLAS0630-001 09/05/2022		
	Rates	Fringes
PLASTERER	\$ 45.00	33.58
PLAS0630-002 08/31/2020		
	Rates	Fringes
Cement Masons: Cement Masons Trowel Machine Operators		32.29 32.29
PLUM0675-001 07/03/2022		
	Rates	Fringes
Plumber, Pipefitter, Steamfitter & Sprinkler Fitter		29.05
ROOF0221-001 09/05/2021		
	Rates	Fringes
Roofers (Including Built Up, Composition and Single Ply)	\$ 42.55	20.78
SHEE0293-001 02/27/2022		
	Rates	Fringes
Sheet metal worker	.\$ 46.22	30.64
* SUHI1997-002 09/15/1997		
	Rates	Fringes
Drapery Installer	.\$ 13.60 **	1.20
FENCE ERECTOR (Chain Link Fence)	\$ 9.33 **	1.65

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

** Workers in this classification may be entitled to a higher minimum wage under Executive Order 14026 (\$15.00) or 13658 (\$11.25). Please see the Note at the top of the wage determination for more information.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of ""identifiers"" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than ""SU"" or ""UAVG"" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SU"" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

- 1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:
- * an existing published wage determination
- * a survey underlying a wage determination
- * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour National Office because National Office has responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division

U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

END OF GENERAL DECISIO"

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAYS DIVISION HONOLULU, HAWAII

PROPOSAL

PROPOSAL TO THE

STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PROJECT: Waimea Canyon Drive/Kokee Road Improvements, Phase 2A

Mile Post 11.5 to 14.0 District of Waimea Island of Kauai

PROJECT NO.: STP-0550(005)

COMPLETION TIME: <u>250</u> Working days from the

Start Work Date from the Department.

DBE PROJECT GOAL: 9.8%

DESIGN PROJECT MANAGER:

NAME Eric Fujikawa

ADDRESS 1720 Haleukana Street, Lihue, Hawaii 96766

PHONE NO. (808)241-3015 FAX NO. (808)241-3011

Director of Transportation 869 Punchbowl Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear Sir:

The undersigned Bidder declares the following:

- 1. It has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this proposal.
- 2. It has not been assisted or represented on this matter by any individual who has, in a State capacity, been involved in the subject matter of this contract within the past two years.
- 3. It has not and will not, either directly or indirectly offered or given a gratuity (i.e., an entertainment or gift) to any State or County employee to obtain a contract or favorable treatment under a contract.
- 4. It will not maintain for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments.
- 5. Does not and will not permit its employees to perform their services at any location under its control, where segregated facilities are maintained.

The undersigned Bidder further agrees to the following:

- 1. If this proposal is accepted, it shall execute a contract with the Department to provide all necessary labor, machinery, tools, equipment, apparatus and any other means of construction, to do all the work and to furnish all the materials specified in the contract in the manner and within the time therein prescribed in the contract, and that it shall accept in full payment therefore the sum of the unit and/or lump sum prices as set forth in the attached proposal schedule for the actual quantities of work performed and materials furnished and furnish satisfactory security in accordance with Section 103D-324, Hawaii Revised Statutes, within 10 days after the award of the contract or within such time as the Director of Transportation may allow after the undersigned has received the contract documents for execution, and is fully aware that non-compliance with the aforementioned terms will result in the forfeiture of the full amount of the bid guarantee required under Section 1032D-323, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- 2. That the quantities given in the attached proposal schedule are approximate only and are intended principally to serve as a guide in determining and comparing the bids.

- 3. That the Department does not either expressly or by implication, agree that the actual amount of work will correspond therewith, but reserves the right to increase or decrease the amount of any class or portion of the work, or to omit portions of the work, as may be deemed necessary or advisable by the Director of Transportation, and that all increased or decreased quantities of work shall be performed at the unit prices set forth in the attached proposal schedule except as provided for in the specifications.
- 4. In case of a discrepancy between unit prices and the totals in said Proposal Schedule, the unit prices shall prevail.
- 5. Unless amended by Special Provision, agrees to begin work within 10 working days after the date of notification to commence with the work, which date is in the notice to proceed, and shall finish the entire project within the time prescribed.
- 6. The Director of Transportation reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to waive any defects when in the Director's opinion such rejections or waiver will be for the best interest of the public.

The Bidder acknowledges receipt of and certifies that it has completely examined the following listed items: Hawaii Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, 2005, and/or the General Provisions for Construction Projects for AIR and WATER Transportation Facilities Division dated 2016, as applicable, the Notice to Bidders, Special Provisions, Proposal, Contract, Bond Forms, and Project Plans.

In accordance with Section 103D-323, Hawaii Revised Statutes, this proposal is accompanied with a bid security in the amount of 5% of the total amount bid, in the form checked below. (Check applicable bid security submitted with bid.)

Surety Bid Bond (Use standard form)
Cash,
- Odon,
Cashier's Check,
Certified Check, or
(Fill in other acceptable security.)

The undersigned Bidder acknowledges receipt of any addendum issued by the Department by recording in the space below the date of receipt.

Addendum No. 1	Addendum No. 3		
Addendum No. 2	Addendum No. 4		

In accordance with Section 103D-302, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the undersigned as Bidder has listed the name of each person or firm who will be engaged by the Bidder on the project as Subcontractor or Joint Contractor and the nature of work to be done by each on the following page. The Bidder must adequately and unambiguously disclose the unique nature and scope of the work to be performed by each Subcontractor or Joint Contractor. For each listed firm, the Bidder declares the respective firm is a Subcontractor or Joint Contractor and is subject to evaluation as a Subcontractor or Joint Contractor. It is understood that failure to comply with the aforementioned requirements may be cause for rejection of the bid submitted.

The undersigned Bidder asserts that affirmative action has been taken to seek out and consider Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBEs) for portions of the work which can be subcontracted, and the affirmative actions of the Bidder are fully documented in its records and are available upon request by the Department. It is also understood that it must meet or exceed the DBE contract goal listed on page P-1 or demonstrate that it made good faith efforts to meet the DBE project goal. The undersigned as Bidder, agrees to utilize each participating DBE that it submitted to meet the contract goal of ________% (percentage to be completed by Bidder) DBE participation if the contract is awarded to it, and shall maintain such DBE participation during the construction of this project.

SUBCONTRACTOR LISTING

(Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

	NAME OF FIRM	NAME	NATURE OF WORK	
SUE	BCONTRACTOR:	CONTRACTO		
1.				_
	1a¹	1a¹		
2.				_
	2a	2a		
3.				
	3a	3a		
4.				
	4a	4a		
5.				
	5a	5a		
6.				
	6a.	6a		
7.				
	7a	7a		

NOTES:

The Name of Firm and Nature of Work shall be indicated for all listed firms. The Bidder must adequately and unambiguously disclose the unique nature and scope of the work to be performed by each Sub- or Joint Contractor.

For each listed firm, the Bidder declares the respective firm is a Sub- or Joint Contractor and subject to evaluation as a Sub- or Joint Contractor.

¹ Second tier subcontractors

JOINT CONTRACTOR LISTING

(Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

	N	AME OF FIRM		NATURE OF WORK
JOII	NT CONTR	ACTOR:		
1.			-	
	1a¹		-	
2.			-	
	2a		-	
3.			-	
	3a		-	
4.			-	
	4a		-	
5.			-	
	5a		-	
6.		_	-	
	6a	_	-	
7.			-	
	7a		_	

NOTES:

The Name of Firm and Nature of Work shall be indicated for all listed firms. The Bidder must adequately and unambiguously disclose the unique nature and scope of the work to be performed by each Sub- or Joint Contractor.

For each listed firm, the Bidder declares the respective firm is a Sub- or Joint Contractor and subject to evaluation as a Sub- or Joint Contractor.

¹ Second tier joint contractors

The undersigned hereby certifies that the bid prices contained in the attached proposal schedule have been carefully checked and are submitted as correct and final.

This declaration is made with the understanding that the undersigned is subject to the penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States and is in violation of the Hawaii Penal Code, Section 710-1063, unsworn falsification to authorities, of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, for knowingly rendering a false declaration.

Bidder (Company Name)						
Authorized Signature						
Title						
Business Address						
Business Telephone	Email					
Date						
Contact Person (If different from abo	ove.)					
Phone:	Email:					

NOTE:

If Bidder is a <u>CORPORATION</u>, the legal name of the corporation shall be set forth above, the corporate seal affixed, together with the signature(s) of the officer(s) authorized to sign contracts for the corporation. Please attach to this page current (not more than six months old) evidence of the authority ofthe officer(s) to sign for the corporation.

If Bidder is a <u>PARTNERSHIP</u>, the true name of the partnership shall be set forth above, with the signature(s) of the general partner(s). Please attach to this page current (not more than six months old) evidence of the authority of the partner authorized to sign for the partnership.

If Bidder is an INDIVIDUAL, the bidder's signature shall be placed above.

If signature is by an agent, other than an officer of a corporation or a partner of a partnership, a POWER OF ATTORNEY must be on file with the Department before opening bids or submitted with the bid. Otherwise, the Department may reject the bid as irregular and unauthorized.

	PROPOSAL SCHEDULE							
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT			
201.0100	Clearing and Grubbing	2	AC	\$	\$			
203.0100	Roadway Excavation	4,400	CY	\$	\$			
209.0100	Installation, Maintenance, Monitoring, and Removal of BMP	LS	LS	LS	\$			
209.0200	Additional Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control	FA	FA	FA	\$ 250,000.00			
301.0100	Hot Mix Asphalt Base Course	1,000	TN	\$	\$			
305.0100	Aggregate Subbase	1,200	CY	\$	\$			
401.0410	PMA Pavement, Mix No. IV	750	TN	\$	\$			
401.9000	Pavement Smoothness Incentive	Allow	Allow	Allow	\$			
414.0110	Excavation of Weakened Pavement Areas	1,200	CY	\$	\$			
415.0110	Cold Planing of Existing Pavement	29,000	SY	\$	\$			
603.0100	Clean Existing Culverts	FA	FA	FA	\$ 60,000.00			
606.2000	31" W-Beam Guardrail with Standard 8" Offset Block, Steel 6-Ft Posts	5,000	LF	\$	\$			
606.2008	31" W-Beam Guardrail with Standard 8" Offset Block, Steel 8-Ft Posts, Double Nested	315	LF	\$	\$			
606.5000	Terminal Section, MSKT-SP-MGS, SoftStop, Max Tension or Approved Equal	20	EA	\$	\$			

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	PROPOSAL SCHEDULE							
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT			
606.5100	Type A End Section	6	EA	\$	\$			
629.1010	Double 4-Inch Pavement Striping (Thermoplastic Extrusion)	14,350	LF	\$	\$			
629.1020	6-Inch Pavement Striping (Thermoplastic Extrusion)	29,300	LF	\$	\$			
629.1050	12-Inch Pavement Striping (Thermoplastic Extrusion)	40	LF	\$	\$			
629.2020	Type C Pavement Marker	1,400	EA	\$	\$			
629.2030	Type D Pavement Marker	2,800	EA	\$	\$			
630.1100	Panel for Destination Sign (Flat Panel)	60	SF	\$	\$			
630.1610	4.00 lbs/ft Flanged Channel Post for Destination Sign	4	EA	\$	\$			
631.0110	Regulatory Sign (10 Sq. Ft. or Less)	9	EA	\$	\$			
631.0230	Warning Sign (10 Sq. Ft. or Less)	12	EA	\$	\$			
631.0300	Miscellaneous Sign	10	EA	\$	\$			
631.0320	Supplemental Plaque	6	EA	\$	\$			
632.0500	Milepost Marker with Post (Bi-Directional)	6	EA	\$	\$			
632.0120	Reflector Marker (RM-3) with Steel Post	80	EA	\$	\$			
632.0122	Reflector Marker (RM-3) with Flexible Delineator	20	EA	\$	\$			

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PROPOSAL SCHEDULE						
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT	
632.1012	012 Type II Object Marker (OM2-2H) 35 EA \$		\$			
632.1022	022 Type II Object Marker (OM2-2V) 18 EA \$				\$	
632.1050	0 Type V Object Marker (OM-5) 26 EA \$					
636.1000	Additional E-Construction Programs, Additional Licenses or Additional Equipment		FA	\$ <u>10,000.00</u>		
641.0100	Hydro-Mulch Seeding		SY	\$	\$	
645.1000 Traffic Control		LS	LS LS I		\$	
645.2000	Additional Police Officers, Additional Traffic Control Devices	FA	FA	FA	\$ 200,000.00	
648.1000 Field Posted Drawing		LS	LS	LS	\$	
671.1000	Protection of Threatened and Endangered Species LS LS LS				\$	
699.1001	Mobilization (Not to Exceed 6% of the Sum of All Items Excluding the Bid Price of this Item) LS LS LS					
	a. Sum of All Items				\$	
Bid The	ders must complete all unit prices and amounts. Failure to do s shall include all Federal, State, County and other applicable s Sum of All Items will be used to determine the lowest respond discrepancy occurs between unit bid price and the bid price,	taxes and fees. nsible bidder.	Í	ection of bid.		

PROPOSAL SCHEDULE

The bidder is directed to Subsection 105.16 – Subcontracts.

4 5

The bidder's attention is directed to Sections 696 - Field Office and Project Site Laboratory and 699 - Mobilization for the limitation of the amount bidders are allowed to bid.

If the bid price for any proposal item having a maximum allowable bid indicated therefore in any of the contract documents is in excess of such a maximum amount, the bid price for such proposal item shall be adjusted to reflect the limitation thereon. The comparison of bids to determine the successful bidder and the amount of contract to be awarded shall be determined after such adjustments are made, and such adjustments shall be binding upon the bidder.

The bidder is directed to Section 717 – Cullet and Cullet-Made Materials regarding recycling of waste glass.



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Contract Goal Verification and Good Faith Efforts (GFE) Documentation For Construction

	Project #:	County:
	DBE Project Goal:	Prime Contractor:
aı	L s required by the specifications " <i>Disadvantaged Business Enterpris</i> a nd non-DBE firms) for all subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers,	, and trucking companies is due by the close of business, $4:30\ P.M.$
Н	awaii Standard Time (HST) five (5) days after bid opening. Failure t	o provide required information sufficient to evaluate the
h	id/proposal shall be cause for hid/proposal rejection	

Calculation of the DBE contract goal for this project is the proportionate contract dollar value of work performed, materials, and goods to be supplied by DBEs. DBE credit shall not be given for mobilization, force account items, and allowance items. This DBE contract goal is applicable to all the contract work performed for this project and is calculated as follows:

- 1. DBE contract goal percentage = Contract Dollar Value of the work to be performed by DBE subcontractors and manufacturers, plus 60% of the contract dollar value of DBE suppliers, divided by the sum of all contract items (sum of all contract items is the total amount for comparison of bids less mobilization, force account items, and allowance items).
- 2. The Department shall adjust the bidder's/offeror's DBE contract goal to the amount of the project goal if it finds that the bidder/offeror met the goal but erroneously calculated a lower percentage. If the amount the bidder/offeror submits as its contract goal exceeds the project goal, the bidder/offeror shall be held to the higher goal.

DBE (Y/N)	Bid Item Number and Description	Approx. Quantity/ Hours	Unit	Unit Price/ Rate	Dollar Amount
			Unit		Dollar Amount
(Y/N)	Description	Hours	Unit	Rate	Dollar Amount
					1

A. Dollar amount of the work to be performed by DBE subcontractors, manufacturers, and trucking				
companies, plus 60% of the dollar amount of DBE suppliers				
B. Sum of all work items less mobilization, force account items, allowance items				
A/B = DBE contract goal				
NAME and SIGNATURE of AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE of PRIME CONTRACTOR:	DATE:			

Page 1 of 3

Summary of Good Faith Efforts (GFE)

As required by the specifications "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Requirements," documentation of GFE shall be submitted by the close of business, 4:30 P.M. HST five (5) days of bid opening. The bidder/offeror shall respond to the following questions and describe efforts to obtain DBE participation whether or not the DBE project goal is met. Responses must be sufficient to properly evaluate the bidder's/offeror's good faith efforts. Copies of correspondence return receipts, telephone logs, or other documentation will be required to support GFE. Attach additional sheets, if necessary. Based on responses given, HDOT shall make a determination of the bidders' GFE. Failure to provide required information sufficient to evaluate the bid/proposal shall be cause for bid/proposal rejection.

- 1. Did you submit the required information by the close of business, 4:30 P.M. HST, five (5) days after bid opening (i.e. DBE name, address, NAICS code, description of work, project name, and number)?
- Explain your GFE if any, to solicit through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capability to perform part or all of the work to be included under the contract.
 - Explain your GFE if any, to solicit the participation of potential DBEs as early in the procurement process as practicable.
 - b. Explain your GFE if any, to allow sufficient time for the DBEs to properly inquire about the project and respond to the solicitation.
 - c. Explain your GFE if any, to take appropriate steps to follow up with interested DBEs in a timely manner to facilitateparticipation by DBEs in this project.
- Explain your GFE if any, to identify and break up portions of work that can be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that a DBE will be able to participate, and that the DBE goal could be achieved (e.g. breaking out contract items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation even when you might otherwise prefer to self-perform these work items).
- Explain your GFE if any, to make available or provide interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the project in a timely manner, and assist them in responding to your solicitation.
- Explain your GFE if any, to negotiate in good faith with interested DBEs. Evidence of such negotiations includes documenting: a) the names, addresses and telephone numbers of DBEs that were contacted; b) a description of the information that was provided to DBEs regarding the plans and specifications; and c) detailed explanation for not utilizing individual DBEs on the project.
- Did you solely rely on price in determining whether to use a DBE? If yes please explain. The fact that there may be additional or higher costs associated with finding and utilizing DBEs are not, by themselves, sufficient reasons for your refusal to utilize a DBE or

NAME and SIGNATURE of AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE of PRIME CONTRACTOR:	DATE:
Page 2 of 3	

	failure to meet the DBE goal, provided that such additional costs are not unreasonable. Also, the ability or desportion of the work with your own forces, that could have been undertaken by an available DBE, does not relie responsibility to make good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal, and to make available and solicit DBE participar of the project to meet the DBE goal.	eve you of the
7.	Did you reject DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their cap please explain. The DBEs standing within the industry, membership in specific groups, organizations or associal or social affiliation are not legitimate basis for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids from particular DBEs.	
8.	Explain your GFE to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance.	
9.	Explain your GFE if any, to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials or rela services.	ted assistance or
10.	If you selected a non-DBE over a DBE subcontractor, please provide the quotes of each DBE and non-DBE subcontract to you for work on the contract; and for each DBE that was contacted but not utilized for a contract detailed written explanation for each DBE detailing the reasons for not utilizing or allowing the DBE to particip contract.	, provide a
11.	Explain your GFE if any, to effectively use the services of available minority/women community organizations, no business groups, contractors' groups, and local, state and federal minority/women business assistance offices organizations to provide assistance in recruitment and placement of DBEs.	-
NA	ME and SIGNATURE of AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE of PRIME CONTRACTOR:	DATE:



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Contract Goal Verification and Good Faith Efforts (GFE) Documentation For Construction INSTRUCTIONS

Project #	Self-explanatory
County	County where project is located
DBE Project Goal	Indicate DBE goal listed in the proposal on P-1
Prime Contractor	Name of prime contractor
Name of Subcontractor, Supplier, Manufacturer, and	Company name of subcontractor, supplier,
Trucking Company	manufacturer, or trucking firm
DBE (Y/N)	Y for yes and N for no
Bid Item Number and Description	Pay item and description
Approx. Quantity/ Hours	Self-explanatory
Unit	Unit of measure
Unit Price/ Rate	Self-explanatory
Dollar Amount	Total dollar amount committed to subcontractor,
	supplier, manufacturer, or trucking firm
A. Dollar amount of the work to be performed by DBE subcontractors, manufacturers, and trucking companies, plus 60% of the dollar amount of DBE suppliers	Total amount of DBE participation
B. Sum of all work items less mobilization, force	List total of work items minus mobilization, force
account items, allowance items	accounts and allowances. DBE credit shall not be
	given for mobilization, force account items, and
	allowance items.
A/B = DBE contract goal	Self-explanatory
Name and Signature of Authorized Representative of Prime Contractor	Self-explanatory (Note: bidder must sign and date every page of form.)
Date	Date form is signed
Summary of Good Faith Efforts (GFE)	Complete by answering questions in detail and providing documentation to support how bidder demonstrated good faith efforts to meet the goal, irrespective of whether or not the goal was met.



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement Trucking Company

This commitment is subject to the award and receipt of a signed contract from the Hawaii Department of Transportation (HDOT) for the subject project. DBEs must be certified by the bid opening date.

Project #:			County:					
NAICS CODE/DESC	RIPTION OF	WORK:		SECONDARY NAICS CODE:				
•			d tab item whenever	•				
			dates when the truck					nder the subcontract.
Estimated Beginning Date (Month/Year):				Estin	nated Coi	nplet	ion Date (Month/	Year):
TRUCKING	Item	No	Item Description		Lu	nit	Unit Price /	Amount
COMPANY:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		tem Bescription				Rate	
							\$	\$
							\$	\$
							\$	\$
				T	OTAL COI	MMIT	MENT AMOUNT	\$
 Number of fully Number of fully 	operationa operationa	l trucks to be	es to be hauled:e used:ed by DBE:eg companies are to b	Tr D	ump trucl	<s:< th=""><th>Dump t Tractors</th><th></th></s:<>	Dump t Tractors	
Name of Trucking		DBE Y/N	Estimated Dollar Ar to be Contracted				Type of Trucks (s	pecify)
			\$					
			\$					
If a DBE trucking cor substitution/replace prime contractor, a	mpany is una ement appro nd subcontr	able to perfo wal process a ractor (only i	rm the work as listed as outlined in the con	on this tract Di cond ti	agreeme BE require er sub) co	nt for ement onfirn	m, the prime conts. IMPORTANT! T	ed on the agreement form. tractor will follow the The signatures of the DBE, ation on this Agreement is
DBE NAME:				Nam	e/Title (p	lease	print):	
Address:				Signature:				
Phone:		Fax:						
Email:				Date:				
Prime Contractor:				Name/Title (please print):				
Address:				Signature:				
Phone:		Fax:						
Email:				Date	:			
Subcontractor (on	ly if the DBE	will be a se	cond tier sub):	Nam	e/Title (p	lease	print):	
Address:				Signa	ature:			
Phone:		Fax:		7				
Email:		•		Date	:			
HDOT retains the inf	formation co	ollected thro	ugh this form. With fe	ew exce	ptions, vo	ou are	entitled on requ	est to be informed about
the information that					•		·	



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement Trucking Company INSTRUCTIONS

The purpose of this agreement is to secure the commitment of the bidder/offeror to utilize the listed DBE trucking company, and the DBE's confirmation that it will perform work for the bidder/offeror on this project. The information on this form shall be provided by the DBE.

Project #	Self-explanatory
County	County where project is located
NAICS Code/Description of Work	Primary North American Industry Classification
	System code under which DBE is certified to
	performand description of work to be done
Secondary NAICS Code	List other NAICS codes firm is certified to perform
Estimated Beginning Date (Month/Year)	Date DBE shall begin work on the project
Estimated Completion Date (Month/Year)	Date DBE's work will be completed
Trucking Company	Name of DBE trucking company
Item No.	List pay item number
Item Description	Description of item
Unit	Unit of measure – e.g. weight or hours
Unit Price/Rate	Cost per unit or hourly rate
Amount	Total amount per pay item
Total Commitment Amount	Sum of all pay items and total commitment of
	bidder/offeror to DBE
Number of hours contracted or quantities to be	Approximate number of hours or tonnage to be
hauled	hauled
Number of fully operational trucks to be used:	Total number of trucks to be used for the project
Tractor/Trailers	Number of tractor trailers to be used
Dump Trucks	Number of dump trucks to be used
Number of fully operational trucks owned by DBE	Number of listed DBE's trucks to be used on
	thisproject
Name of Trucking Company	If other trucking companies (DBE or non-DBE) are to
	be leased, list name and information about type of
Estimated Dellay Amazonates he Contracted	trucks in this section
Estimated Dollar Amount to be Contracted	Provide information about estimated cost to lease
Number of Dump Trucks, Tractor/Trailer	trucks Self-explanatory
DBE NAME	DBE Company name
Name/Title	Name and title of DBE's representative
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of DBE's representative
Date	Date agreement is signed
Prime Contractor	Company name
Time contractor	Company name

Name/Title	Name and title of prime contractor's representative
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of prime contractor's representative
Date	Date agreement is signed
Subcontractor (only if the DBE will be a second tier sub):	Name of subcontractor only if the listed DBE trucking company will be performing work under this subcontractor
Name/Title	Name and title of the subcontractor's representative
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of subcontractor
Date	Date agreement is signed



Address:

Phone:

Email:

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement Subcontractor, Manufacturer, or Supplier

This commitment is subject to the award and receipt of a signed contract from the Hawaii Department of Transportation (HDOT) for the subject project. DBEs must be certified by the bid opening date.

Project #:			County:			
NAICS CODE/DESCRIPTION OF WORK:			SECONDARY NAICS CODE:			
*All quantities and units	should match	the bid tab ite	m whenever p	ossible.		
The prime contractor sh	all inform HDO	T of the dates	when the sub	contractor star	ts and completes a	all work under the subcontract.
Estimated Beginning Date (Month/Year):			Estimated Completion Date (Month/Year):			
SUBCONTRACTOR:	Item No.	Item	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Amount
					\$	\$
					\$	\$
					\$	\$
					\$	\$
			7	TOTAL COMMI	TMENT AMOUNT	\$
	•					, .
MANUFACTURER:	Item No.	Item	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Amount
					\$	\$
					\$	\$
		•	1	TOTAL COMMI	TMENT AMOUNT	\$
	-					
SUPPLIER:	Item No.	Item	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Amount
					\$	\$
					\$	\$
			1	TOTAL COMMI	TMENT AMOUNT	\$
and the DBE subcontrac agreement form, the pri requirements. IMPORT A	tors as listed o ime contractor ANT! The signa	n the agreeme will follow the tures of the D	ent form. If a E e substitution/ BBE, prime con	BE subcontrac replacement a tractor, and su	tor is unable to pe pproval process as ibcontractor (only	etween the prime contractor rform the work as listed on this outlined in the contract DBE if the DBE will be a second tier ement in the order in which
DBE NAME:			Name/Title (please print):			
Address:			Signature:			
Phone: Fax:						
Email:	1			Date:		
Prime Contractor:			Name/Title (please print):			
Address:				Signature:		
Phone:	Fax	:		3.8		
Email:	1 : 201			Date:		
Subcontractor (only if the DBE will be a second tier sub):				Name/Title (please print):		

HDOT retains the information collected through this form. With few exceptions, you are entitled on request to be informed about the information that we collect about you.

Fax:

Signature:

Date:



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement Subcontractor, Manufacturer, or Supplier INSTRUCTIONS

The purpose of this agreement is to secure the commitment of the bidder/offeror to utilize the listed DBE, and the DBE's confirmation that it will perform work for the bidder/offeror on this project. The information on this form shall be provided by the DBE.

Project #	Self-explanatory		
County	County where project is located		
NAICS Code/Description of Work	Primary North American Industry Classification		
·	System code under which DBE is certified to		
	performand description of work to be done		
Secondary NAICS Code	List other NAICS codes firm is certified to perform		
Estimated Beginning Date (Month/Year)	Date DBE shall begin work on the project		
Estimated Completion Date (Month/Year)	Date DBE's work will be completed		
Subcontractor	Name of DBE subcontractor (company name)		
Item No.	List pay item number		
Item	Description of item		
Approx. Quantity	Self-explanatory		
Unit	List unit of measure		
Unit Price	Cost per unit		
Amount	Total amount per pay item		
Total Commitment Amount	Sum of all pay items and total commitment of		
	bidder/offeror to DBE		
Manufacturer	Name of DBE manufacturer		
Supplier	Name of DBE supplier (aka regular dealer)		
DBE NAME	DBE Company name		
Name/Title	Name and title of DBE's representative		
Address	Self-explanatory		
Phone	Self-explanatory		
Fax	Self-explanatory		
Email	Self-explanatory		
Signature	Signature of DBE's representative		
Date	Date agreement is signed		
Prime Contractor	Company name		
Name/Title	Name and title of prime contractor's representative		
Address	Self-explanatory		
Phone	Self-explanatory		
Fax	Self-explanatory		
Email	Self-explanatory		
Signature	Signature of prime contractor's representative		
Date	Date agreement is signed		
Subcontractor (only if the DBE will be a second tier	Name of subcontractor only if the listed DBE will be		
sub):	performing work under this subcontractor as a second		
	tier subcontractor/supplier/manufacturer		

Name/Title	Name and title of the subcontractor's representative that the listed DBE will work under as a second tier subcontractor/supplier/manufacturer
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of subcontractor's representative
Date	Date agreement is signed

SURETY BID BOND

		Bond No
KNOW ALL BY THESE PRESENTS	S:	
That we,		
(Ful	l name oi	r legal title of offeror)
as Offeror, hereinafter called the Pr	incipal	, and
	у, ас	oonding company) orporation authorized to transact business as a , are held and firmly bound unto
as Owner, hereinafter called Owner	r, in th	(State/county entity) e penal sum of
Dollars (\$	sum w ur hei	nount of bid security)), lawful money of the United States of rell and truly to be made, the said Principal and rs, executors, administrators, successors and ese presents.
WHEREAS: The Principal has submitted	an off	er for
(Project	by numb	per and brief description)
in the alternate, accept the offer contract with the Owner in accorda or bonds as may be specified in the sufficient surety for the faithful payment of labor and material furnity.	of the ince wine soliperform	such that if the Owner shall reject said offer, or Principal and the Principal shall enter into a ith the terms of such offer, and give such bond citation or Contract Documents with good and nance of such Contract and for the prompt in the prosecution thereof as specified in the null and void, otherwise to remain in full force
	-l	
Signed this(day Seal)	Name of Principal (Offeror)
		Signature
,	Cool)	Title
(Sea		Name of Surety
		Signature
		Title

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STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HONOLULU, HAWAII

SAMPLE FORMS

Contract

Performance Bond (Surety)

Performance Bond

Labor and Material Payment Bond (Surety)

Labor and Material Payment Bond

Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (Standard Form - LLL and LLL-A)

Statement of Compliance (Form WH-348)

Chapter 104, HRS Compliance Certificate

$\underline{\mathsf{C}}\,\underline{\mathsf{O}}\,\underline{\mathsf{N}}\,\underline{\mathsf{I}}\,\underline{\mathsf{R}}\,\underline{\mathsf{A}}\,\underline{\mathsf{C}}\,\underline{\mathsf{I}}$

THIS AGREEMENT, made this day20
, by and between the STATE OF HAWAII, by its Director of Transportation, hereinafter referred to as
"STATE," and whose business
and/or post office address is
hereafter referred to as "CONTRACTOR":
WITNESSETH: That for and in consideration of the payments hereinafter mentioned, the
CONTRACTOR hereby covenants and agrees with the STATE to complete in place, furnish and pay for all
labor and materials necessary for
or such a part thereof as shall be required by the STATE, the total amount of which labor, material and
construction shall be computed at the unit and/or lump sum prices set forth in the attached proposal schedule
and shall be the sum of
DOLLARS (\$) as follows:
which sum shall be provided from the following fund(s):

all in accordance with the specifications, the special provisions, if any, the notice to bidders, the instructions
to bidders, the proposal, and plans for, on file in the office of the Director of
Transportation. These documents, together with all alterations, amendments, and additions thereto and
deductions therefrom, are attached hereto or incorporated herein by reference and made a part of this contract.
The CONTRACTOR hereby covenants and agrees to complete such construction within
() working days from the date indicated in the notice to
proceed from the STATE subject, however, to such extensions as may be provided for under the specifications.
For and in consideration of the covenants, undertaking and agreements of the CONTRACTOR herein
set forth and upon the full and faithful performance thereof by the CONTRACTOR, the STATE hereby agrees
to pay the CONTRACTOR the sum of DOLLARS (\$
) in lawful money, but not more than such part of the same as is actually earned
according to the STATE'S determination of the actual quantities of work performed and materials furnished by
the CONTRACTOR at the unit or lump sum prices set forth in the attached proposal schedule. Such payment,
including any extras, shall be made, subject to such additions or deductions hereto or hereafter made in the
manner and at the time prescribed in the specifications and this contract. In any event, extras shall not exceed
DOLLARS (\$) in lawful money and shall be
provided from the following fund(s):

Where Federal funds are involved, it is covenanted and agreed by and between the parties hereto that the sums of

shall be paid out of the applicable Federal funds, and that this contract shall be construed to be an agreement to pay said sums to the Contractor only out of the aforesaid Federal funds if and when such Federal funds shall be received from the Federal Government, and that this contract shall not be construed to be a general agreement to pay said portions at all events out of any funds other than those which may be so received from the Federal Government; provided, that if the Federal share of the cost of the project is not immediately forthcoming from the Federal Government, the STATE may advance the CONTRACTOR the anticipated Federal reimbursement of the cost of the completed portions of the work from funds which have been appropriated by the STATE for its pro rata share.

The CONTRACTOR further agrees to execute the attached non-gratuity affidavit form prior to payment of the final estimate by the STATE.

All words used herein in the singular number shall extend to and include the plural. All words used in the plural number shall extend to and include the singular. The use of any gender shall extend to and include all genders.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this instrument to be duly executed the day and year first above written.

STATE OF HAWAII

	Ву	
	Director of Transport	ation
	Ву	
APPROVED AS TO FORM	Ву	
Deputy Attorney General		

PERFORMANCE BOND (SURETY)

(6/21/07)

KNOW TO ALL BY THESE PRESENTS:

That		······································
	(Full Legal Name and Street Address of	of Contractor)
	er called Principal, and	
	(Name and Street Address of Bonding	g Company)
•	illed Surety, a corporation(s) authori	
surety in the State of Hav	waii, are held and firmly bound unto	the, (State/County Entity)
its successors and assig	ns, hereinafter called Obligee, in the	e amount of
), to which payment Prin Iministrators, successors and assigr	
	above-bound Principal has signed a for the following project:	
hereinafter called Contra hereof.	ict, which Contract is incorporated h	nerein by reference and made a part

NOW THEREFORE, the condition of this obligation is such that:

If the Principal shall promptly and faithfully perform, and fully complete the Contract in strict accordance with the terms of the Contract as said Contract may be modified or amended from time to time; then this obligation shall be void; otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

Surety to this Bond hereby stipulates and agrees that no changes, extensions of time, alterations, or additions to the terms of the Contract, including the work to be performed thereunder, and the specifications or drawings accompanying same, shall in any way affect its obligation on this bond, and it does hereby waive notice of any such changes, extensions of time, alterations, or additions, and agrees that they shall become part of the Contract.

In the event of Default by the Principal, of the obligations under the Contract, then after written Notice of Default from the Obligee to the Surety and the Principal and subject to the limitation of the penal sum of this bond, Surety shall remedy the Default, or take over the work to be performed under the Contract and complete such work, or pay moneys to the Obligee in satisfaction of the surety's performance obligation on this bond.

Signed this day of		,·
	(Seal)	Name of Principal (Contractor)
	*	Signature
		Title
	(Seal)	Name of Surety
		Signature

^{*}ALL SIGNATURES MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED BY A NOTARY PUBLIC

PERFORMANCE BOND

KNOW ALL BY THESE PRESENTS:

-	That we,
	actor, hereinafter called Contractor, is held and firmly bound unto the
	(State/County entity)
its succe	ssors and assigns, as Obligee, hereinafter called Obligee, in the amount
	DOLLARS (\$), (Dollar amount of Contract)
and truly	oney of the United States of America, for the payment of which to the said Obligee, well to be made, Contractor binds itself, its heir, executors, administrators, successors and firmly by these presents. Said amount is evidenced by:
	Legal Tender;
	Share Certificate unconditionally assigned to or made payable at sight to
	Description:;
	Certificate of Deposit, No, dated, dated, dated
	Cashier's Check No, dated
	Teller's Check No, dated, dated, a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Treasurer's Check No, dated, dated drawn on a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
0	Official Check No, dated
	Certified Check No, dated accepted by a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;

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WHEREAS:

The Contractor has by written contract with Obligee for the following	agreement dated entered into a Project:
hereinafter called Contract, which Cohereof.	ontract is incorporated herein by reference and made a part
NOW THEREFORE,	
perform the Contract in accordance of and conditions of the Contract as it shall deliver the Project to the Oblige Contract specified and free from all litto the Obligee, its officers, agents, actions of every nature and kind whice direct or indirect, arising or growing thereof or the manner of doing the safety or the improper performance of the or	on is such that, if Contractor shall promptly and faithfully with, in all respects, the stipulations, agreements, covenants now exists or may be modified according to its terms, and see, or to its successors or assigns, fully completed as in the iens and claims and without further cost, expense or charge successors or assigns, free and harmless from all suits or the may be brought for or on account of any injury or damage, out of the doing of said work or the repair or maintenance ame or the neglect of the Contractor or its agents or servants Contract by the Contractor or its agents or servants or from shall be void; otherwise it shall be and remain in full force
before a court of competent jurisdicti said Contract as liquidated damages assigns, in the event of a breach of a or stipulations contained in the Contra	ATED AND AGREED that suit on this bond may be brought on without a jury, and that the sum or sums specified in the s, if any, shall be forfeited to the Obligee, its successors or any, or all, or any part of, covenants, agreements, conditions, act or in this bond in accordance with the terms thereof.
made in good faith hereunder.	
Signed and sealed this	,,,
(Seal)	Name of Contractor
*	Signature
	Title

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^{*}ALL SIGNATURES MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED BY A NOTARY PUBLIC

LABOR AND MATERIAL PAYMENT BOND (SURETY)

(6/21/07)

KNOW TO ALL BY THESE PRESENTS:

That

(Full Legal Name and Street Address of Contractor)
as Contractor, hereinafter called Principal, and
(Name and Street Address of Bonding Company) as Surety, hereinafter called Surety, a corporation(s) authorized to transact business as a surety in the State of Hawaii, are held and firmly bound unto the
its successors and assigns, hereinafter called Obligee, in the amount of
Dollars (\$), to which payment Principal and Surety bind themselves their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.
WHEREAS, the above-bound Principal has signed Contract with the Obligee on for the following project:
hereinafter called Contract, which Contract is incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.
NOW THEREFORE , the condition of this obligation is such that if the Principal shall promptly make payment to any Claimant, as hereinafter defined, for all labor and materials supplied to the Principal for use in the performance of the Contract, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise to remain in full force and effect.
1. Surety to this Bond hereby stipulates and agrees that no changes, extensions of time, alterations, or additions to the terms of the Contract, including the work to be performed thereunder, and the specifications or drawings accompanying same, shall in any way affect its obligation on this bond, and it does hereby waive notice of any such changes, extensions of

A "Claimant" shall be defined herein as any person who has furnished labor or materials

time, alterations, or additions, and agrees that they shall become part of the Contract.

to the Principal for the work provided in the Contract.

Every Claimant who has not been paid amounts due for labor and materials furnished for work provided in the Contract may institute an action against the Principal and its Surety on this bond at the time and in the manner prescribed in Section 103D-324, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and have the rights and claims adjudicated in the action, and judgment rendered thereon; subject to the Obligee's priority on this bond. If the full amount of the liability of the Surety on this bond is insufficient to pay the full amount of the claims, then after paying the full amount due the Obligee, the remainder shall be distributed pro rata among the claimants.

Signed this	day of	,
	(Seal) Name of Principal (Contractor)
		* Signature
	(Seal	Title
	(Octai	Name of Surety *
		Signature Title

*ALL SIGNATURES MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED BY A NOTARY PUBLIC

LABOR AND MATERIAL PAYMENT BOND

KNOW ALL BY THESE PRESENTS:

Т	hat we,
	hat we,
as Contra	actor, hereinafter called Contractor, is held and firmly bound unto (State/County entity)
	ssors and assigns, as Obligee, hereinafter called Obligee, in the amount
	DOLLARS (\$), (Dollar amount of Contract)
	(Dollar amount of Contract)
and truly	oney of the United States of America, for the payment of which to the said Obligee, well to be made, Contractor binds itself, its heir, executors, administrators, successors and firmly by these presents. Said amount is evidenced by:
0	Legal Tender;
	Share Certificate unconditionally assigned to or made payable at sight to
	Description:
0	Certificate of Deposit, No, dated issued by drawn on
	a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
o	Cashier's Check No, dated
	drawn on a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Teller's Check No, dated
	drawn on a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Treasurer's Check No, dated
	drawn on a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Official Check No, dated
	drawn on a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
٥	Certified Check No, dated, accepted by a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit
	Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to

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WHEREAS:

The Contractor has by written agreement datedentered into a contract with Obligee for the following Project:	
hereinafter called Contract, which Contract is incorporated herein by reference and hereof.	made a part

NOW THEREFORE,

The condition of this obligation is such that, if Contractor shall promptly and faithfully perform the Contract in accordance with, in all respects, the stipulations, agreements, covenants and conditions of the Contract as it now exists or may be modified according to its terms, free from all liens and claims and without further cost, expense or charge to the Obligee, its officers, agents, successors or assigns, free and harmless from all suits or actions of every nature and kind which may be brought for or on account of any injury or damage, direct or indirect, arising or growing out of the doing of said work or the repair or maintenance thereof or the manner of doing the same or the neglect of the Contractor or its agents or servants or the improper performance of the Contract by the Contractor or its agents or servants or from any other cause, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise it shall be and remain in full force and effect.

AND IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED that suit on this bond may be brought before a court of competent jurisdiction without a jury, and that the sum or sums specified in the said Contract as liquidated damages, if any, shall be forfeited to the Obligee, its successors or assigns, in the event of a breach of any, or all, or any part of, covenants, agreements, conditions, or stipulations contained in the Contract or in this bond in accordance with the terms thereof.

AND IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED that this bond shall inure to the benefit of any and all persons entitled to file claims for labor performed or materials furnished in said work so as to give any and all such persons a right of action as contemplated by Sections 103D-324(d) and 103D-324(e), Hawaii Revised Statutes.

The amount of this bond may be reduced by and to the extent of any payment or payments made in good faith hereunder, inclusive of the payments of mechanics' liens which may be filed of record against the Project, whether or not claim for the amount of such lien be presented under and against this bond.

Signed this	da	ay of	
	(Seal)		
	, ,	Name of Contractor	
	*	Signature	
		Title	

*ALL SIGNATURES MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED BY A NOTARY PUBLIC

LB-2 r11/17/98

Approved by 0348-0046

DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES
Complete this form to disclose lobbying activities pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352
(See reverse for public burden disclosure.)

1. Type of Federal Action: a. contract b. grant c. cooperative agreement d. loan e. loan guarantee f. loan insurance	2. Status of Fed a. bid/offe b. initial a c. post-aw	er/application ward	3. Report Type: a. initial filing b. material change For Material Change Only: year quarter date of last report
4. Name and Address of Reporting Entity: ☐ Prime ☐ Subawardee Tier, if known:		5. If Reporting Entity in No. 4 is Subawardee, Enter Name and Address of Prime	
Congressional District, if known	n:	Congressional District, if known:	
6. Federal Department/Agency:		7. Federal Program Name/Destination: CFDA Number, <i>if applicable</i> :	
8. Federal Action Number, <i>if known</i> :		9. Award Amount, if known:	
10. a. Name and address of Lobbying Entity (if individual, last name, first name, MI):		b. Individuals Performing Services (including address if different from No. 10a) (last name, first name, MI):	
(attach Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLL-A, if necessary)			
11. Amount of Payment (check all that apply): \$		a. retai b. one- c. com d. cont e. defe	time fee mission ingent fee
14. Brief Description of Services Performed or to be Performed and Date(s) of Service, including officer(s), employees(s) or Member(s) contacted, for Payment Indicated in Item 11:			
(attach Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLL-A, if necessary)			
15. Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLI	A attached:	□ Yes	□ No
16. Information requested through this for title 31 U.S.C. section 1352. This disclosure is a material representation of fact upon placed by the tier above when this trans entered into. This disclosure is required placed. This information will be reported to annually and will be available for public ins who fails to file the required disclosure shall penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not refer each such failure.	of lobbying activities which reliance was action was made or ursuant to 31 U.S.C. the Congress semi-pection. Any person 1 be subject to a civil	Print Name:	Date:
Federal Use Only:			Authorized for Local Reproduction Standard Form - LLL

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF SF-LLL, DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES

This disclosure form shall be completed by the reporting entity, whether subawardee or prime Federal recipient, at the initiation or receipt of a covered Federal action, or a material change to a previous filing, pursuant to title 31 U.S.C. section 1352. The filing of a form is required for each payment or agreement to make payment to any lobbying entity for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a covered Federal action. Use the SF-LLL-A Continuation Sheet for additional information if the space on the form is inadequate. Complete all items that apply for both the initial filing and material change report. Refer to the implementing guidance published by the Office of Management and Budget for additional information.

- 1. Identify the type of covered Federal action for which lobbying activity is and/or has been secured to influence the outcome of a covered Federal action.
- 2. Identify the status of the covered Federal action.
- 3. Identify the appropriate classification of this report. If this is a followup report caused by a material change to the information previously reported, enter the year and quarter in which the change occurred. Enter the date of the last previously submitted report by this reporting entity for this covered Federal action.
- 4. Enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the reporting entity. Include Congressional District, if known. Check the appropriate classification of the reporting entity that designates if it is, or expects to be, a prime or subaward recipient. Identify the tier of the subawardee, e.g., the first subawardee of the prime is the 1st tier. Subawards include but are not limited to subcontracts, subgrants and contract awards under grants.
- 5. If the organization filing the report in item 4 checks "Subawardee", then enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the prime Federal recipient. Include Congressional District, if known.
- 6. Enter the name of the Federal agency making the award or loan commitment. Include at least one organizational level below agency name, if known. For example, Department of Transportation, United States Coast Guard.
- 7. Enter the Federal program name or description for the covered Federal action (item 1). If known, enter the full Catalog of Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number for grants, cooperative agreements, loans, and loan commitments.
- 8. Enter the most appropriate Federal identifying number available for the Federal action identified in item 1 (e.g., Request for Proposal (RFP) number; Invitation for Bid (IFB) number; grant announcement number; the contract, grant, or loan award number; the application/proposal control number assigned by the Federal Agency). Include prefixes, e.g., "RFP-DE-90-001."
- 9. For a covered Federal action where there has been an award or loan commitment by the Federal agency, enter the Federal amount of the award/loan commitment for the prime entity identified in item 4 or 5.
- 10. (a) Enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the lobbying entity engaged by the reporting entity identified in item 4 to influence the covered Federal action.
 - (b) Enter the full names of the individual(s) performing services, and include full address if different from 10(a). Enter Last Name, First Name, and Middle Initial (MI).
- 11. Enter the amount of compensation paid or reasonably expected to be paid by the reporting entity (item 4) to the lobbying entity (item 10). Indicate whether the payment has been made (actual) or will be made (planned). Check all boxes that apply. If this is a material change report, enter the cumulative amount of payment made or planned to be made.
- 12. Check the appropriate box(es). Check all boxes that apply. If payment is made through an in-kind contribution, specify the nature and value of the in-kind payment.
- 13. Check the appropriate box(es). Check all boxes that apply. If other, specify nature.
- 14. Provide a specific and detailed description of the services that the lobbyist has performed, or will be expected to perform, and the date(s) of any services rendered. Include all preparatory and related activity, not just time spent in actual contact with Federal officials. Identify the federal official(s) or employee(s) contacted or the officer(s), employee(s), or Member(s) or Congress that were contacted.
- 15. Check whether or not a SF-LLL-A Continuation Sheet(s) is attached.
- 16. The certifying official shall sign and date the form, print his/her name, title, and telephone number.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction (0348-0046), Washington, D.C. 20503.

DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES CONTINUATION SHEET

Approved by 0348-0046

Reporting Entity:	Page	

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

Date	
I,(Name of signatory party) (Tit	do haby state:
(Name of signatory party) (Tit (1) That I pay or supervise the payment of the persons emp	
•	(Contractor or subcontractor) payroll period commencing on the day of,
(Building or work)	
full weekly wages earned, that no rebates have been or will from the full we (Contractor or subcontractor)	all persons employed on said project have been paid the be made either directly or indirectly to or on behalf of said ekly wages earned by any person and that no deductions have
been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earne Regulations, Part 3 (29 CFR Subtitle A), issued by the Secretar Stat. 108, 72 Stat. 967; 76 Stat. 357; 40 U.S.C. 2769, and describ	ed by any person, other than permissible deductions as defined in y of Labor under the Copeland Act, as amended (48 Stat. 948.63 bed below:
the wage rates for laborers or mechanics contained therein are	I to be submitted for the above period are correct and complete; that e not less than the applicable wage rates contained in any wage tions set forth therein for each laborers or mechanic conform with
with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau of	duly registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered Apprenticeship and Training, United States Department of Labor, i with the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, United States
(4) That:	
Referenced payroll, payments of fringe bene	PROVED PLANS, FUNDS, OR PROGRAMS s paid to each laborer or mechanic listed in the above— fits as listed in the contract have been or will be made to employees, except as noted in Section 4(c) below.
	ereferenced payroll has been paid as indicated on the payroll, an ole basic hourly wage rate plus the amount of the required fringe
(c) EXCEPTIONS	
EXCEPTION (CRAFT)	EXPLANATION
Zite Zite Zite Zite Zite Zite Zite Zite	
	^
REMARK	
NAME AND TITLE	SIGNATURE
THE WILFUL FALSIFICATION OF ANY OF THE ABOVE STATEMENTS M CRIMINAL PROSECUTION. SEE SECTION 1001 OF TITLE 18 AND SECTI	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARATION OF STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

This statement of compliance meets needs resulting form the amendment of the Davis-Bacon Act to include fringe benefits provisions. Under this amended law, the contractor is required to pay fringe benefits as predetermined by the Department of Labor, in addition to payment of the minimum rates. The contractor's obligation to pay fringe benefits may be met by payment of the fringes to the various plans, funds, or programs or by making these payments to the employees as cash in lieu of fringes.

The contractor should show on the face of his payroll all monies paid to the employees whether as basic or as cash in lieu of fringes. The contractor shall represent in the statement of compliance that he is paying to others fringes required by the contract and not paid as cash in lieu of fringes. Detailed instructions follow:

Contractors who pay all required fringe benefits:

A contractor who pays fringe benefits to approved plans, funds, or programs in amounts not less than were determined in the applicable wage decision of the Secretary of Labor shall continue to show on the face of his payroll the basic cash hourly rate and overtime rate paid to his employees, just as he has always done. Such a contractor shall check paragraph 4(a) of the statement to indicate that he is also paying to approved plans, funds, or programs not less than the amount predetermined as fringe benefits for each craft. Any exception shall be noted in Section 4(c).

Contractors who pay no fringe benefits:

A contractor who pays no fringe benefits shall pay to the employee and insert in the straight time hourly rate column of his payroll an amount not less than the predetermined rate for each classification plus the amount of fringe benefits determined for each classification in the applicable wage decision. Inasmuch as it is not necessary to pay time and a half on cash paid in lieu of fringes, the overtime rate shall be not less than the sum of the basic predetermined rate, plus the half time premium on the basic or regular rate plus the required cash in lieu of fringes at the straight time rate. To simplify computation of overtime, it is suggested that the straight time basic rate and cash in lieu of fringes be separately stated in the hourly rate column, thus \$3.25/.40. In addition, the contractor shall check paragraph 4(b) of the statement to indicate that he is paying fringe benefits in cash directly to his employees. Any exceptions shall be noted in Section 4(c).

Use of Section 4(c), Exceptions

Any contractor who is making payment to approved plans, funds, or programs in amounts less than the wage determination requires is obliged to pay the deficiency directly to the employees as cash in lieu of fringes. Any exceptions to Section 4(a) or 4(b), whichever the contractor may check, shall be entered in Section 4(c). Enter in the Exception column the craft, and enter in the Explanation column the hourly amount paid the employees as cash in lieu of fringes, and the hourly amount paid to plans, funds, or programs as fringes.

CHAPTER 104, HRS COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

The undersigned bidder does hereby certify to the following:

- 1. Individuals engaged in the performance of the contract on the job site shall be paid:
 - A. Not less than the wages that the director of labor and industrial relations shall have determined to be prevailing for corresponding classes of laborers and mechanics employed on public works projects; and
 - B. Overtime compensation at one and one-half times the basic hourly rate plus fringe benefits for hours worked on Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday of the State or in excess of eight hours on any other day.
- 2. All applicable laws of the federal and state governments relating to workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, payment of wages, and safety shall be fully complied with.

complied with.		
DATED at Honolulu, Hawaii, this	day of	, 20
		CONTRACTOR
	Name of Corporation, Partners	ship, or Individua
	Signature a	and Title of Signe
Notary Seal NOTARY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	Notary Seal NOTARY CERTIFICATION	Ī
Subscribed and sworn before me thisday of	Doc. Date:Notary Name:	#Pages:
Notary signature	Doc. Description:	
Notary public, State of		
My Commission Expires:	Notary signature	
	Date	